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Faculty of Informatics

Techniques for Composing REST services

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Abstract

- Novel trends in Web services technology challenge the assumptions made by current standards for process-based service composition. For example, most existing RESTful Web service APIs (which do not rely on the Web Service Description Language), cannot natively be composed using the WS-BPEL language.
- In this talk we introduce the problem of composing RESTful services and compare it to Web 2.0 service mashups. We cover several real-world examples demonstrating how existing composition languages can be evolved to cope with REST. We conclude by showing that the uniform interface and hyper-linking capabilities of RESTful services provides an excellent abstraction for exposing in a controlled way the state of business process as a resource.

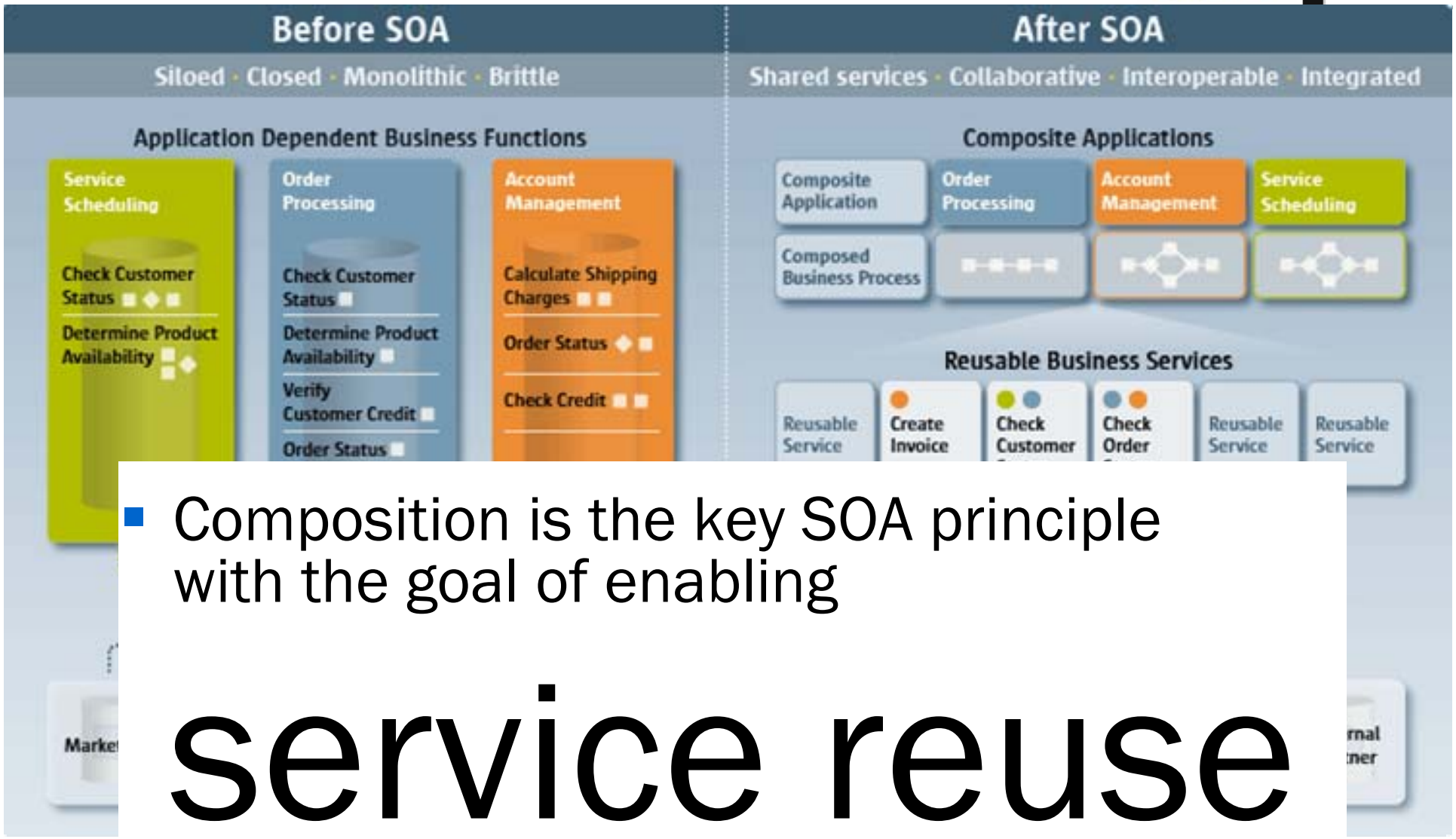
About Cesare Pautasso

- Assistant Professor at the Faculty of Informatics, University of Lugano, Switzerland (since Sept 2007)

  Research Projects:
  - SOSOA – Self-Organizing Service Oriented Architectures
  - CLAVOS – Continuous Lifelong Analysis and Verification of Open Services
  - BPEL for REST
- Researcher at IBM Zurich Research Lab (2007)
- Post-Doc at ETH Zürich
  - Software:
    JOpera: Process Support for more than Web services
    http://www.jopera.org/
- Ph.D. at ETH Zürich, Switzerland (2004)

- Representations:
  http://www.pautasso.info/ (Web)
  http://twitter.com/pautasso/ (Twitter Feed)

Why Composition?



- Composition is the key SOA principle with the goal of enabling

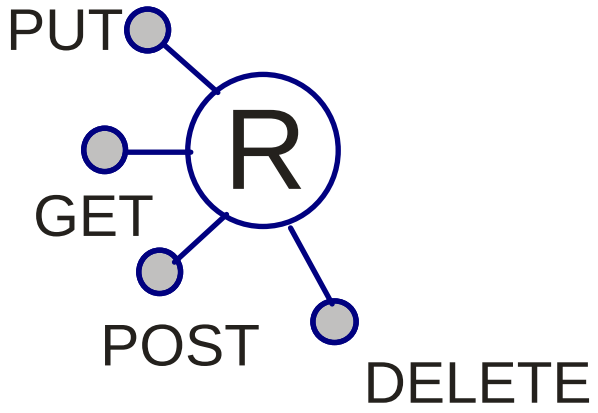
service reuse

REST and Reuse

- Uniform Interface (Reuse Contract)
- Status Codes (Reuse Metadata)
- Representations (Reuse Media Types)
- Middleware (Reuse caching, security, load balancing, proxies components)

REST in one slide

- Web Services expose their data and functionality trough **resources** identified by **URI**
- **Uniform Interface** Principle: Clients interact with resources through a fix set of verbs.
  Example HTTP:
  GET (read), POST (create), PUT (update), DELETE



- **Multiple representations** for the same resource
- **Hyperlinks** model resource relationships and valid state transitions for dynamic protocol description and discovery

REST and Reuse

- Uniform Interface (Reuse Contract)
- Status Codes (Reuse Metadata)
- Representations (Reuse Media Types)
- Middleware (Reuse caching, security, load balancing, proxies components)

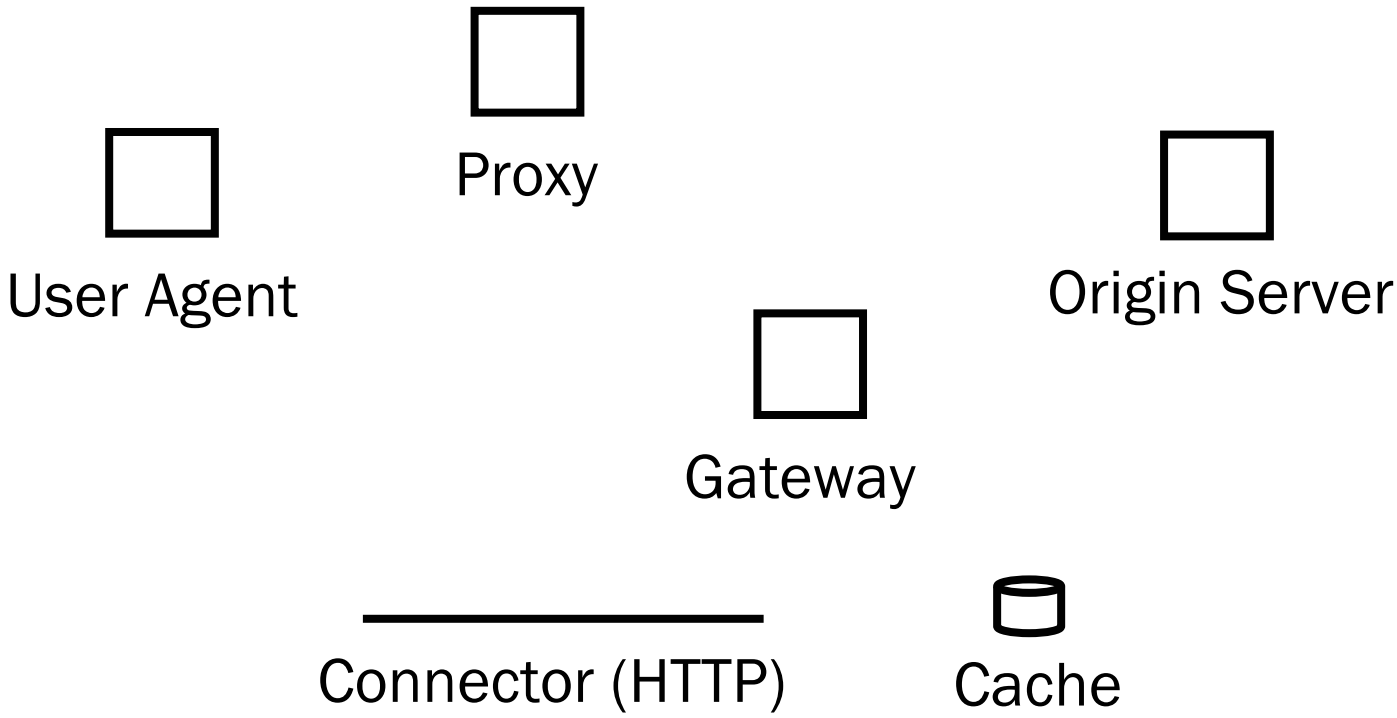
- Yes, but what about reusing entire RESTful services?

RESTful Composition Techniques

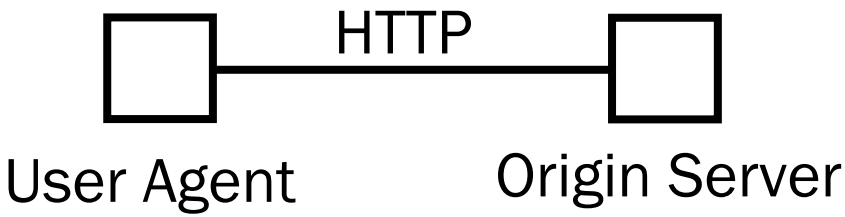
1. Defining RESTful service composition
2. Example: DoodleMap
3. What about mashups?
4. BPM and REST

REST Architectural Elements

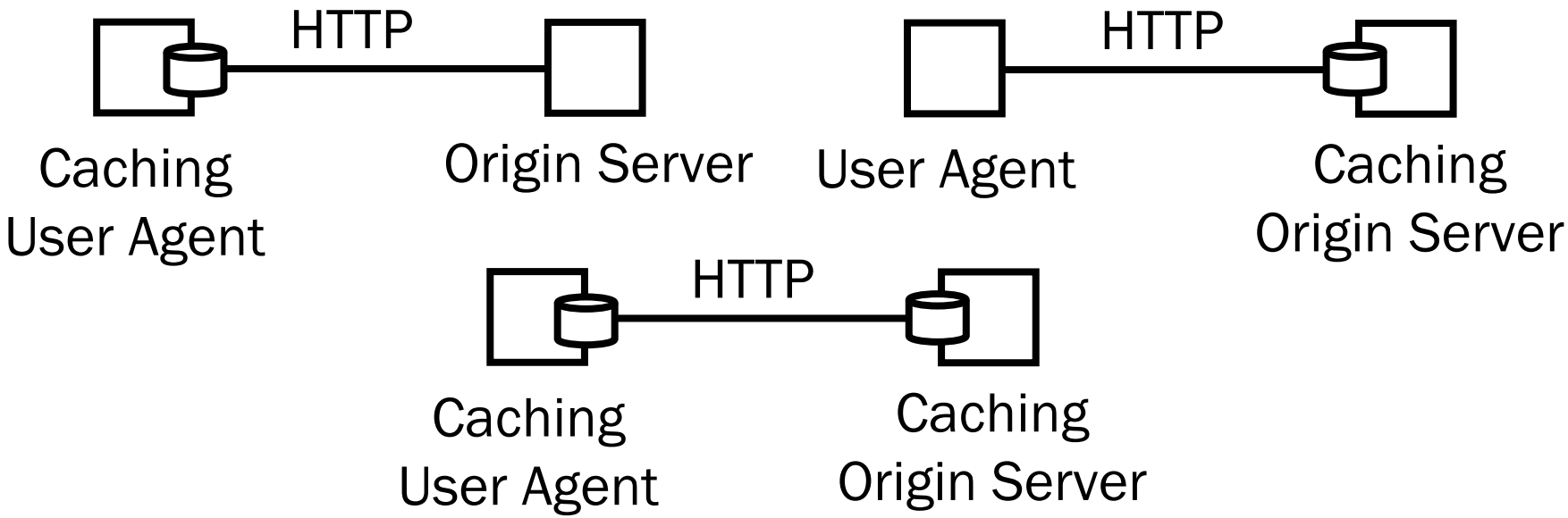
Client/Server Layered Stateless Communication Cache



Basic Setup

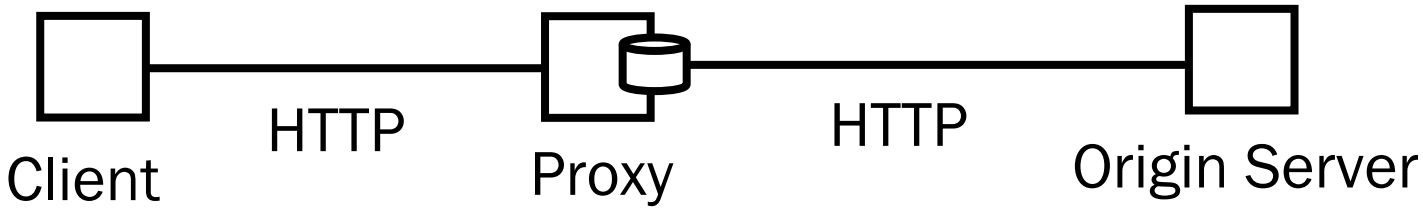


Adding Caching

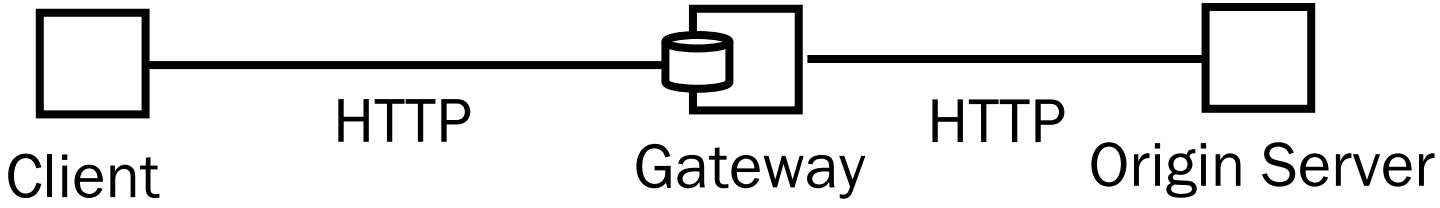


Proxy or Gateway?

Intermediaries forward (and may translate) requests and responses

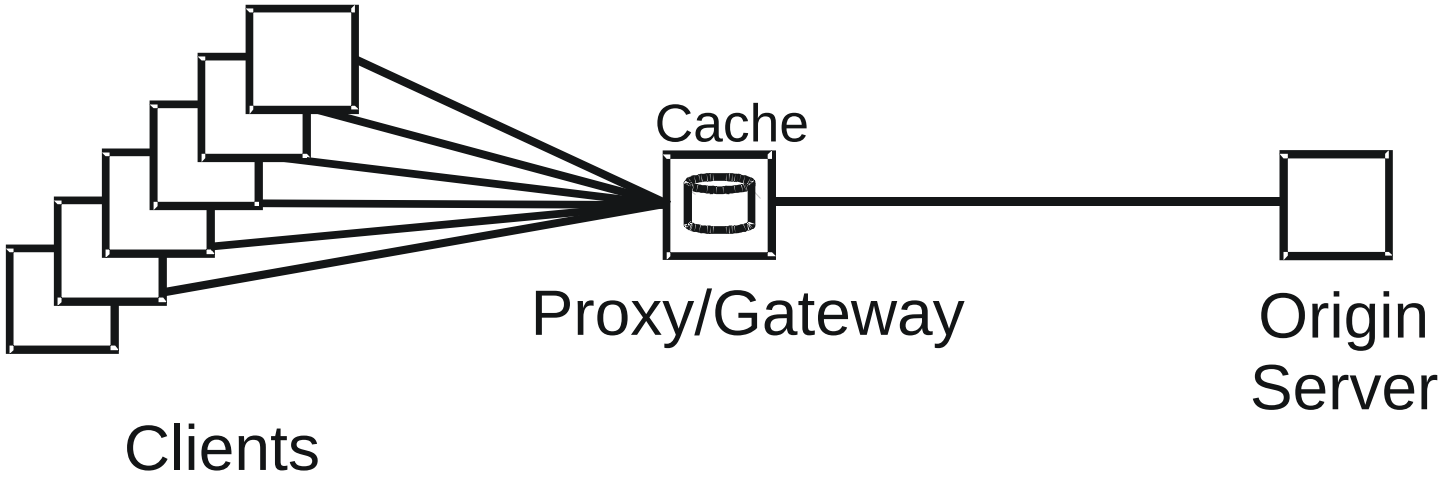


A proxy is chosen by the Client (for caching, or access control)



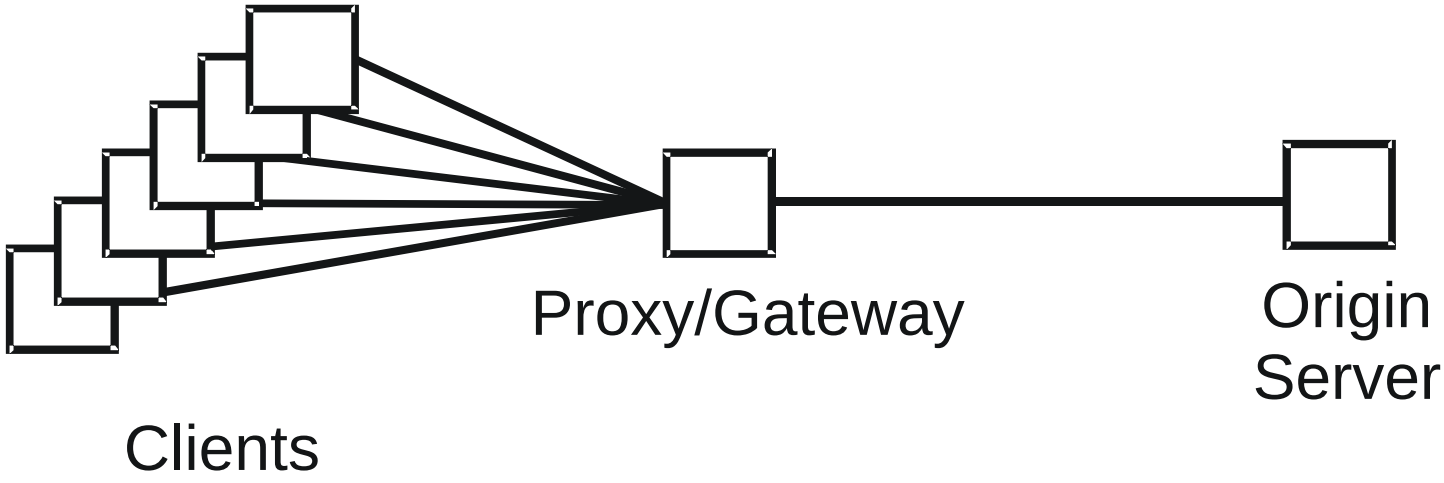
The use of a gateway (or reverse proxy) is imposed by the server

REST Middleware for Scalability



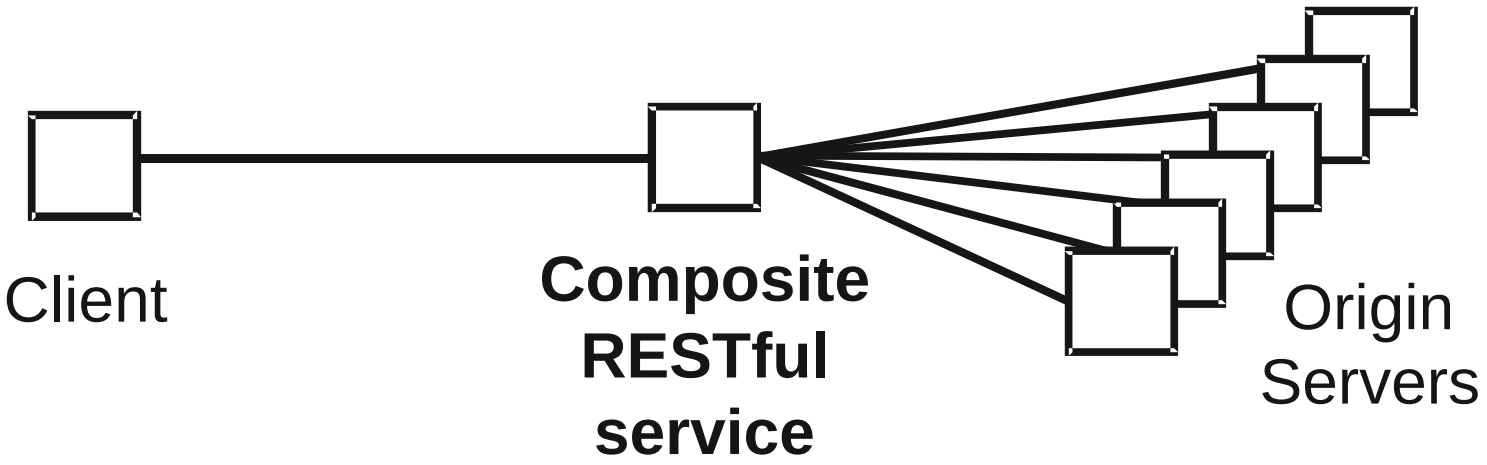
- One example of REST middleware is to help with the scalability of a server, which may need to service a very large number of clients

REST Middleware for Composition



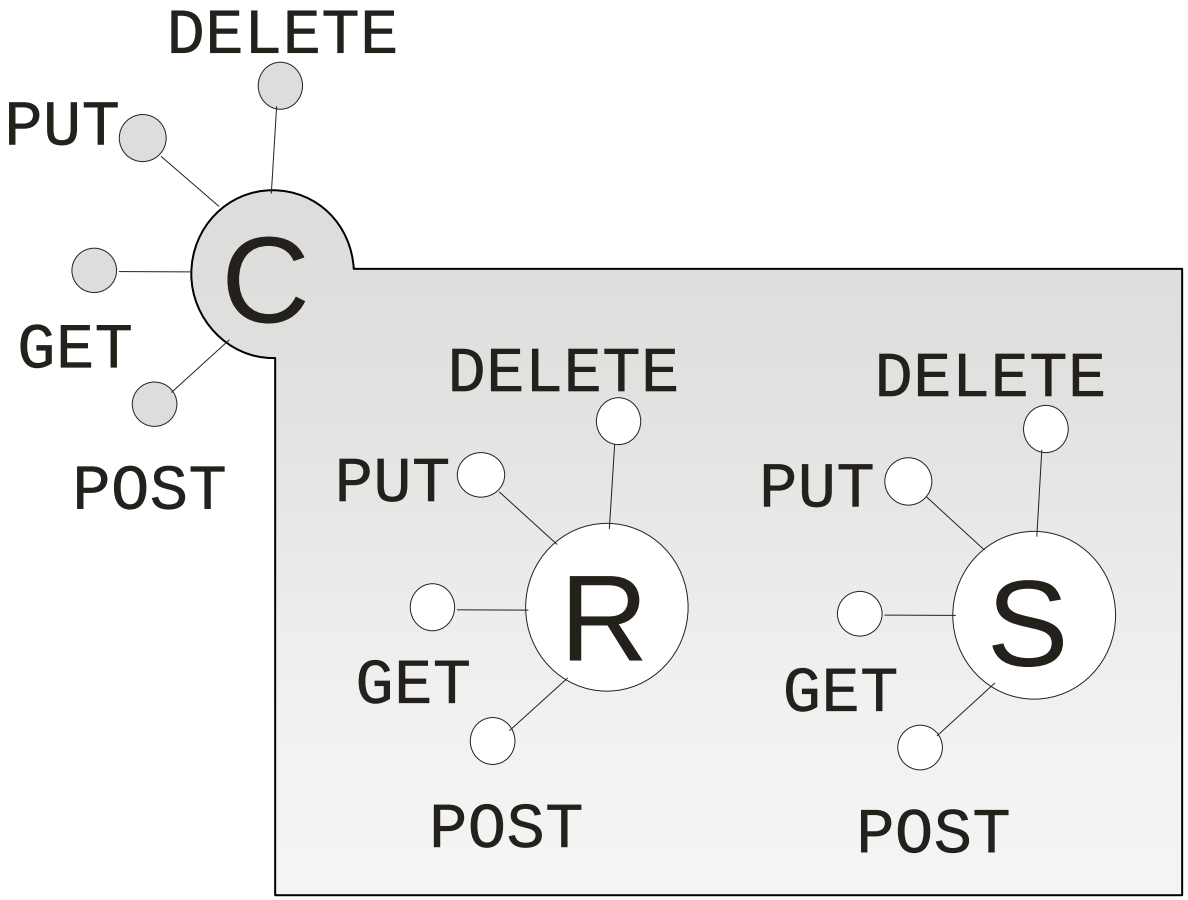
- Composition shifts the attention to the client which should consume and aggregate from many servers

REST Middleware for Composition



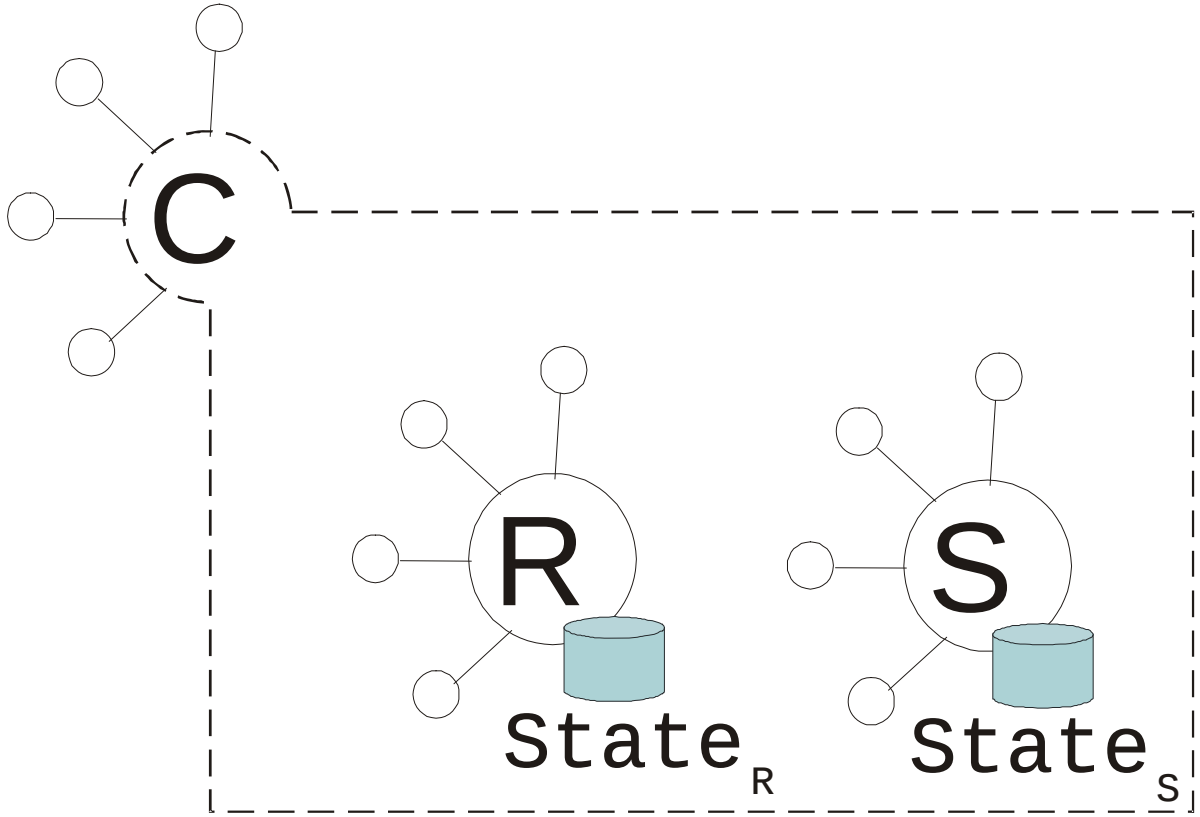
- The “proxy” intermediate element which aggregates the resources provided by multiple servers plays the role of the composition controller of a composite RESTful service

Composite Resources



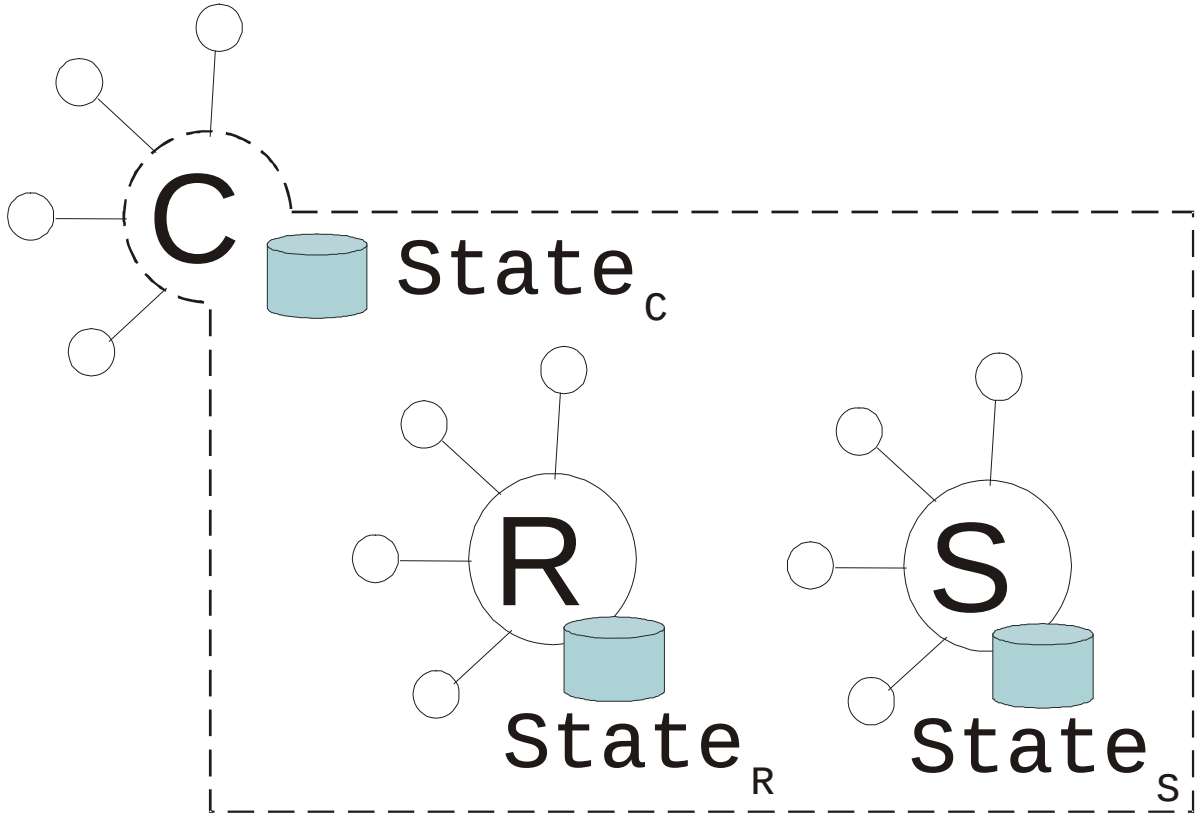
Composite Resources

- The composite resource only aggregates the state of its component resources



Composite Resources

- The composite resource augments (or caches) the state of its component resources



Enter HATEOAS

- Web Services expose their data and functionality trough **resources** identified by **URI**
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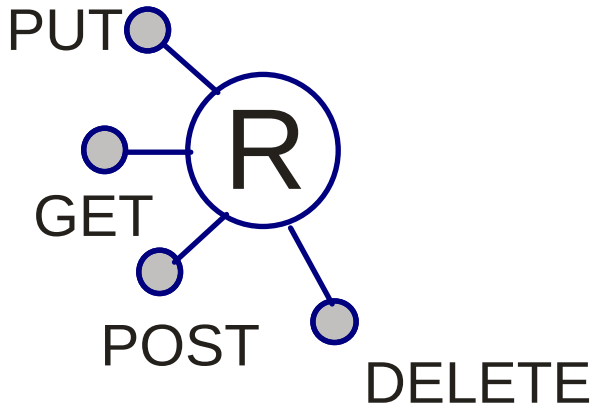
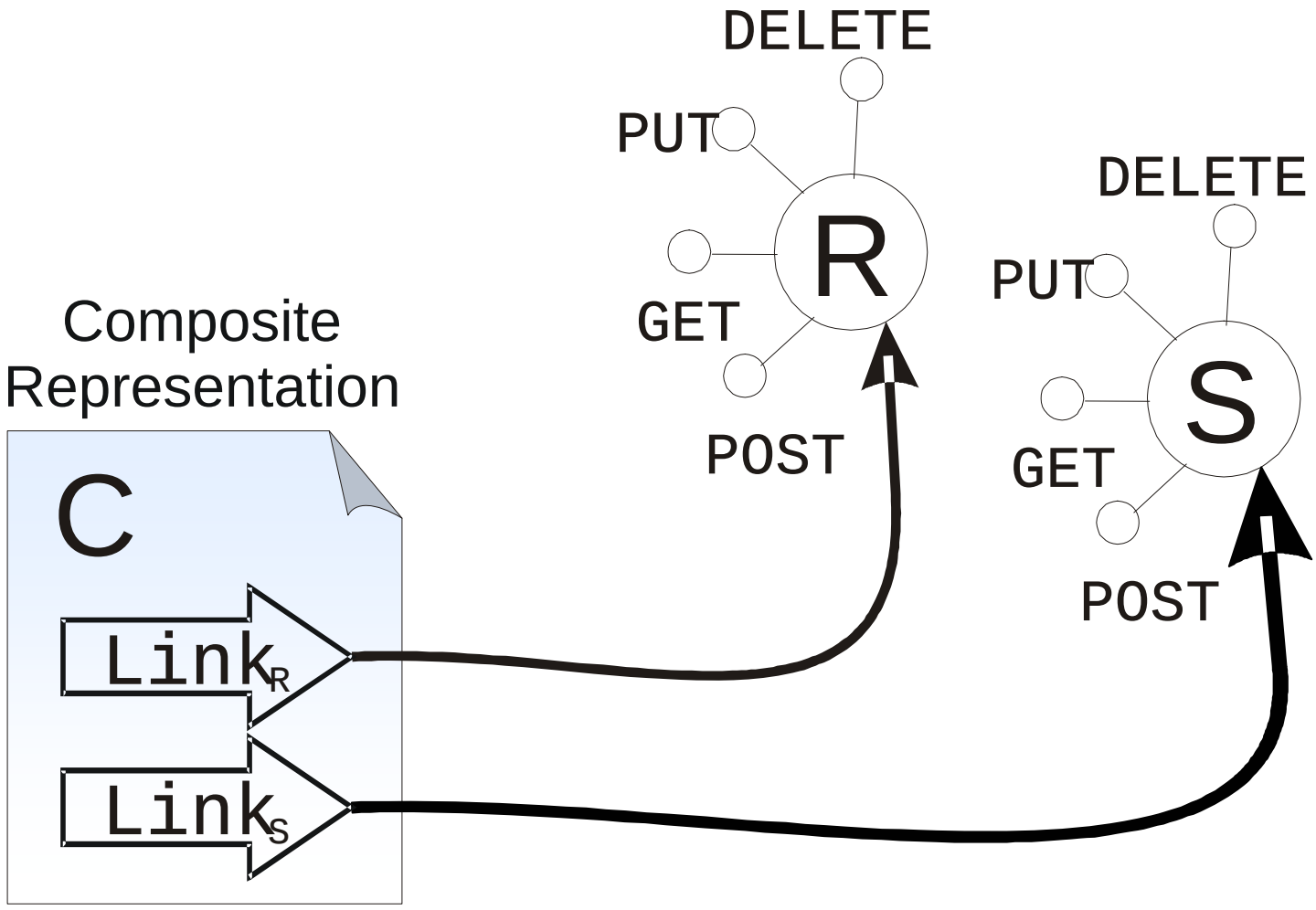
  Example HTTP:
  GET (read), POST (create), PUT (update), DELETE

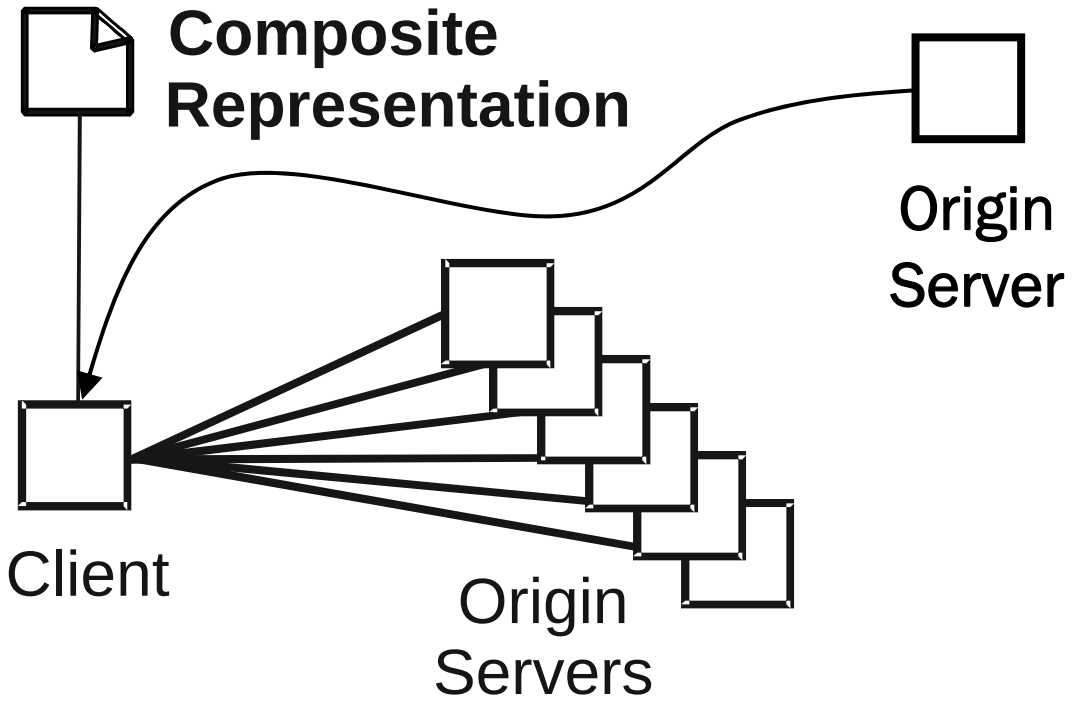


- **Multiple representations** for the same resource
- **Hyperlinks** model resource relationships and valid state transitions for dynamic protocol description and discovery

Composite Representations

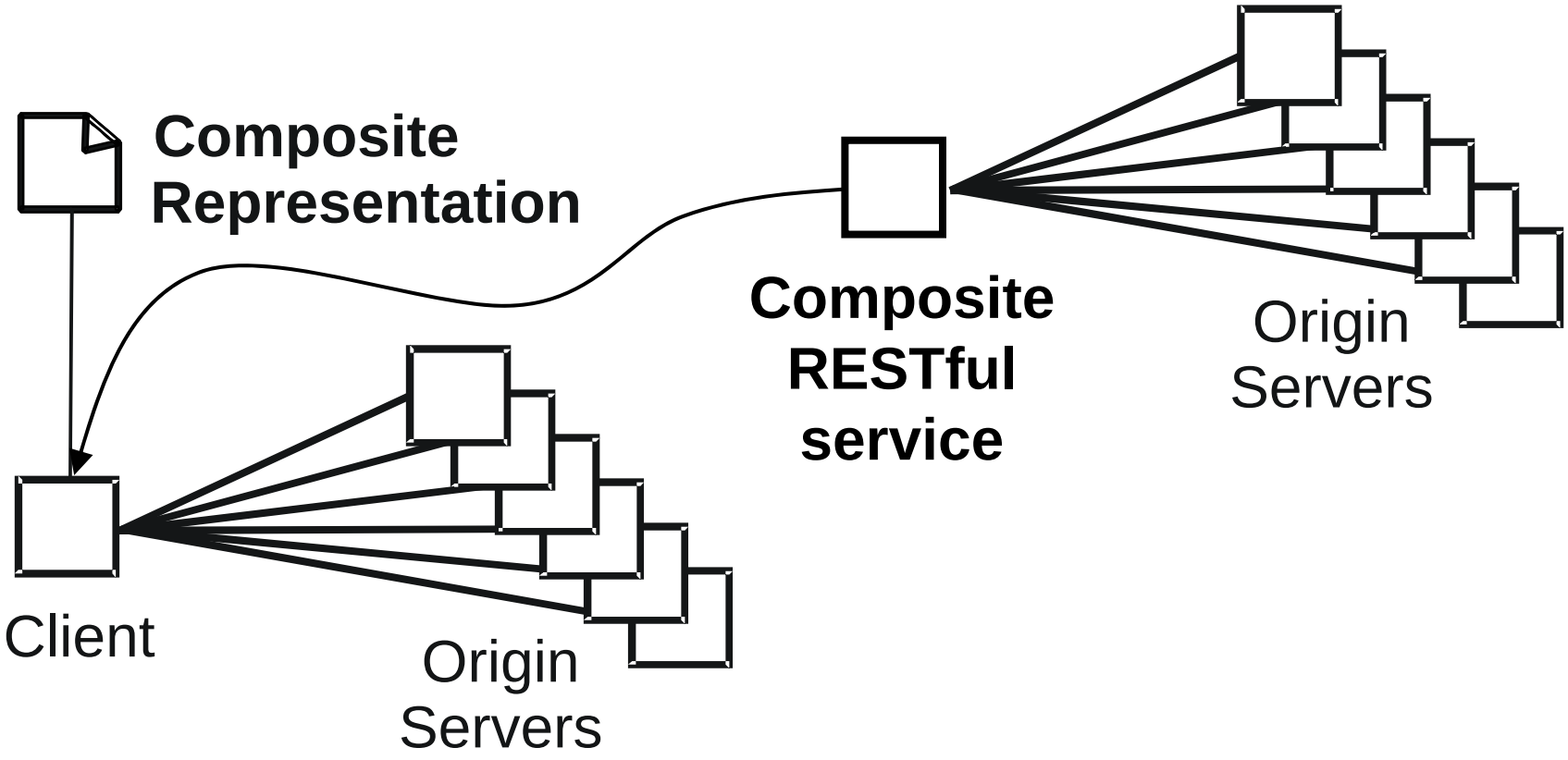


Composite Representation Pattern



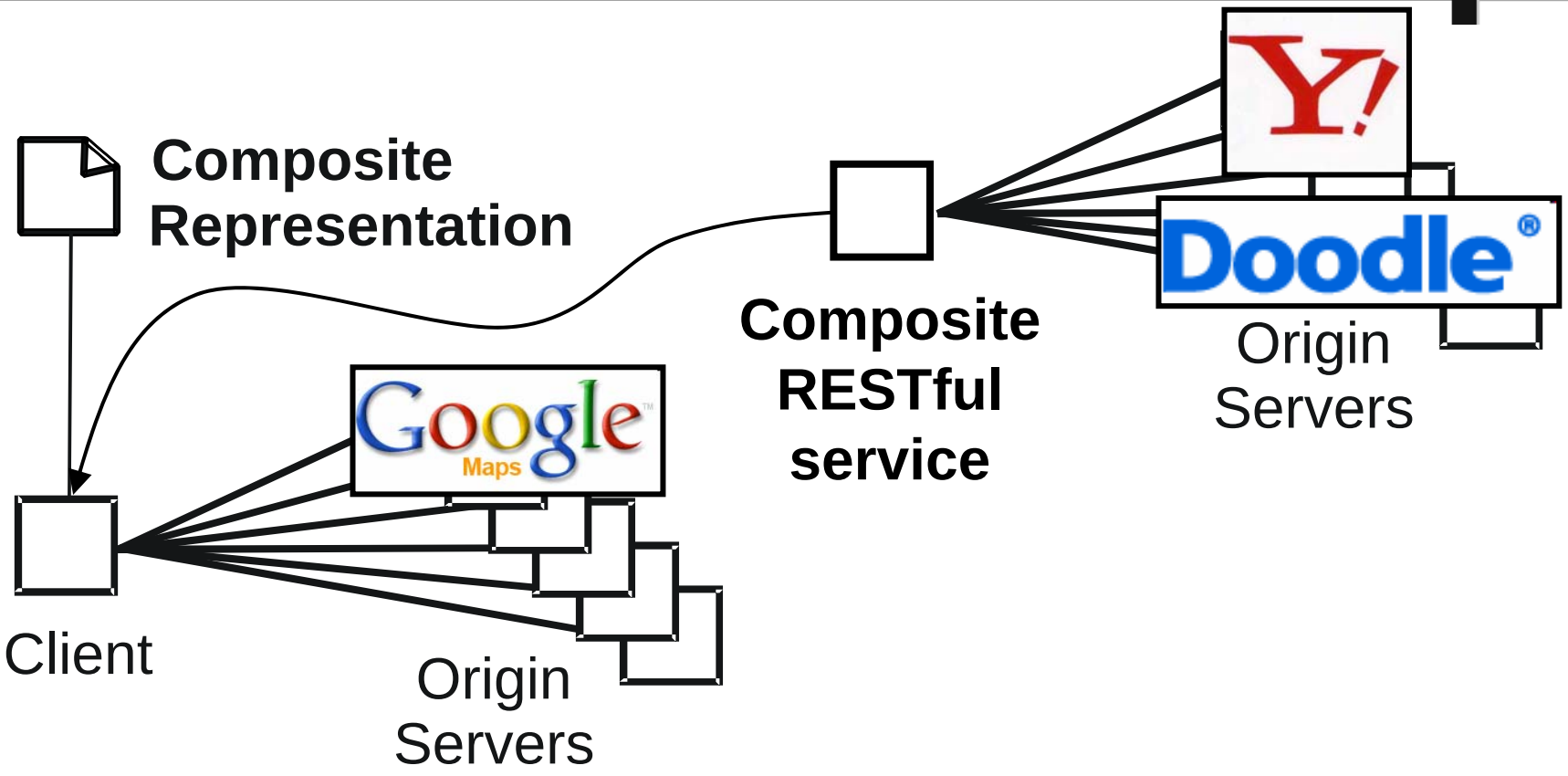
- A composite representation is interpreted by the client that follows its hyperlinks and aggregates the state of the referenced component resources

Bringing it all together



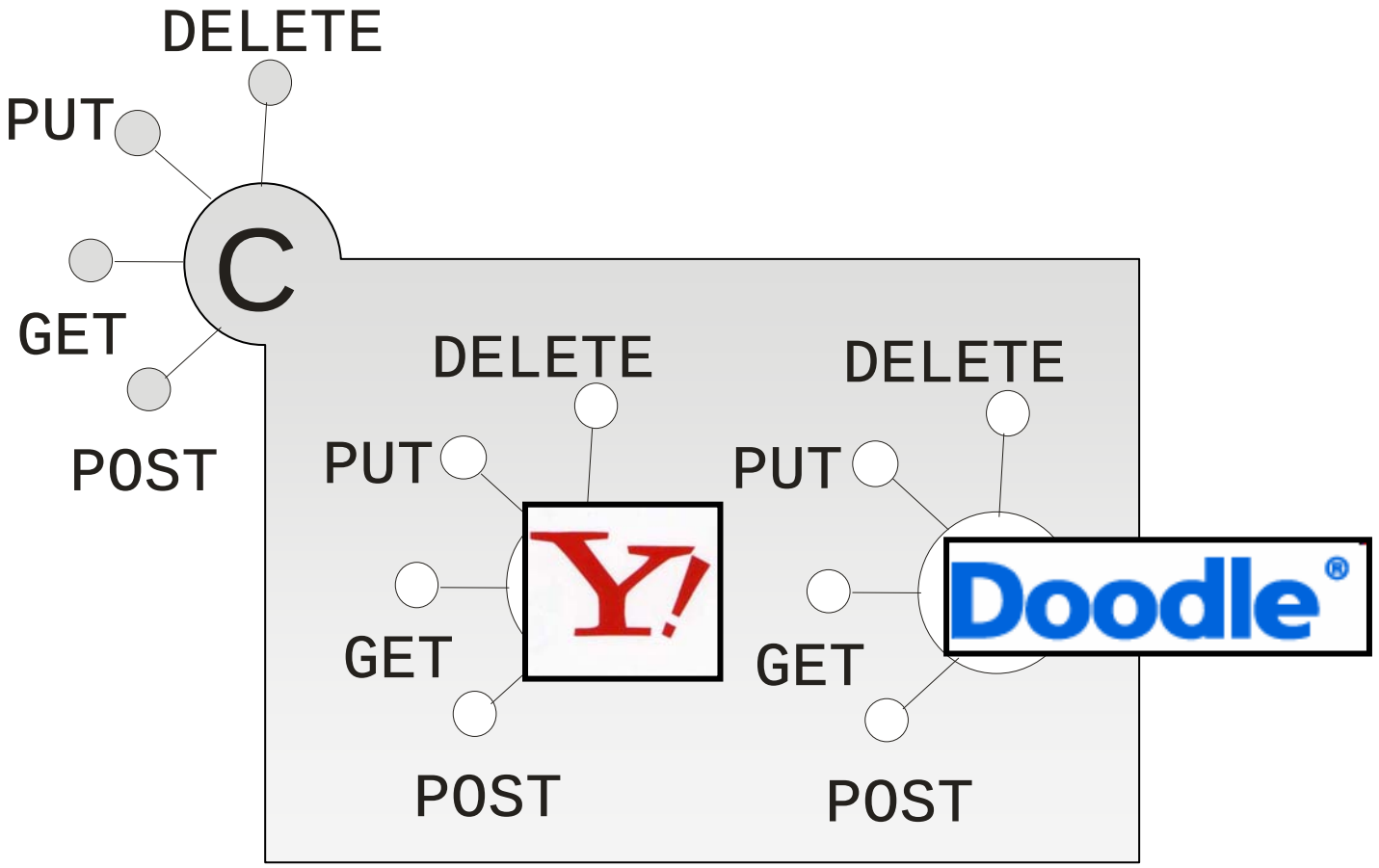
- A composite representation can be produced by a composite service too

Doodle Map Example

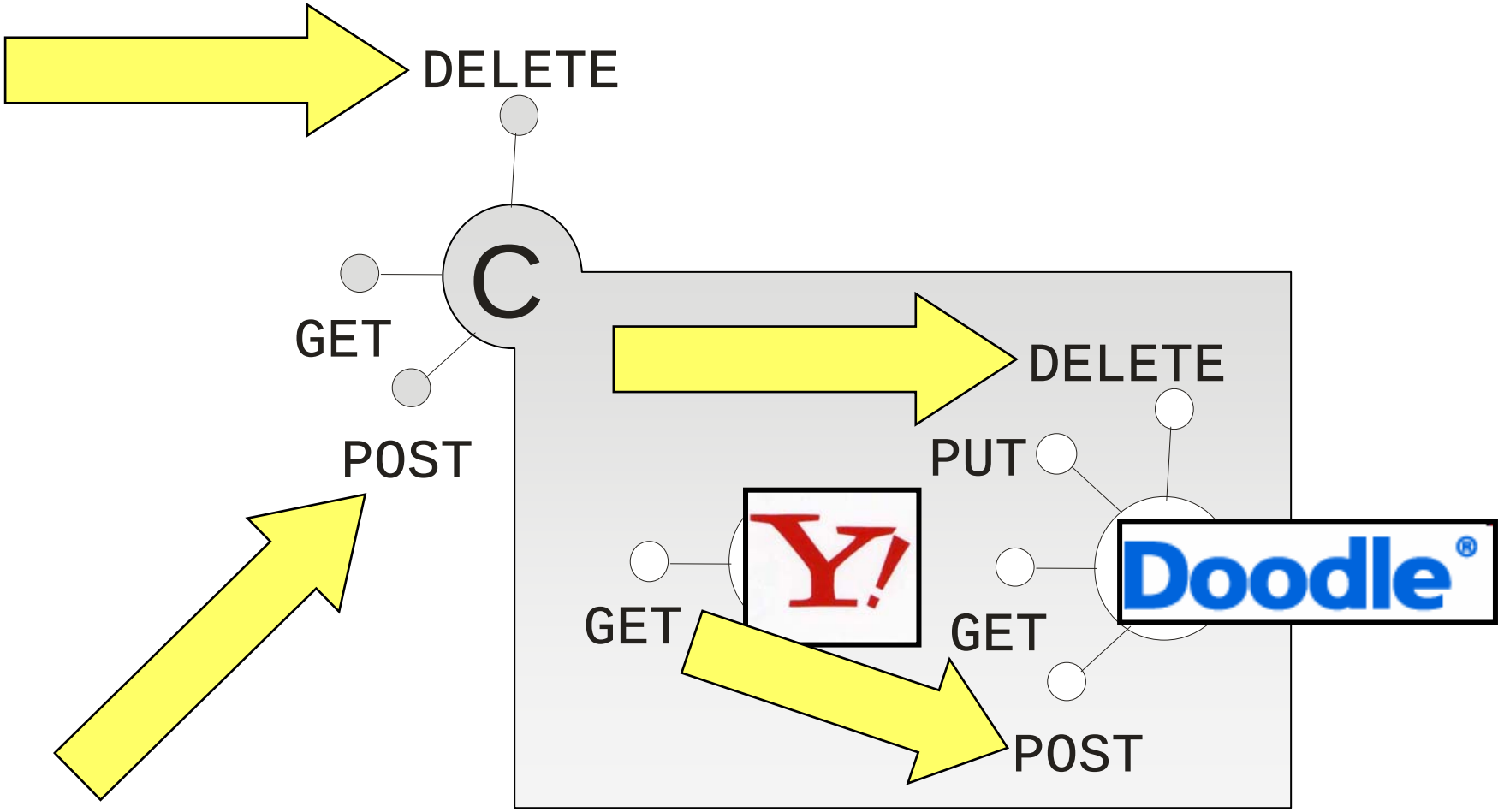


- Vote on a meeting place based on its geographic location

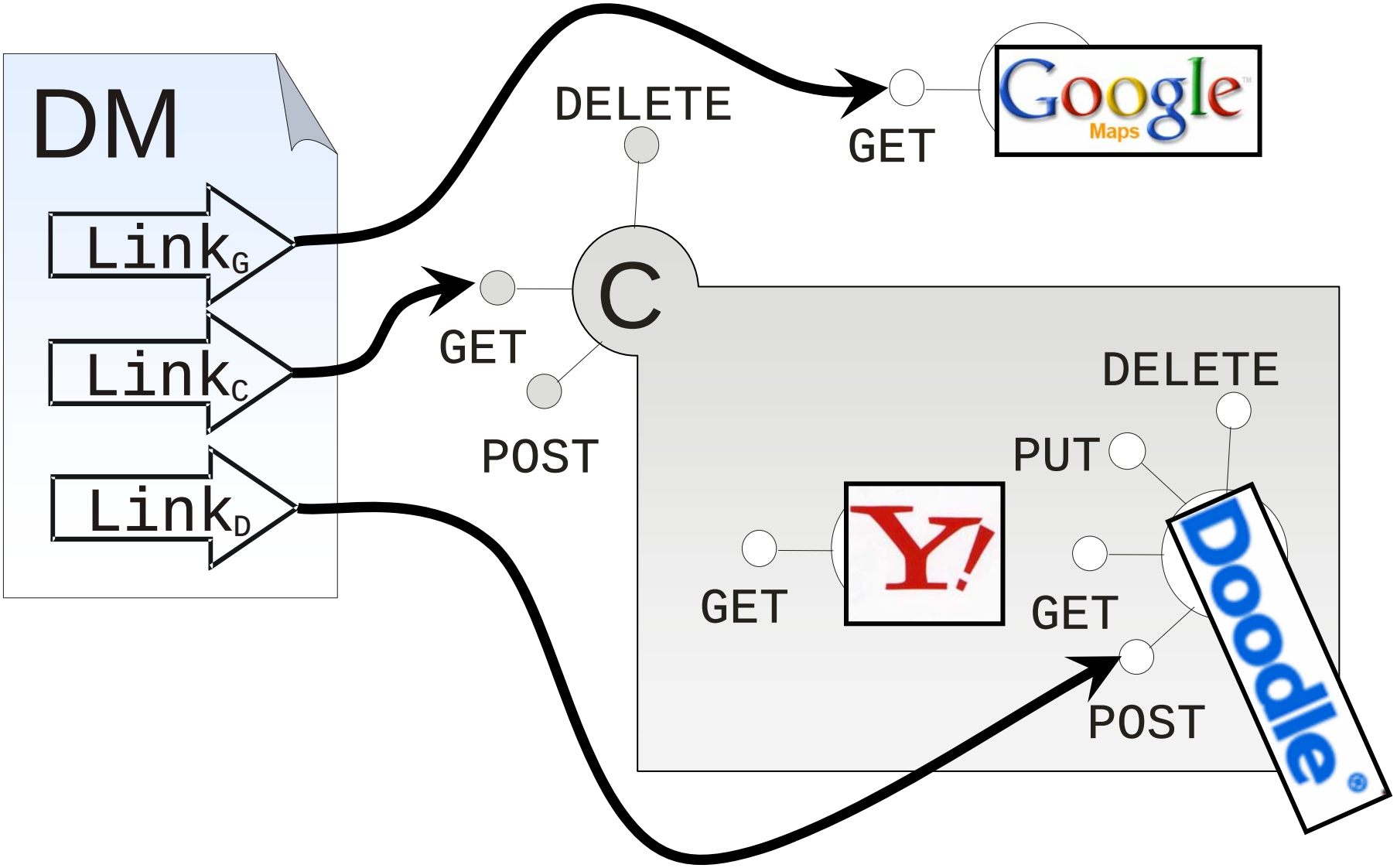
1. Composite Resource

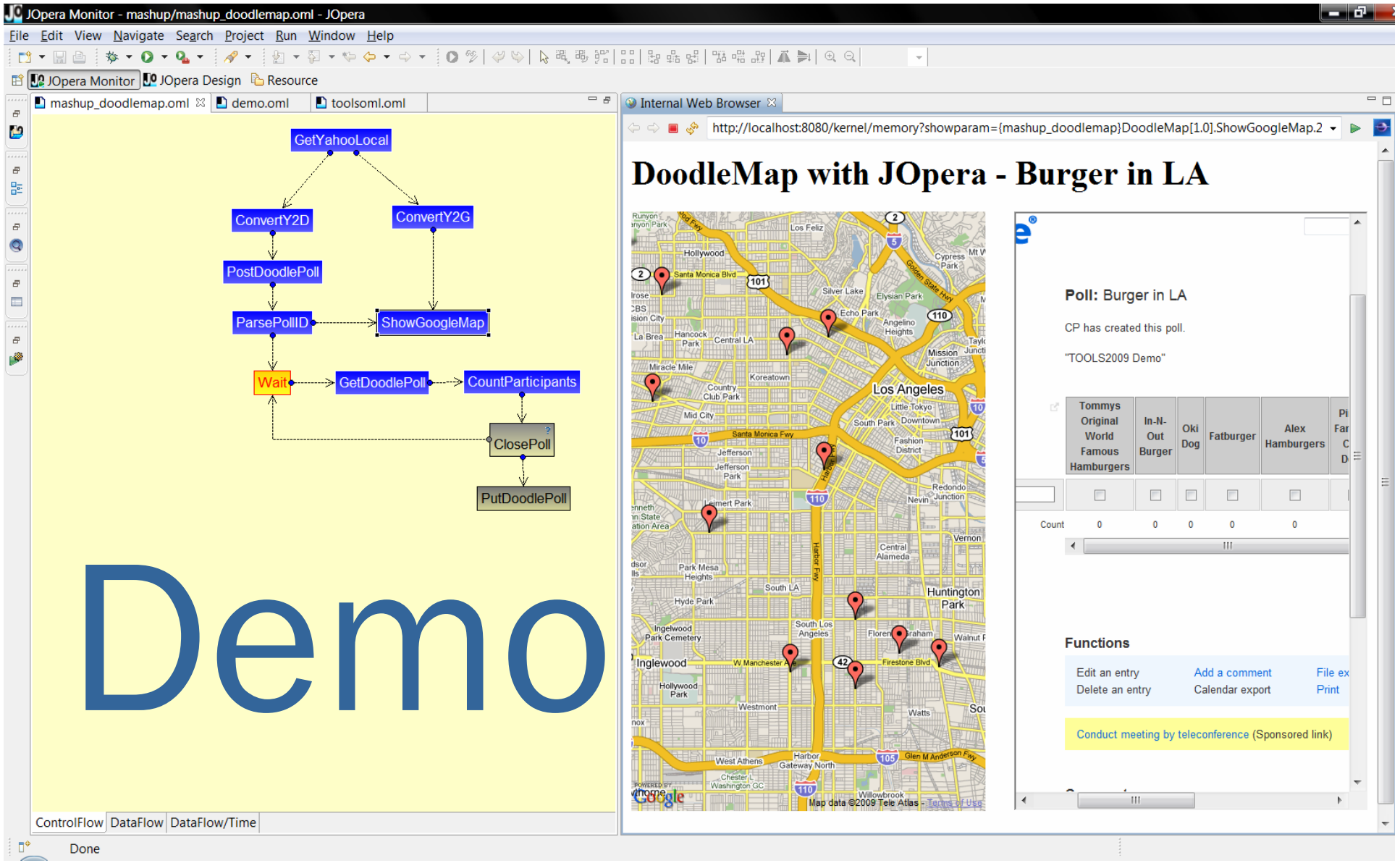


1. Composite Resource

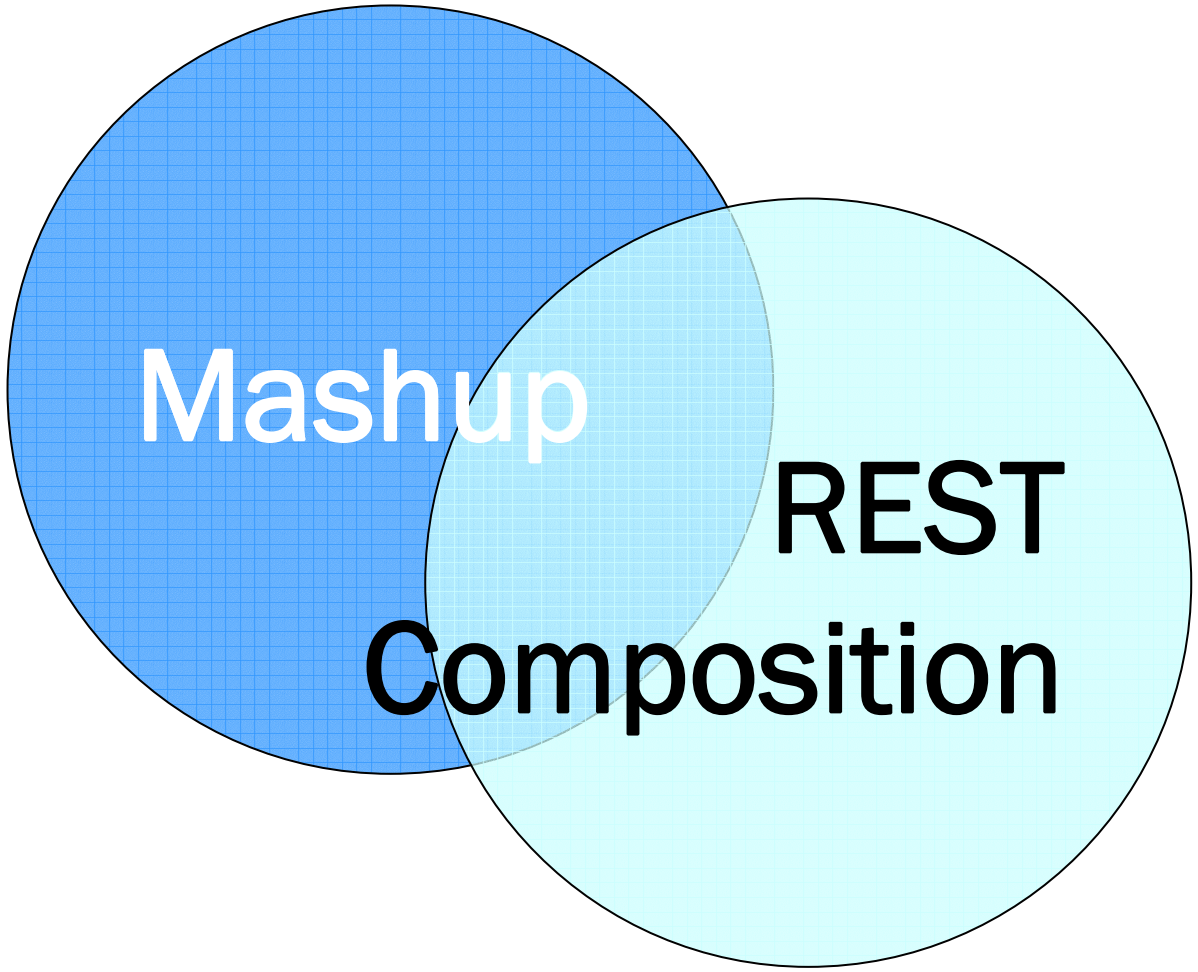


2. Composite Representation




JOpera Monitor - mashup/mashup_doodlemap.oml - JOpera
File Edit View Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
JOpera Monitor
JOpera Design
Resource
mashup_doodlemap.oml
demo.oml
toolsoml.oml
GetYahooLocal
ConvertY2D
ConvertY2G
PostDoodlePoll
ParsePollID
ShowGoogleMap
Wait
GetDoodlePoll
CountParticipants
ClosePoll
PutDoodlePoll
Demo
ControlFlow
DataFlow
DataFlow/Time
Done
Internal Web Browser
http://localhost:8080/kernel/memory?showparam={mashup_doodlemap}DoodleMap[1.0].ShowGoogleMap.2
DoodleMap with JOpera - Burger in LA
Map data ©2009 Tele Atlas - Terms of Use
Poll: Burger in LA
CP has created this poll.
"TOOLS2009 Demo"
Tommys Original World Famous Hamburgers
In-N-Out Burger
Oki Dog
Fatburger
Alex Hamburgers
Count
Functions
Edit an entry
Delete an entry
Add a comment
Calendar export
Print
Conduct meeting by teleconference (Sponsored link)

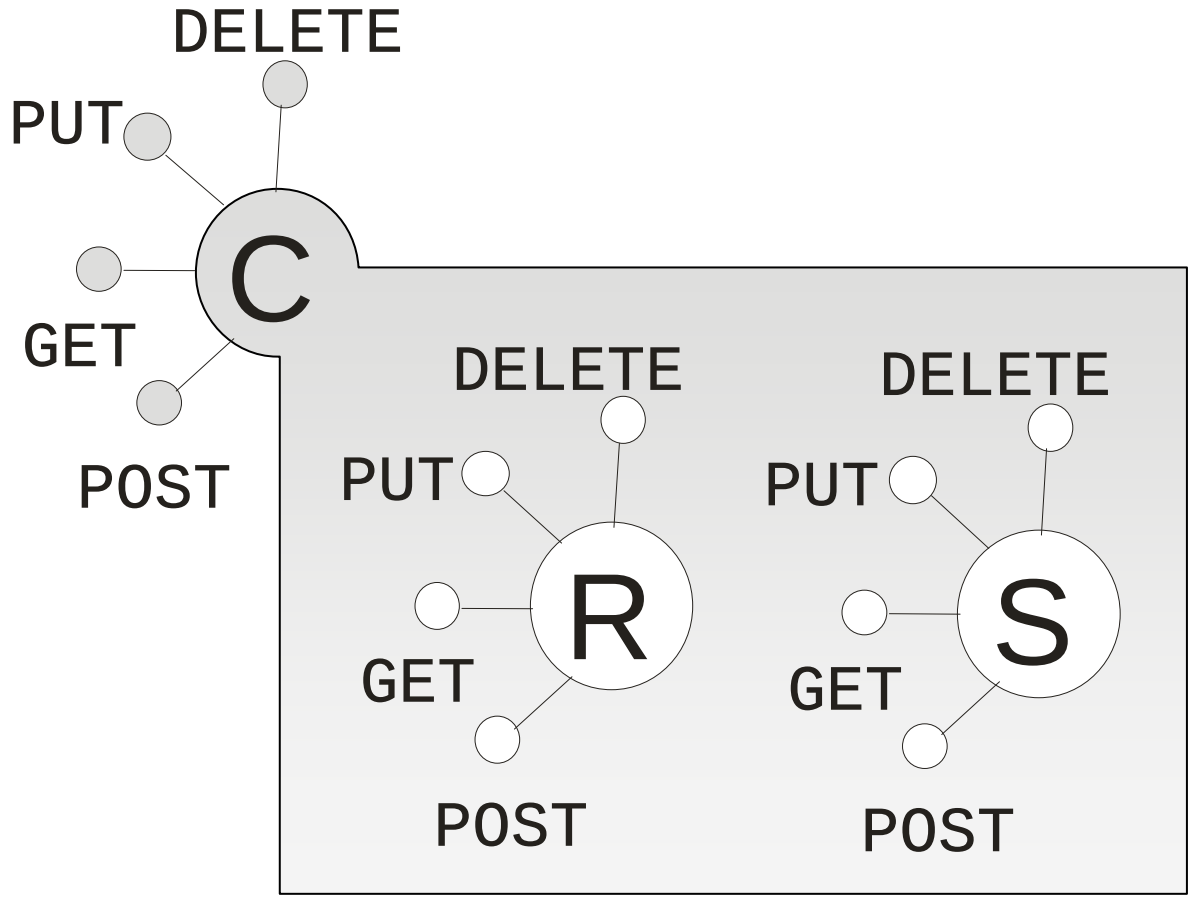
Was it just a Mashup?



(It depends on the definition of Mashup)

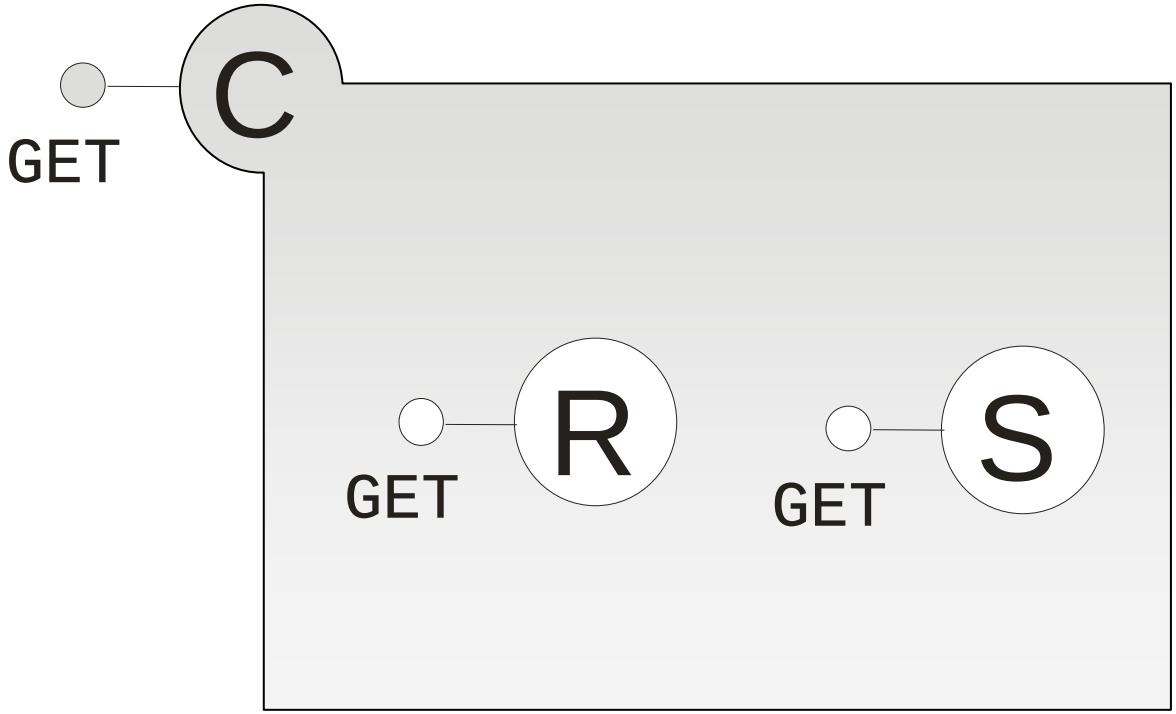
Moving state around

- Read-only vs. Read/Write



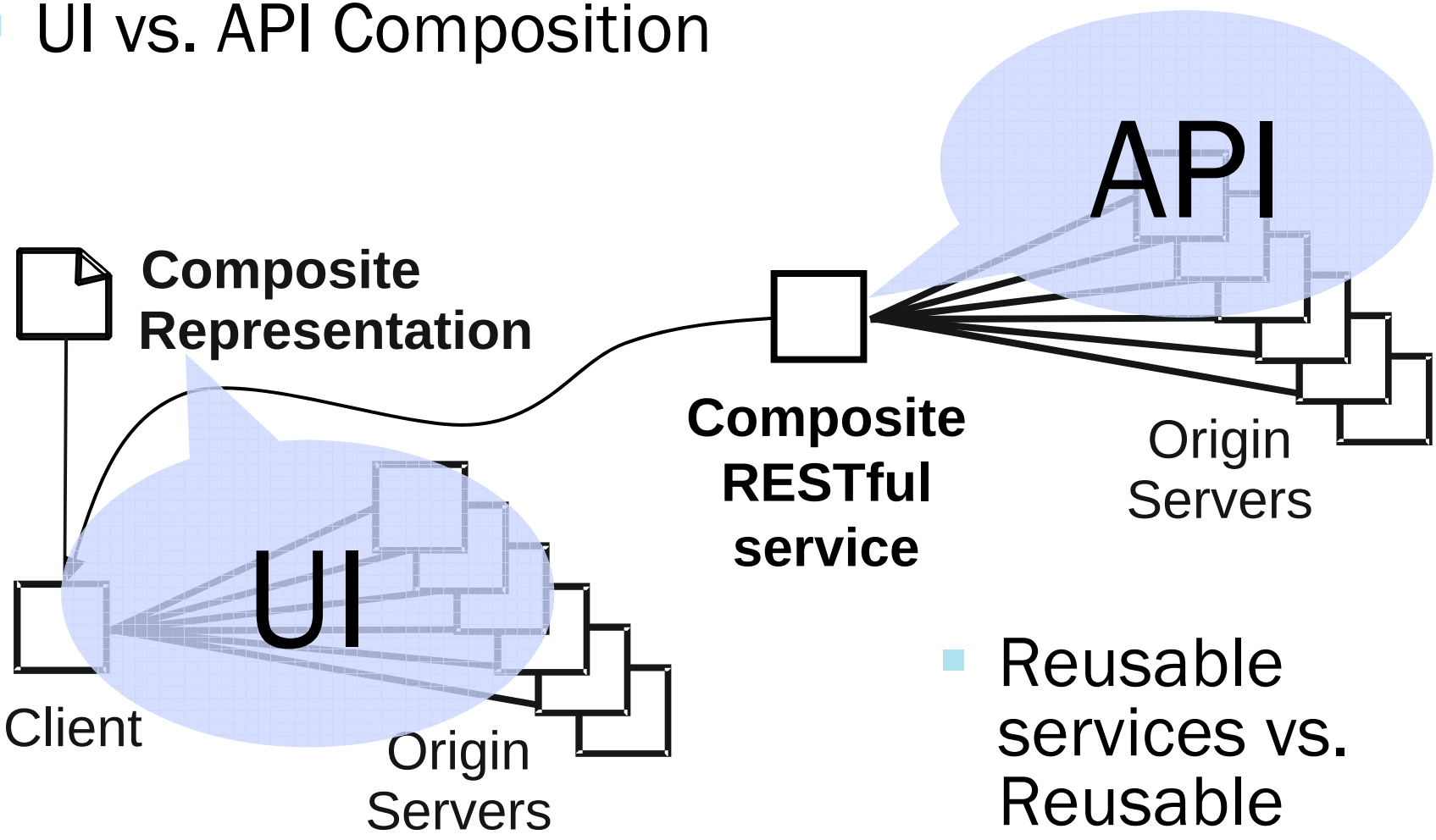
Simply aggregating data (feeds)

- Read-only vs. Read/write



Is your composition reusable?

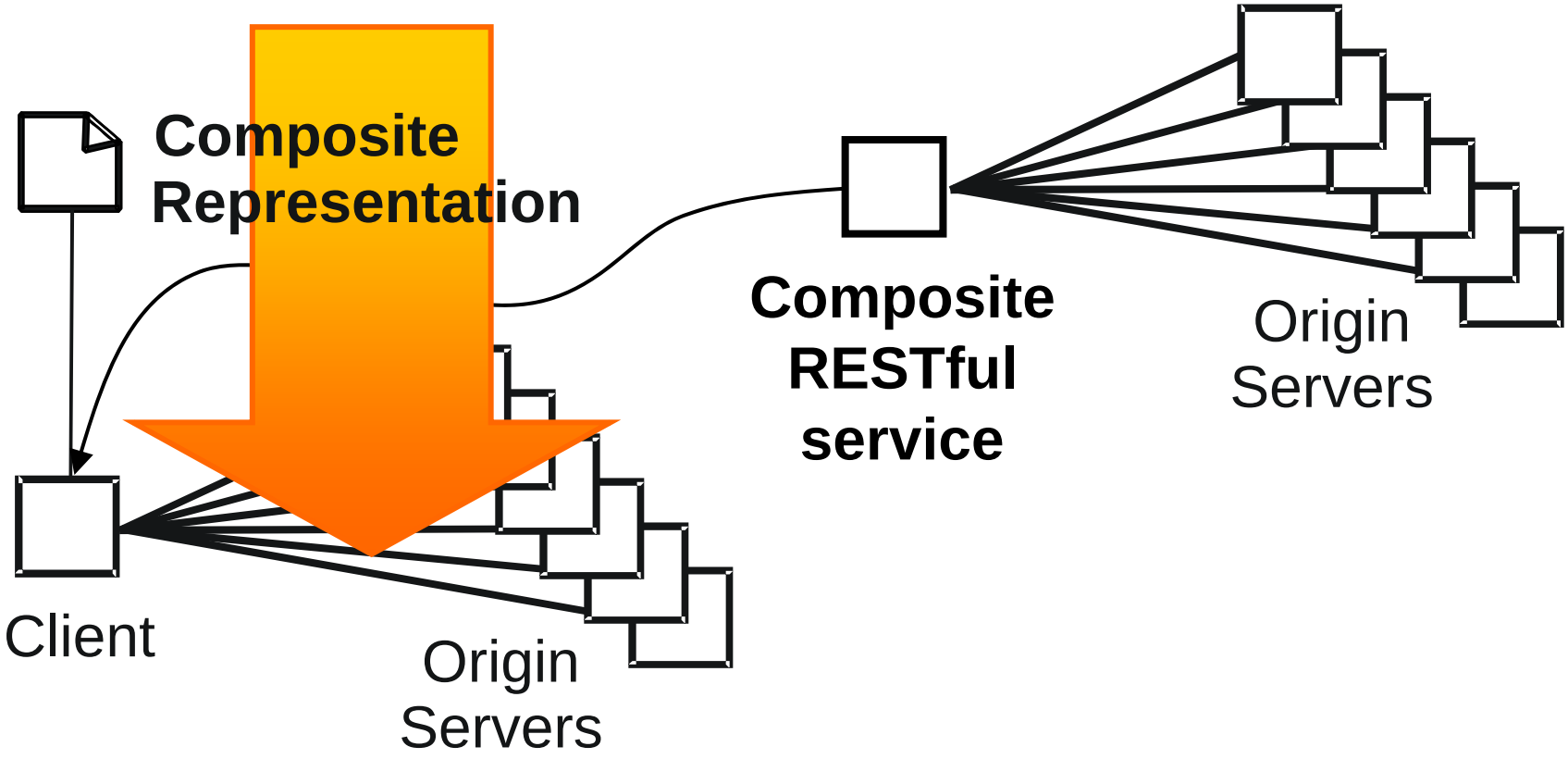
- UI vs. API Composition



- Reusable services vs. Reusable Widgets

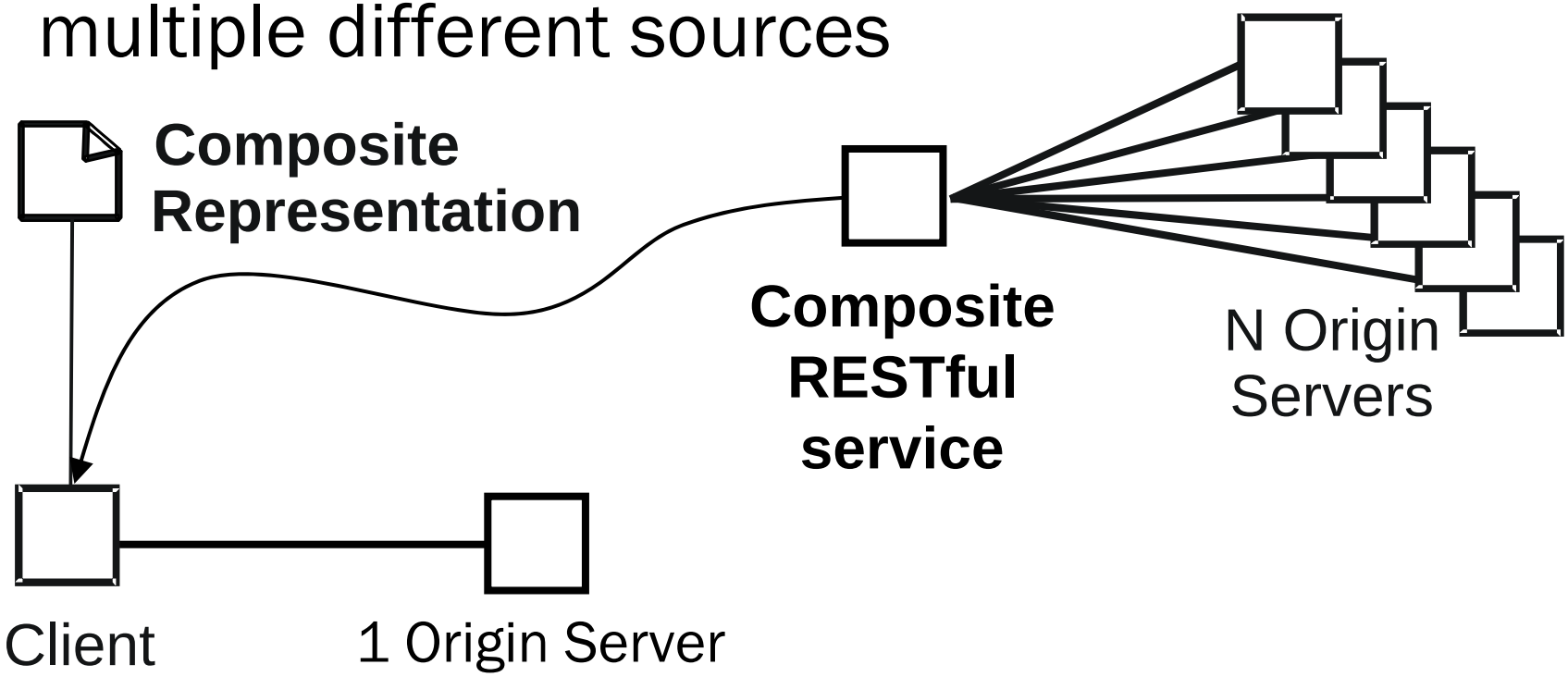
Single-Origin Sandbox

- Can you always do this from a web browser?

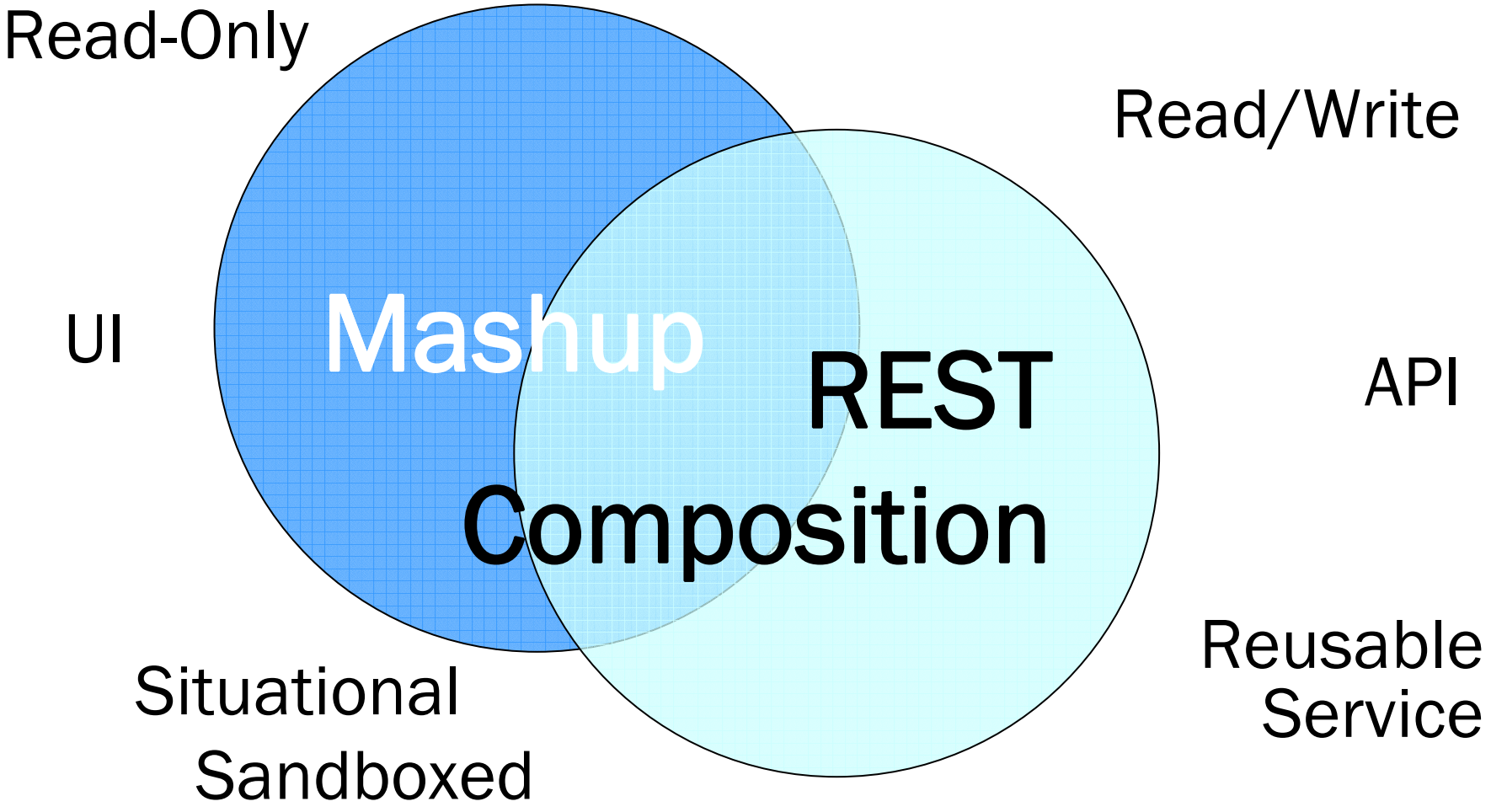


Single-Origin Sandbox

- Security Policies on the client may not always allow it to aggregate data from multiple different sources



Complementary



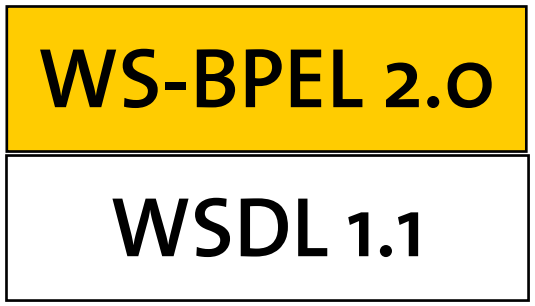
RESTful Composition Techniques

1. Defining RESTful service composition
2. Example: DoodleMap
3. What about mashups?
4. BPM and REST

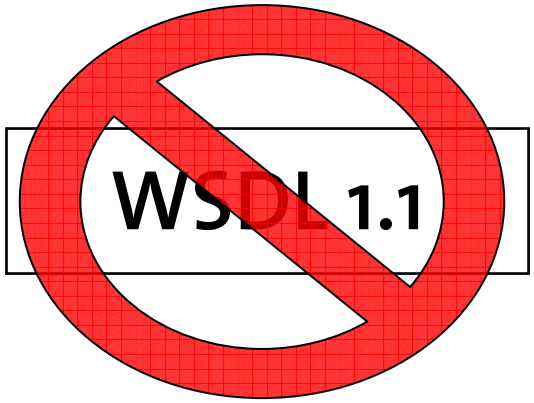
Web Service Composition Today

> “The WS-BPEL process model is layered on top of the service model defined by WSDL 1.1. […]
> Both the process and its partners are exposed as WSDL services”

[BPEL 2.0 Standard, Section 3]



RESTful Web Services APIs...

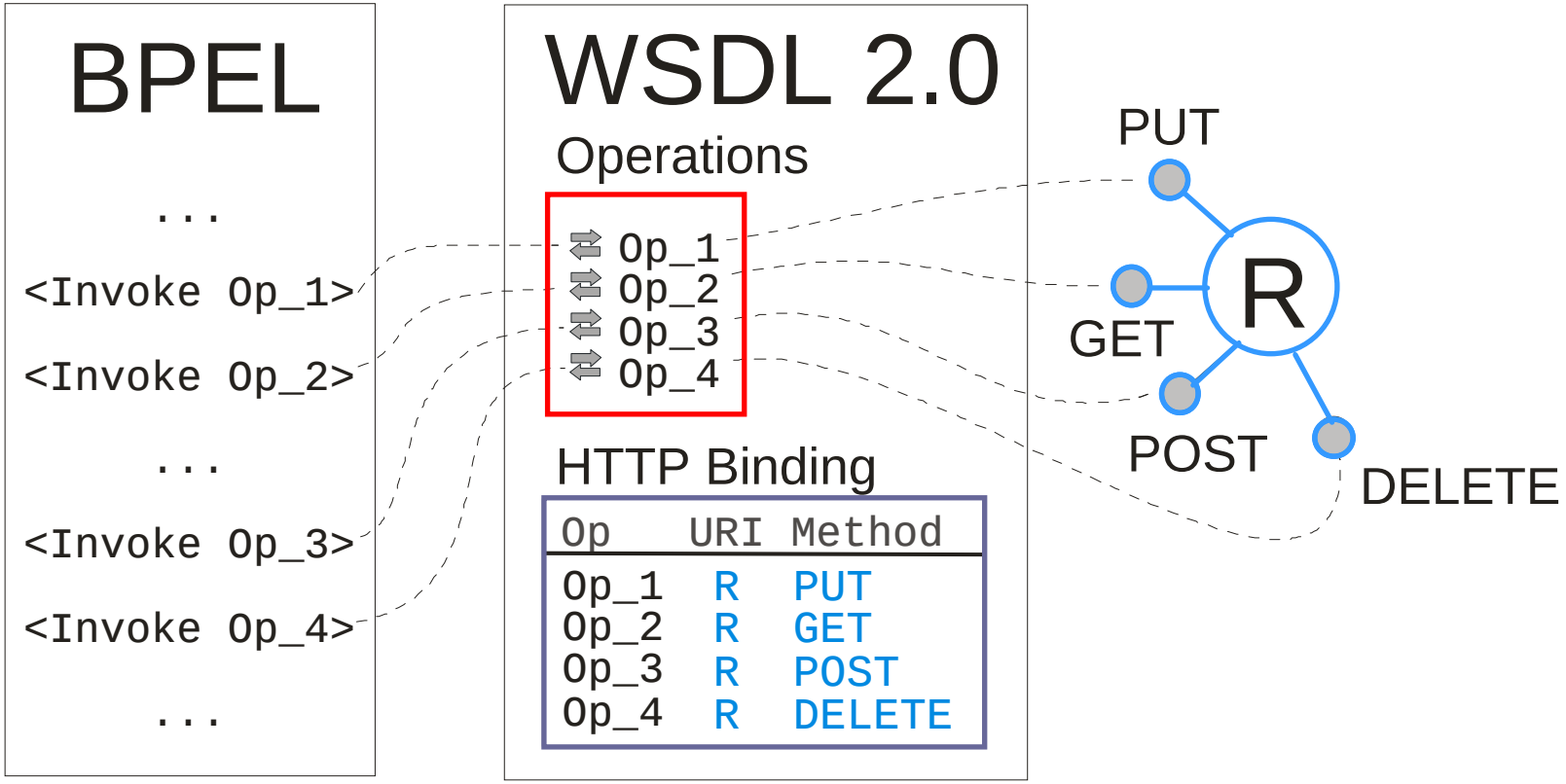


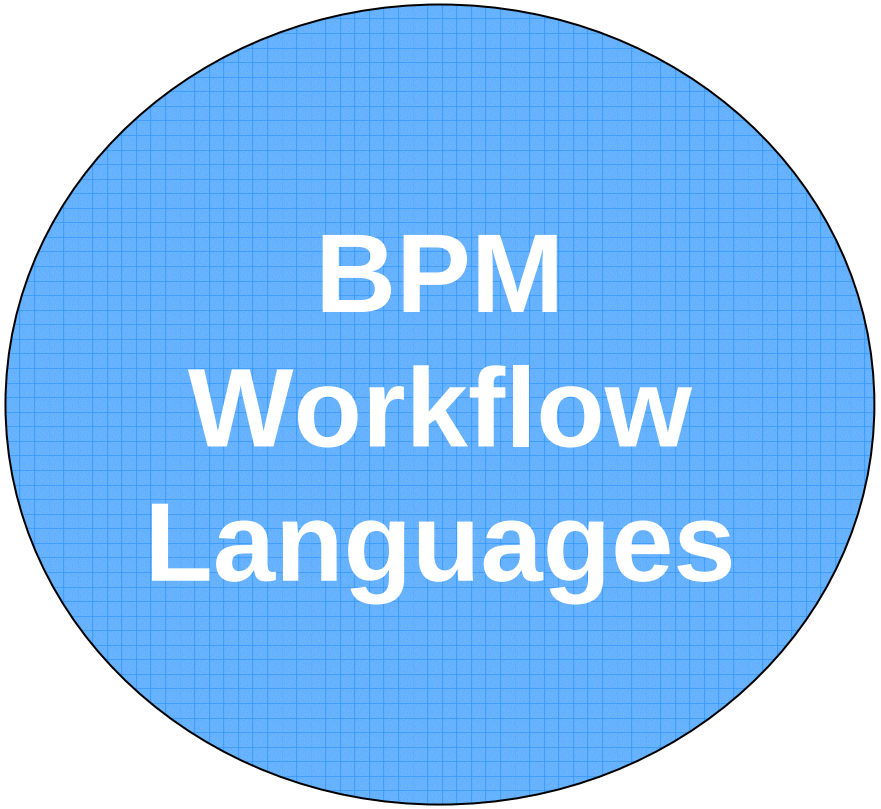
...do not use WSDL 1.1

BPEL/WSDL 2.0

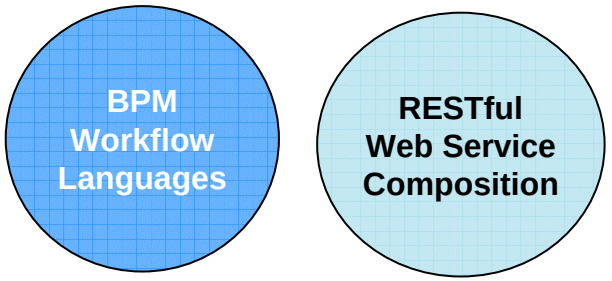
WSDL 2.0 HTTP Binding can wrap RESTful Web Services

(WS-BPEL 2.0 does not support WSDL 2.0)

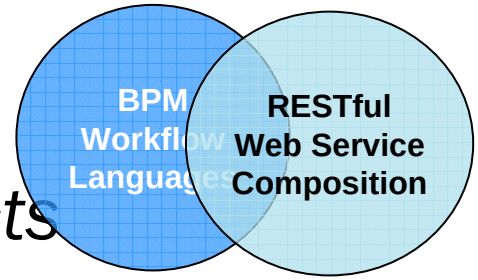




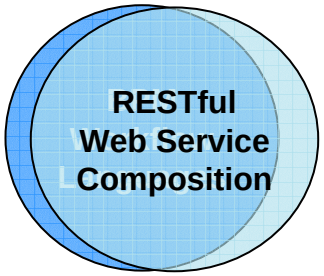
Solutions



1. Abstract Workflow
   - *Service invocation technology does not matter*
2. Concrete Workflow
   - *Expose service invocation technologies as explicit constructs in the workflow language*



3. RESTful Workflow
   - *Workflow as one kind of resource exposed by a RESTful service*



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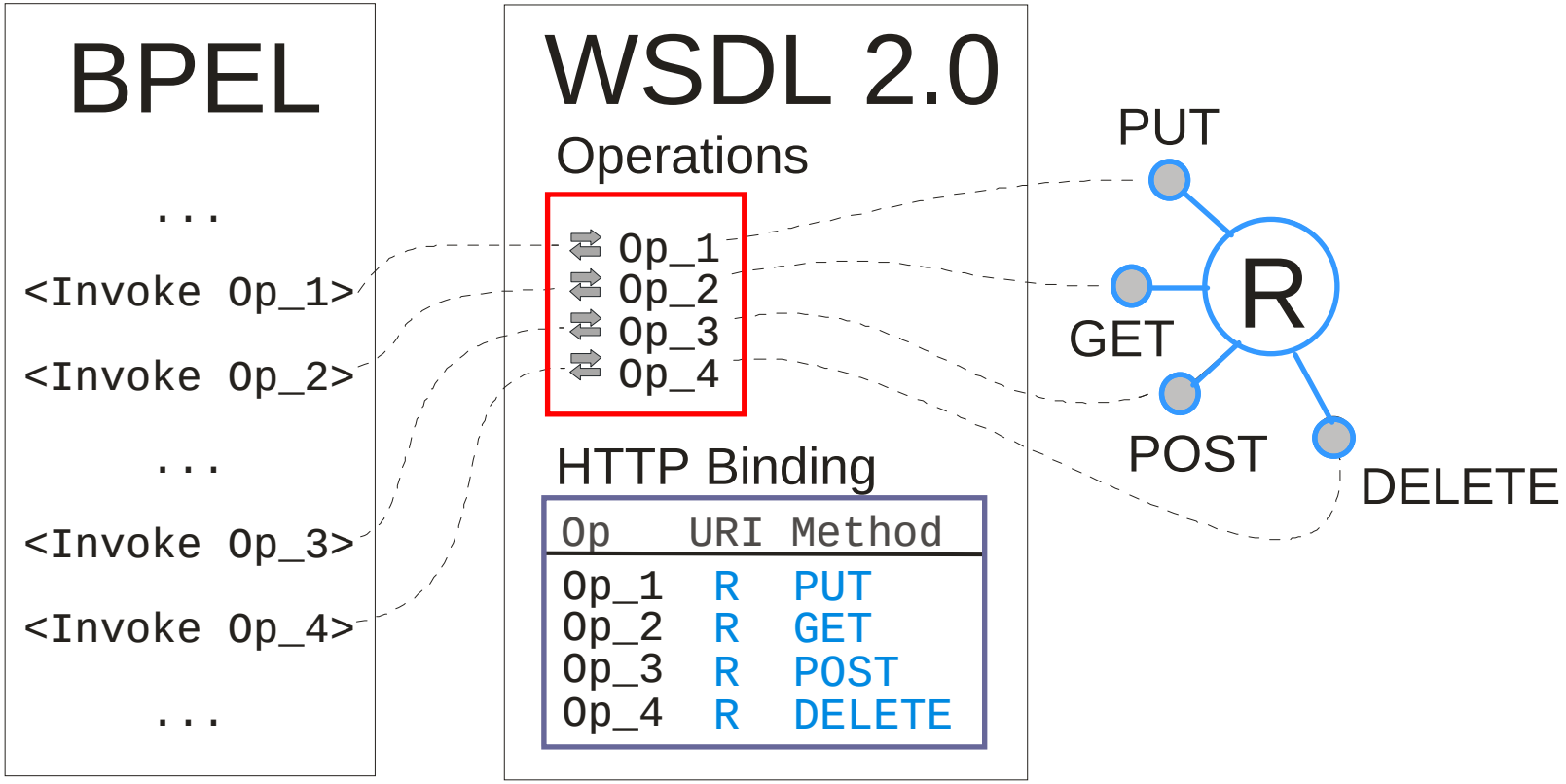
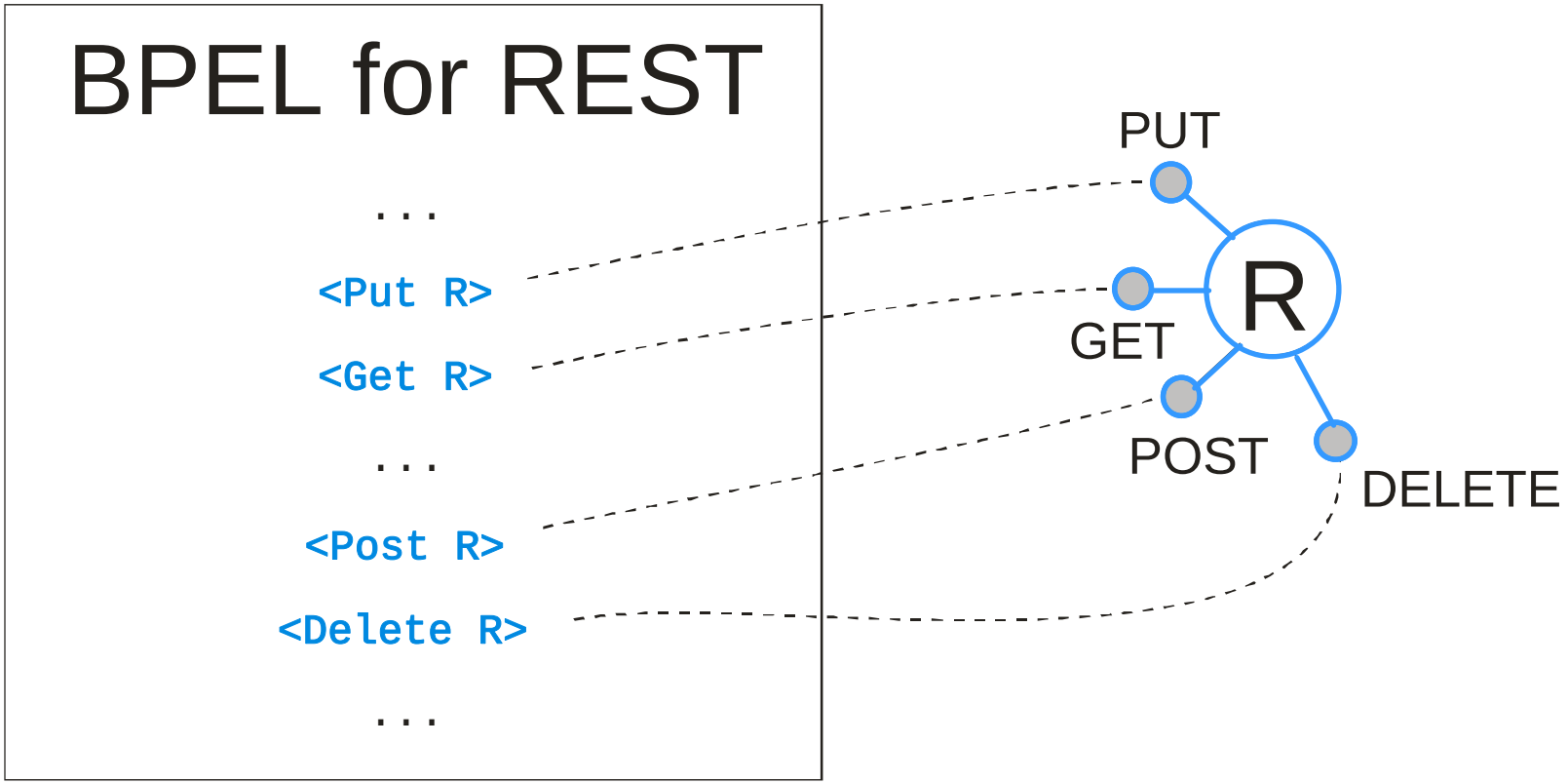


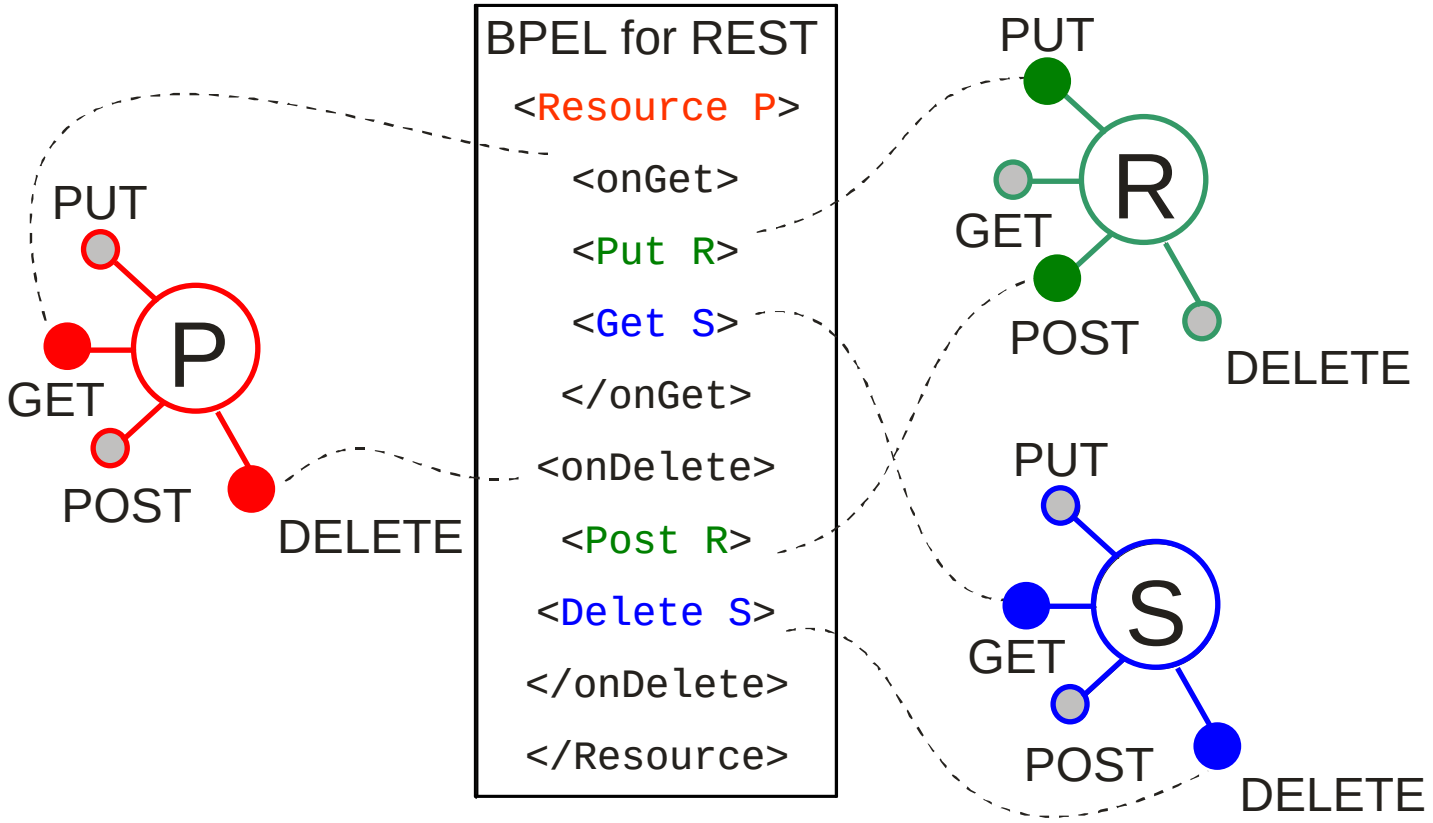
BPEL for REST

Make REST interaction primitives first-class language constructs

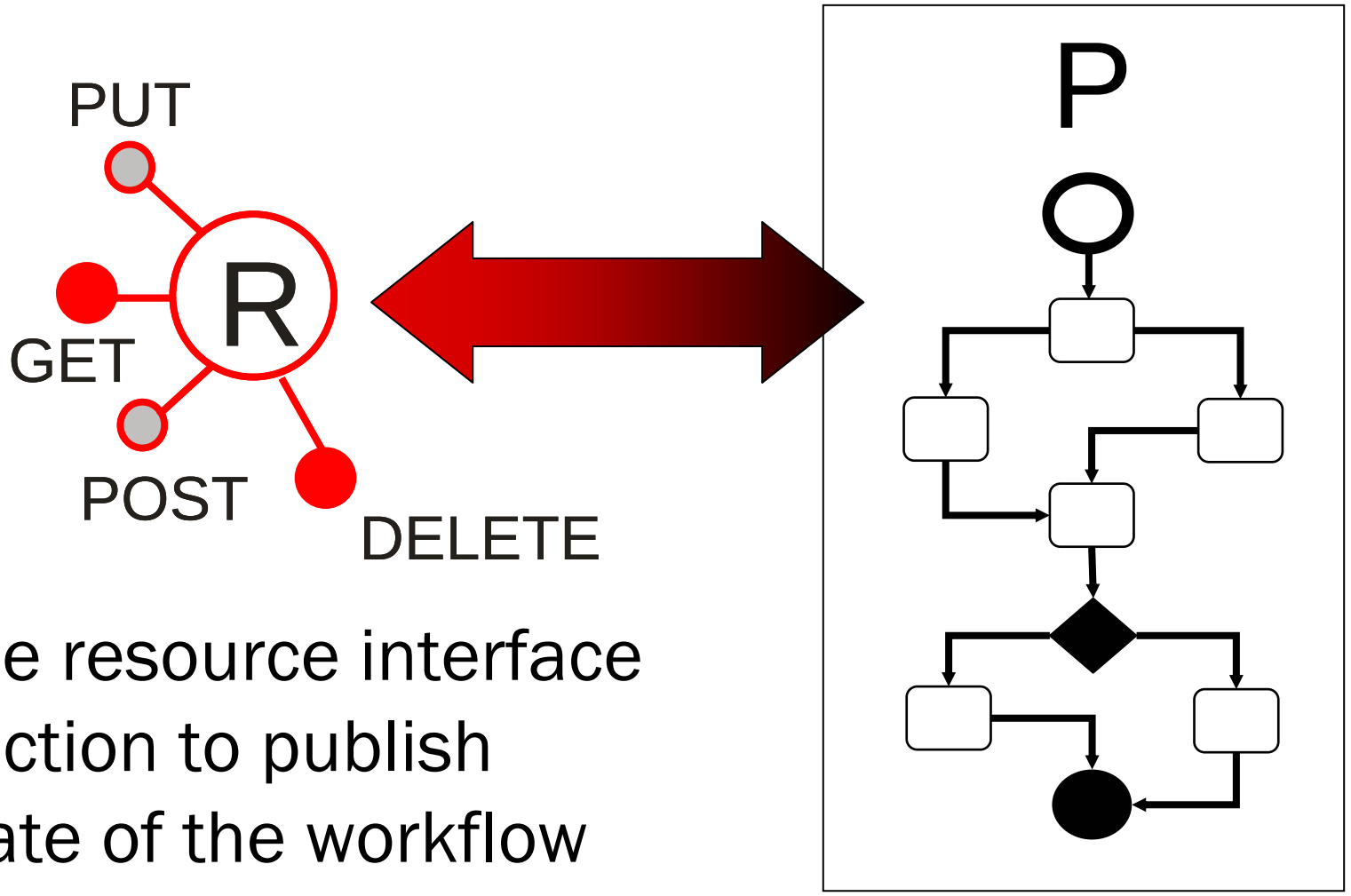


BPEL for REST

- Dynamically publish resources from BPEL processes and handle client requests

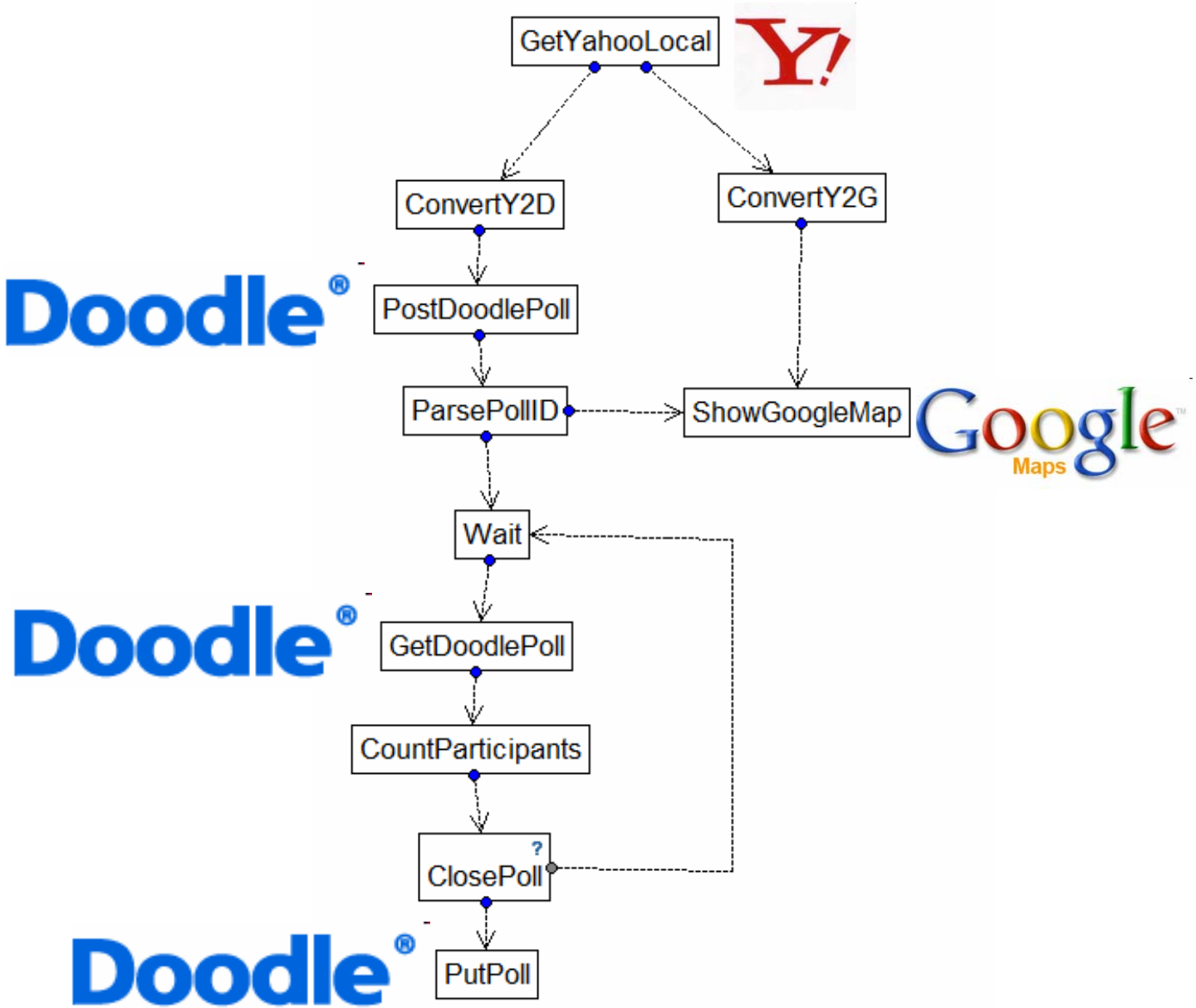


RESTful Workflows



Use the resource interface abstraction to publish the state of the workflow

DoodleMap as RESTful workflow



Conclusion

- Applying the SOA composition principle to REST gives interesting results
- Thanks to hyperlinks, REST brings a new (more dynamic and loosely coupled) twist to SOA composition
- Composing RESTful services helps to build mashups, but is different
- A RESTful API is the perfect abstraction for publishing the state of a workflow

References

- R. Fielding, Architectural Styles and the Design of Network-based Software Architectures, PhD Thesis, University of California, Irvine, 2000
- C. Pautasso, O. Zimmermann, F. Leymann, RESTful Web Services vs. Big Web Services: Making the Right Architectural Decision, Proc. of the 17th International World Wide Web Conference (WWW2008), Bejing, China, April 2008
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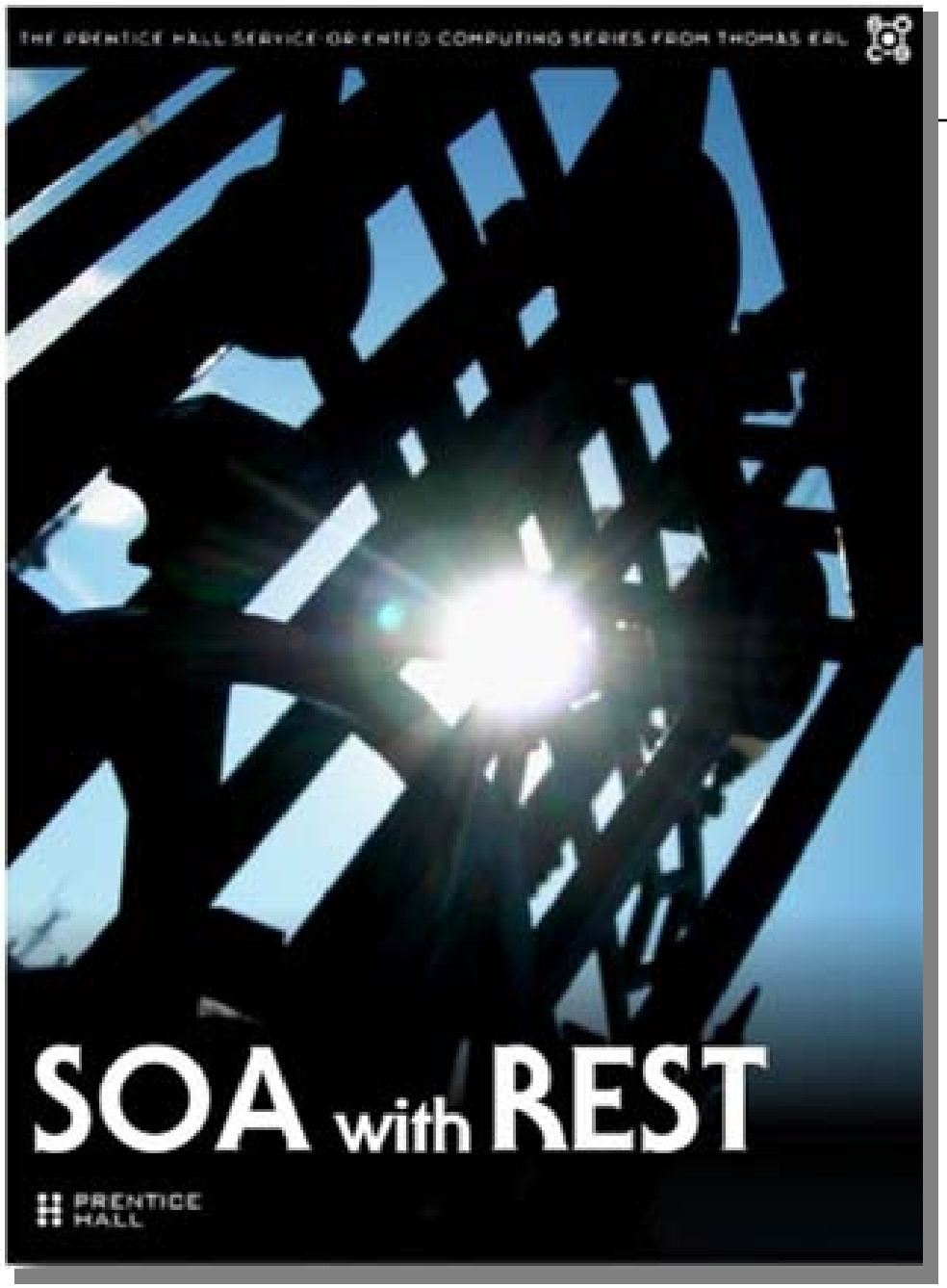

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SOA with REST,

Prentice Hall,
to appear in 2010