

WORKFLOW ENGINE PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKING WITH BENCHFLOW

ESOCC 2016

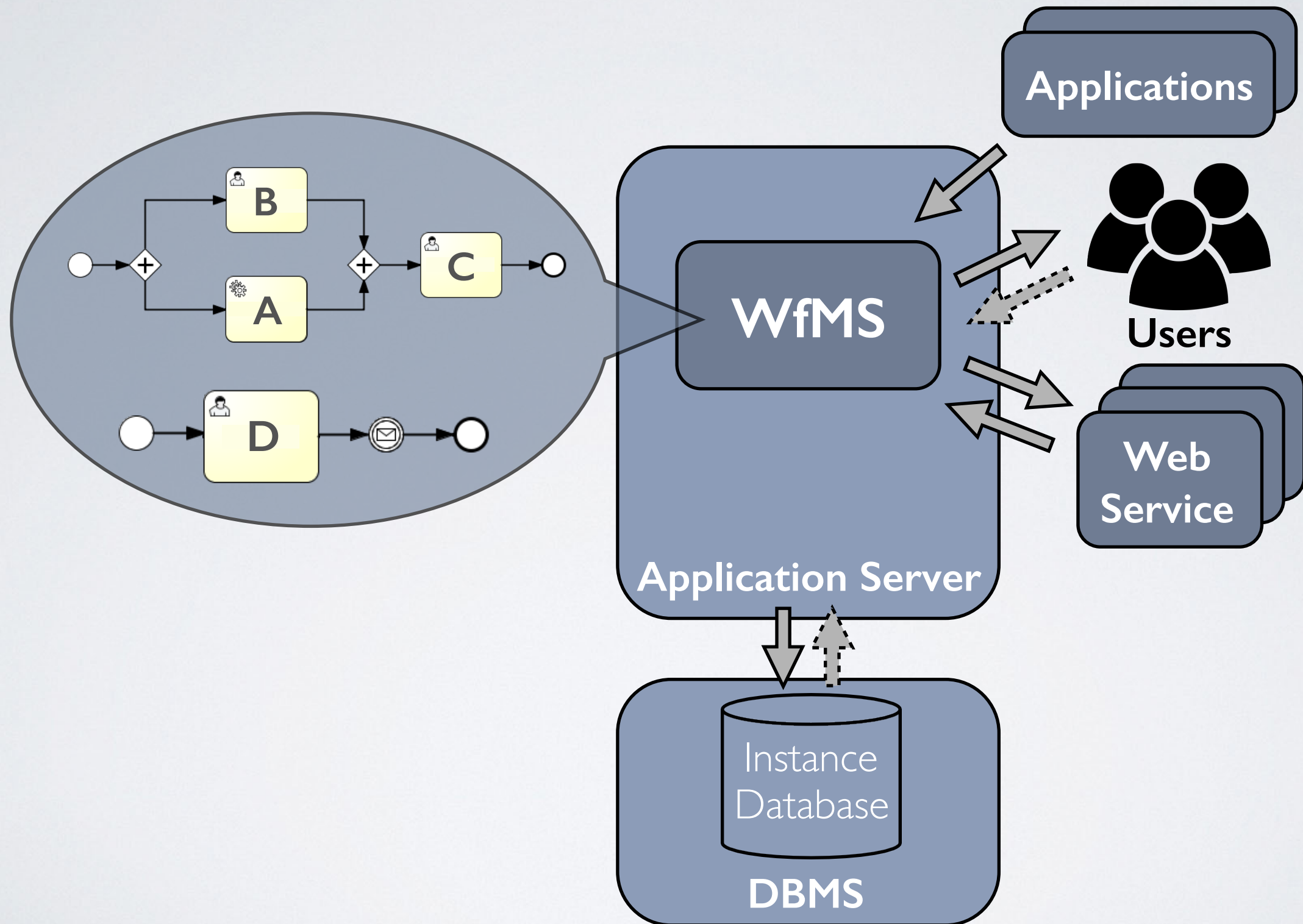
Vincenzo Ferme
Faculty of Informatics
USI Lugano, Switzerland



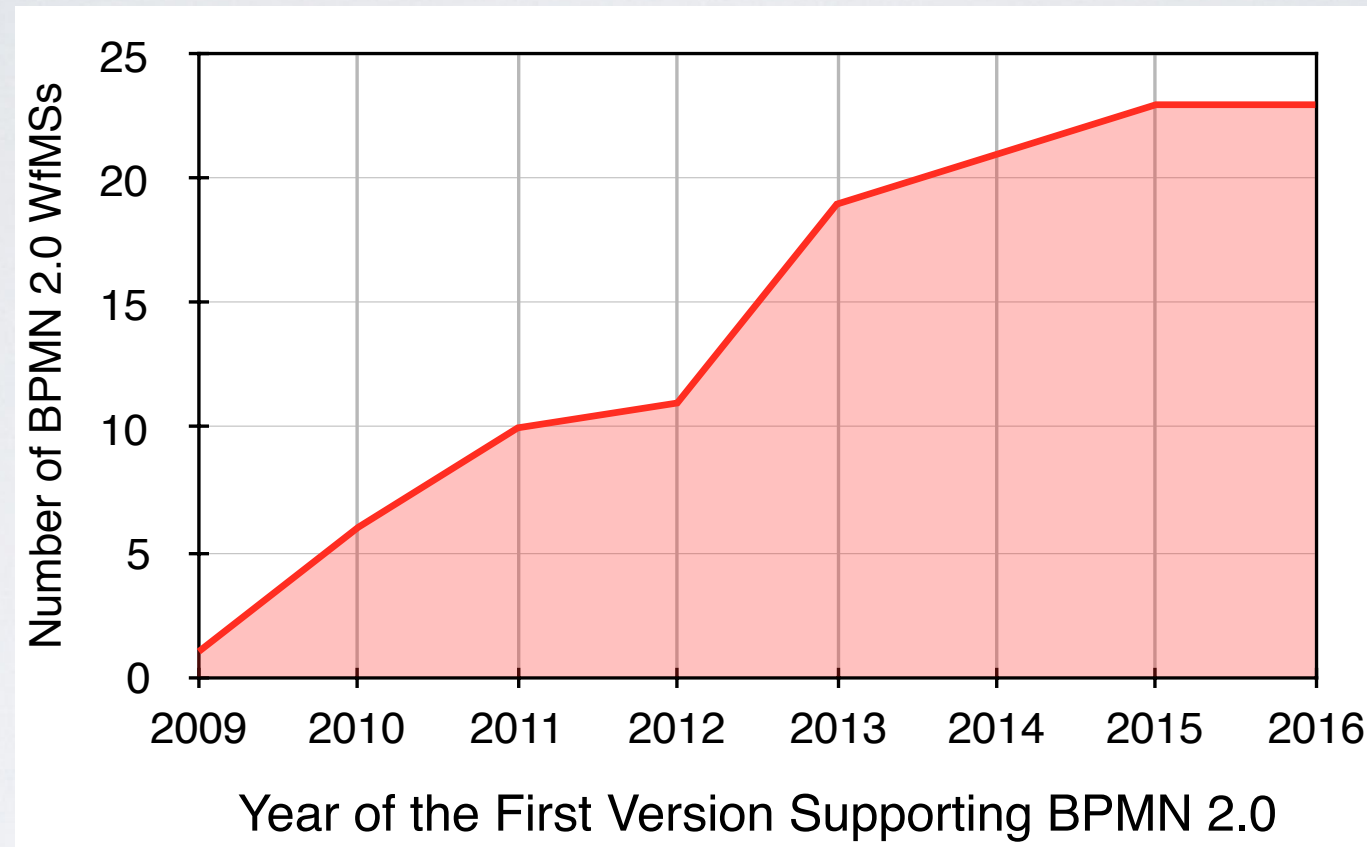
The BenchFlow Project

“Design and implement the first **benchmark** to assess and compare the **performance of WfMSs** that are compliant with Business Process Model and Notation 2.0 standard.”

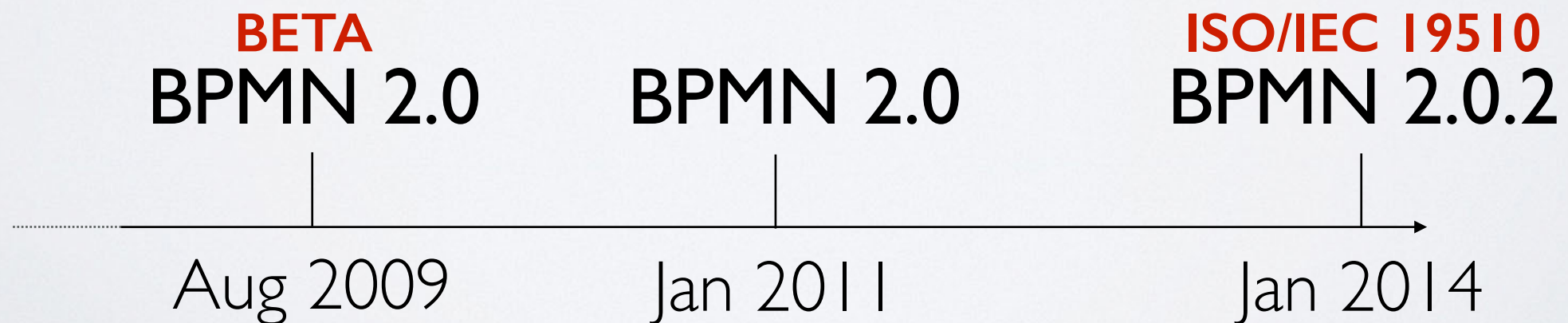
What is a Workflow Management System?



Many Vendors of BPMN 2.0 WfMSs



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_BPMN_2.0_engines

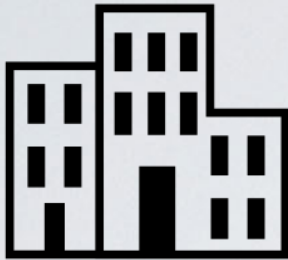


Why do We Need a Benchmark?

end-users, vendors, developers

Why do We Need a Benchmark?

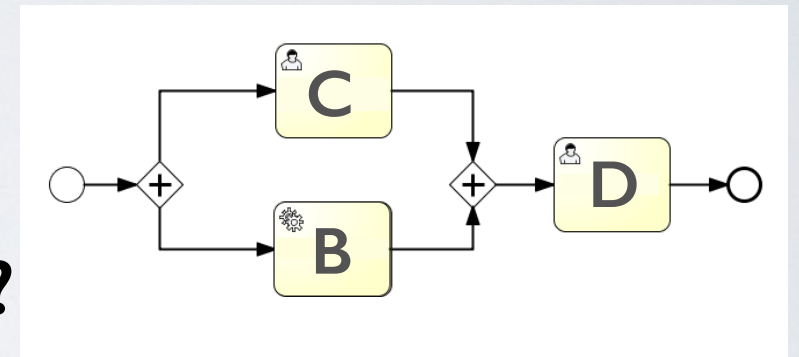
end-users, vendors, developers



1. How to choose the best WfMS according to the company's technical requirements?



2. How to choose the best WfMS according to the company's business process models (workflows)?



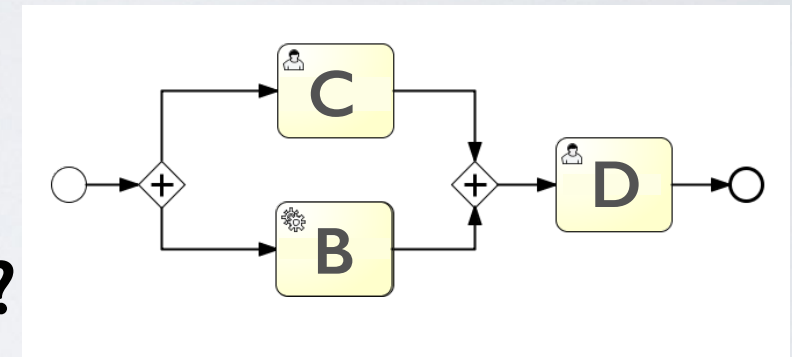
Why do We Need a Benchmark?

end-users, vendors, developers

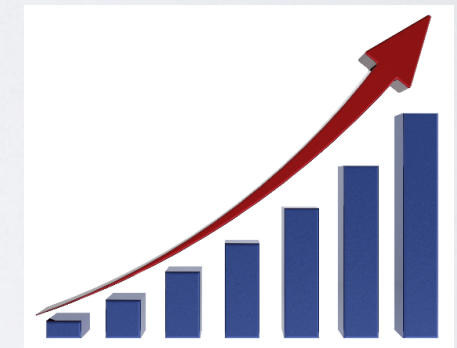
1. How to choose the best WfMS according to the company's technical requirements?



2. How to choose the best WfMS according to the company's business process models (workflows)?



3. How to evaluate performance improvements during WfMS's development?

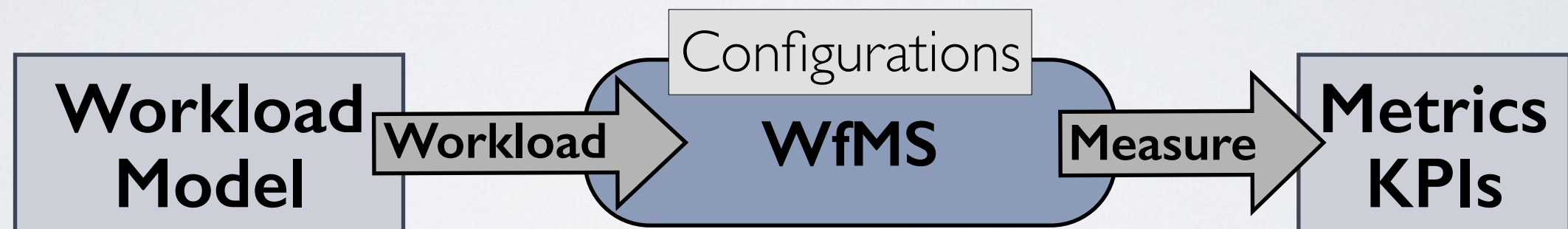


4. How to identify WfMS's bottlenecks?



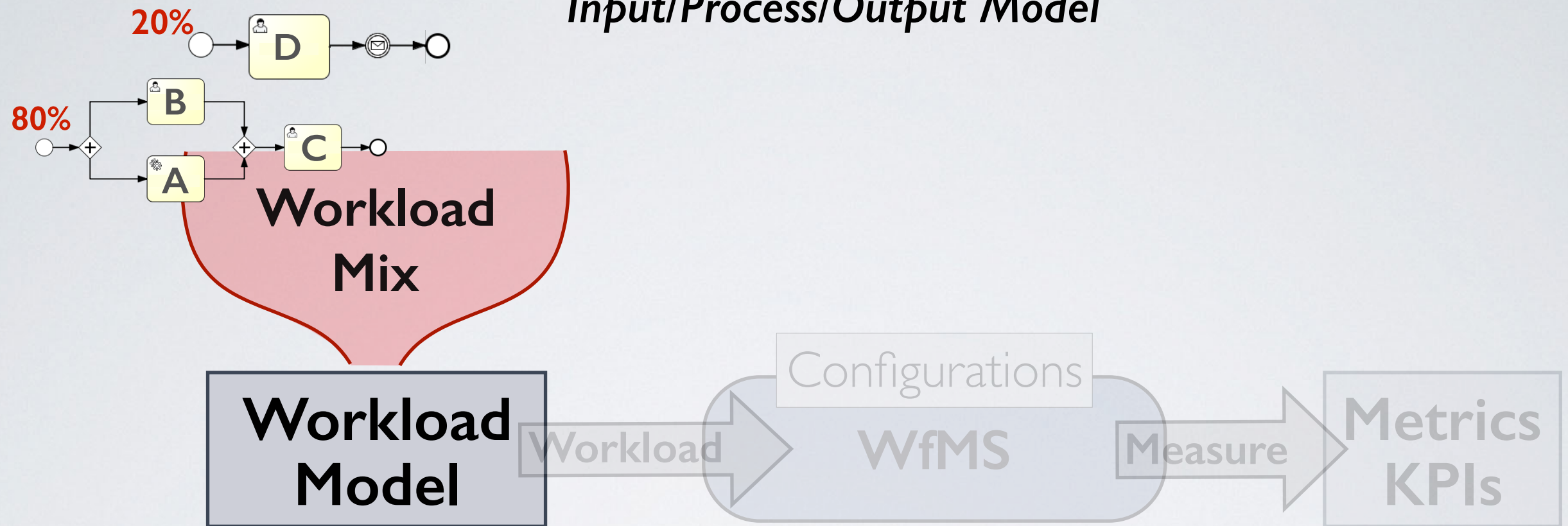
The BenchFlow Benchmarking Process

Input/Process/Output Model



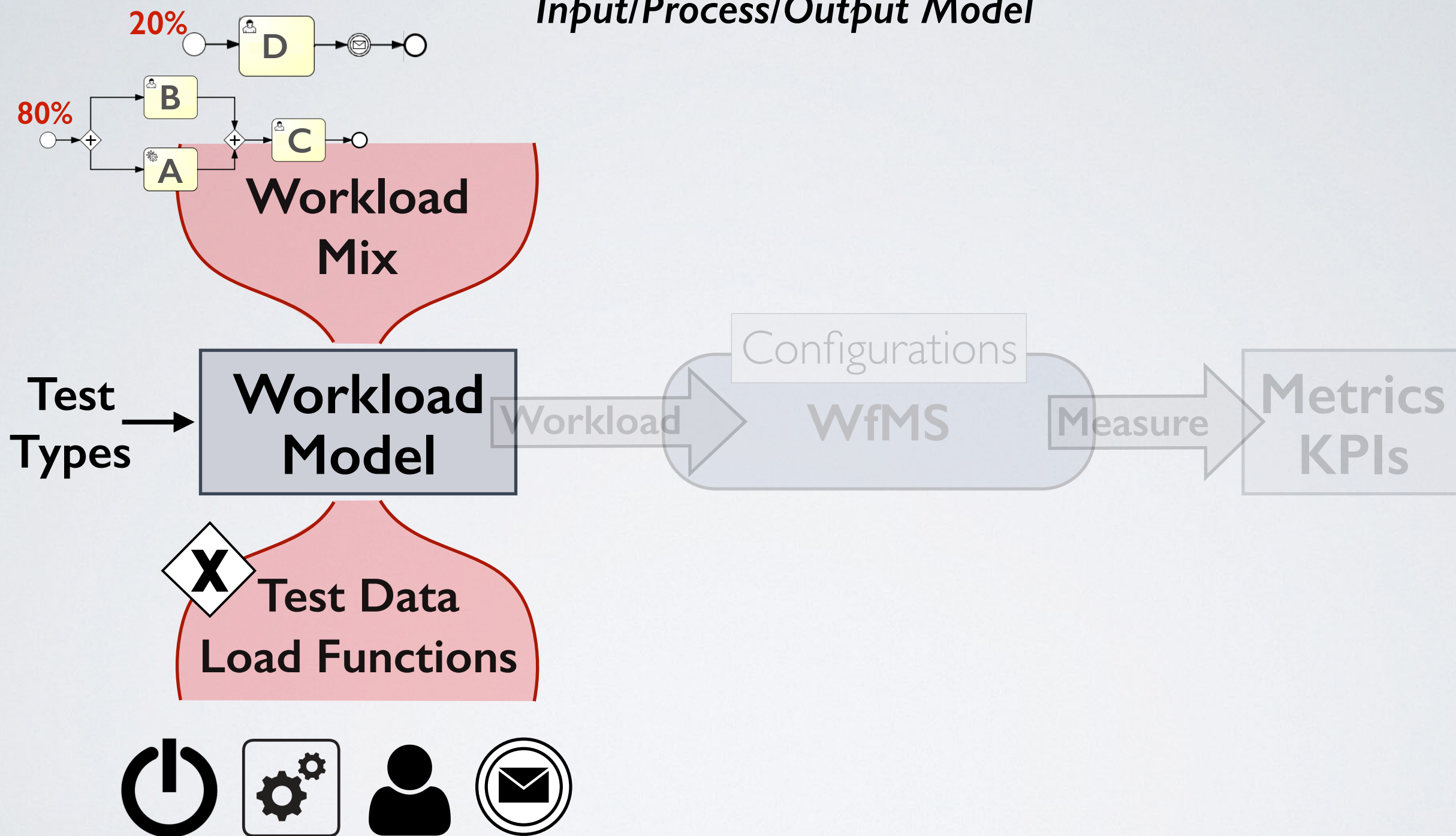
The BenchFlow Benchmarking Process

Input/Process/Output Model



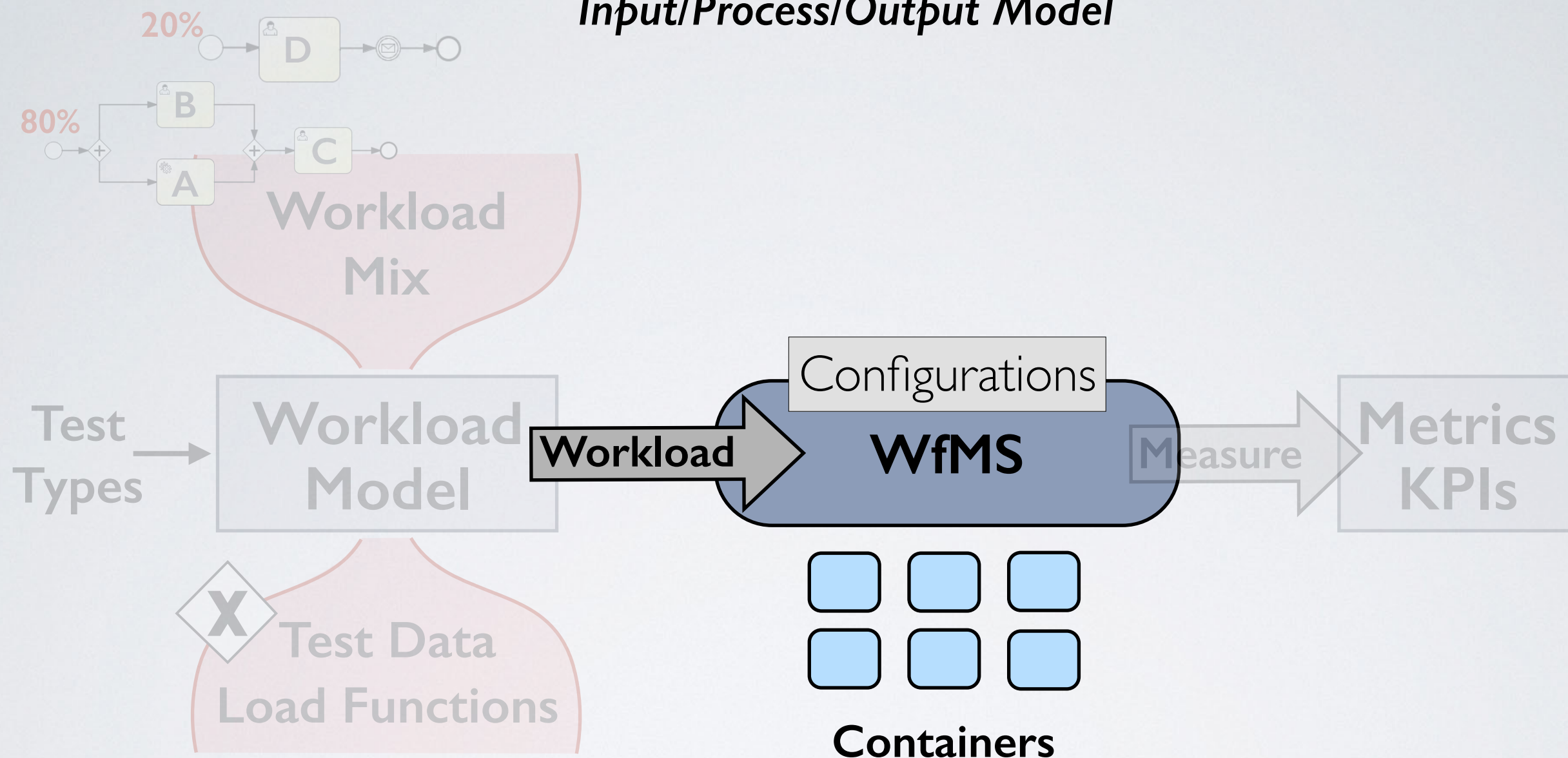
The BenchFlow Benchmarking Process

Input/Process/Output Model



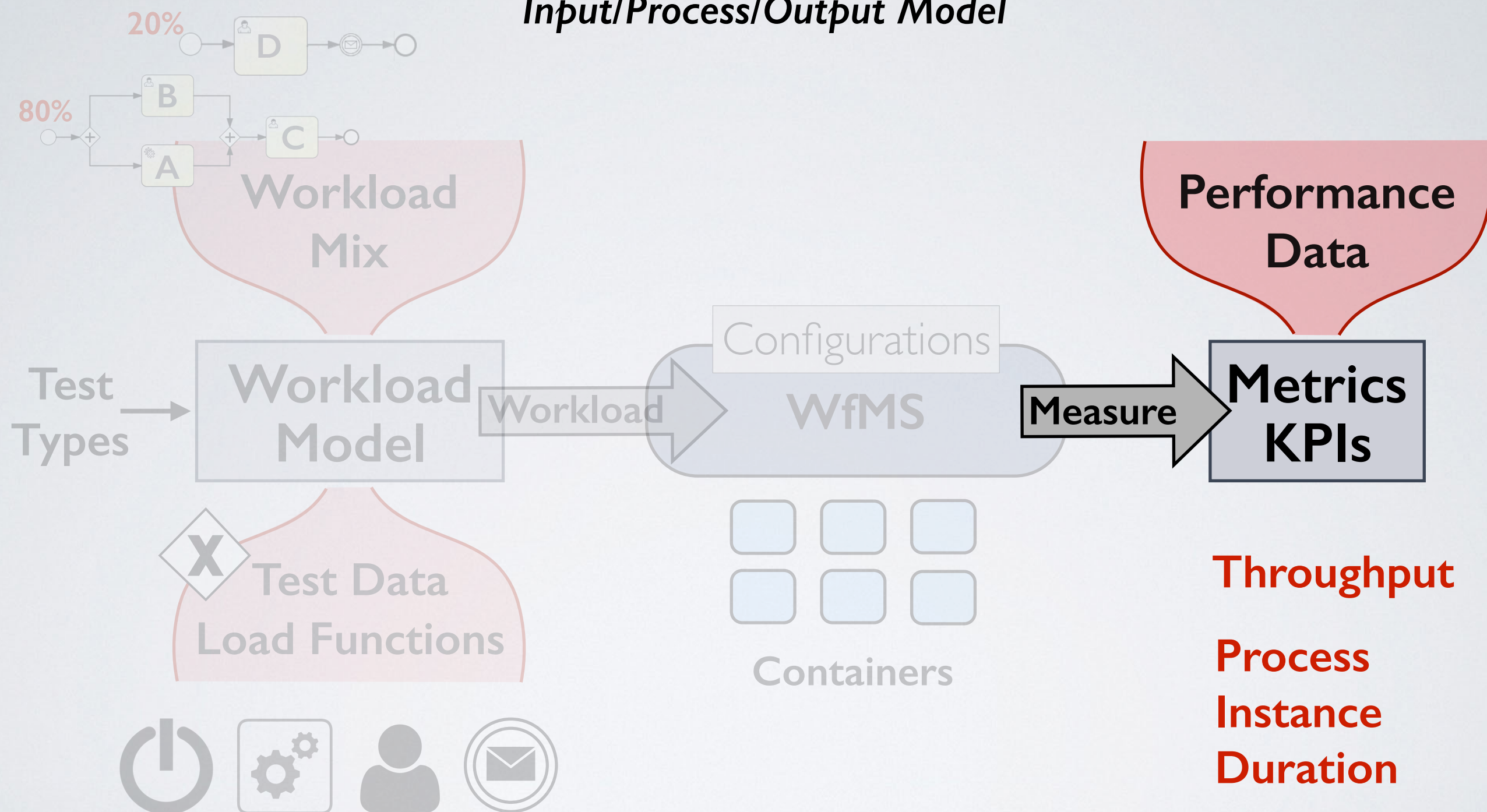
The BenchFlow Benchmarking Process

Input/Process/Output Model

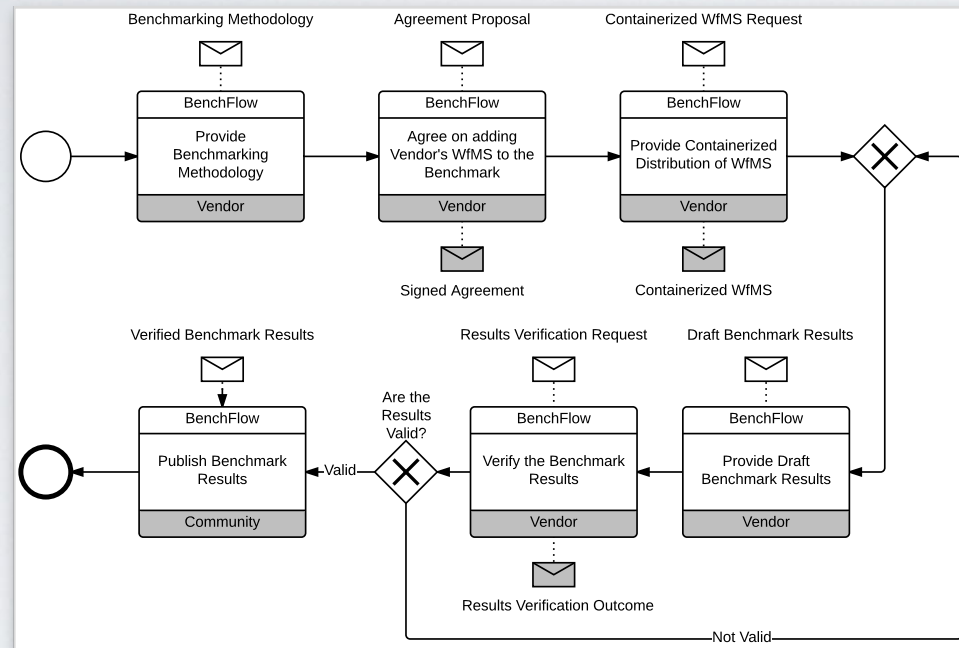


The BenchFlow Benchmarking Process

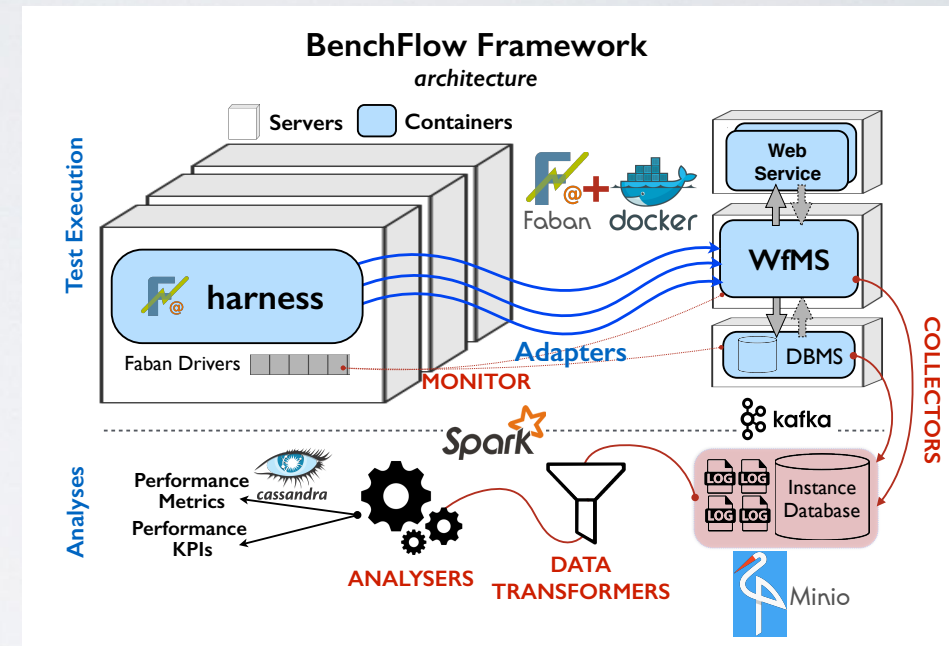
Input/Process/Output Model



Container Based Methodology and Framework

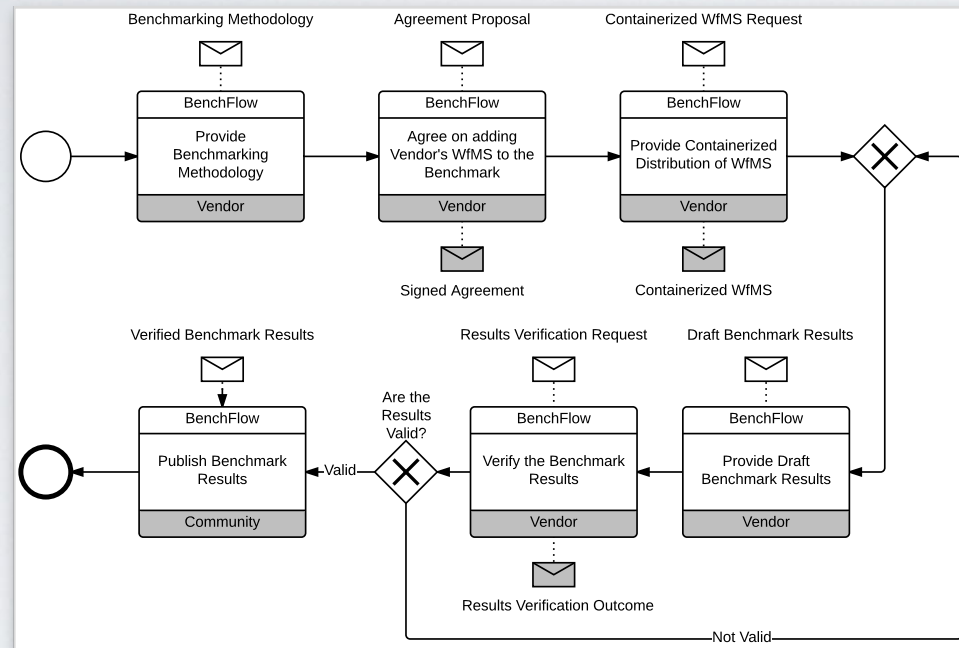


Methodology

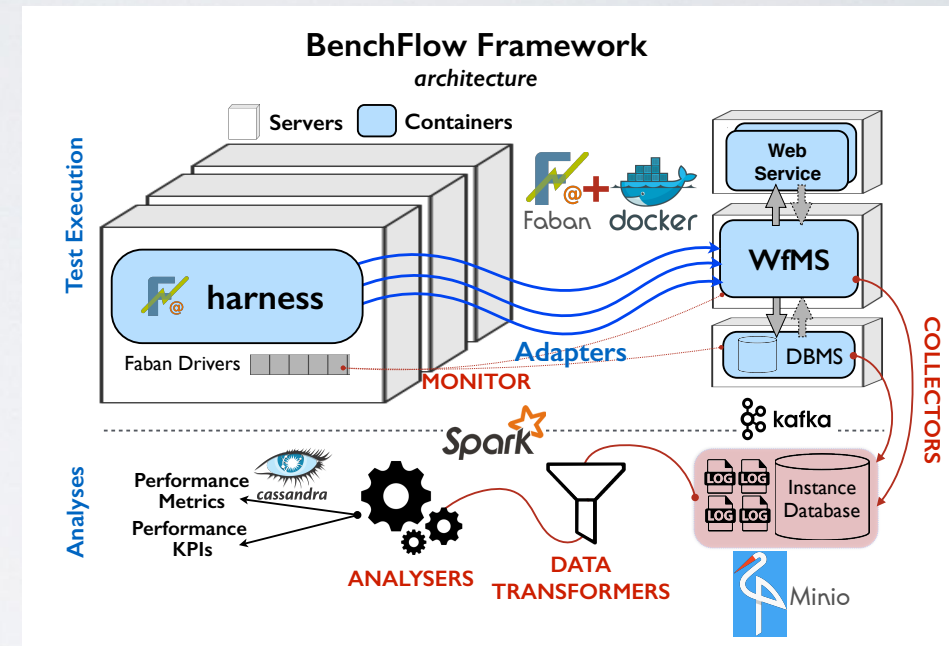


Framework

Container Based Methodology and Framework

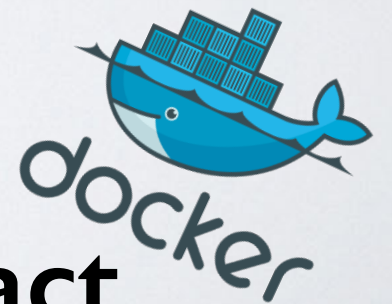


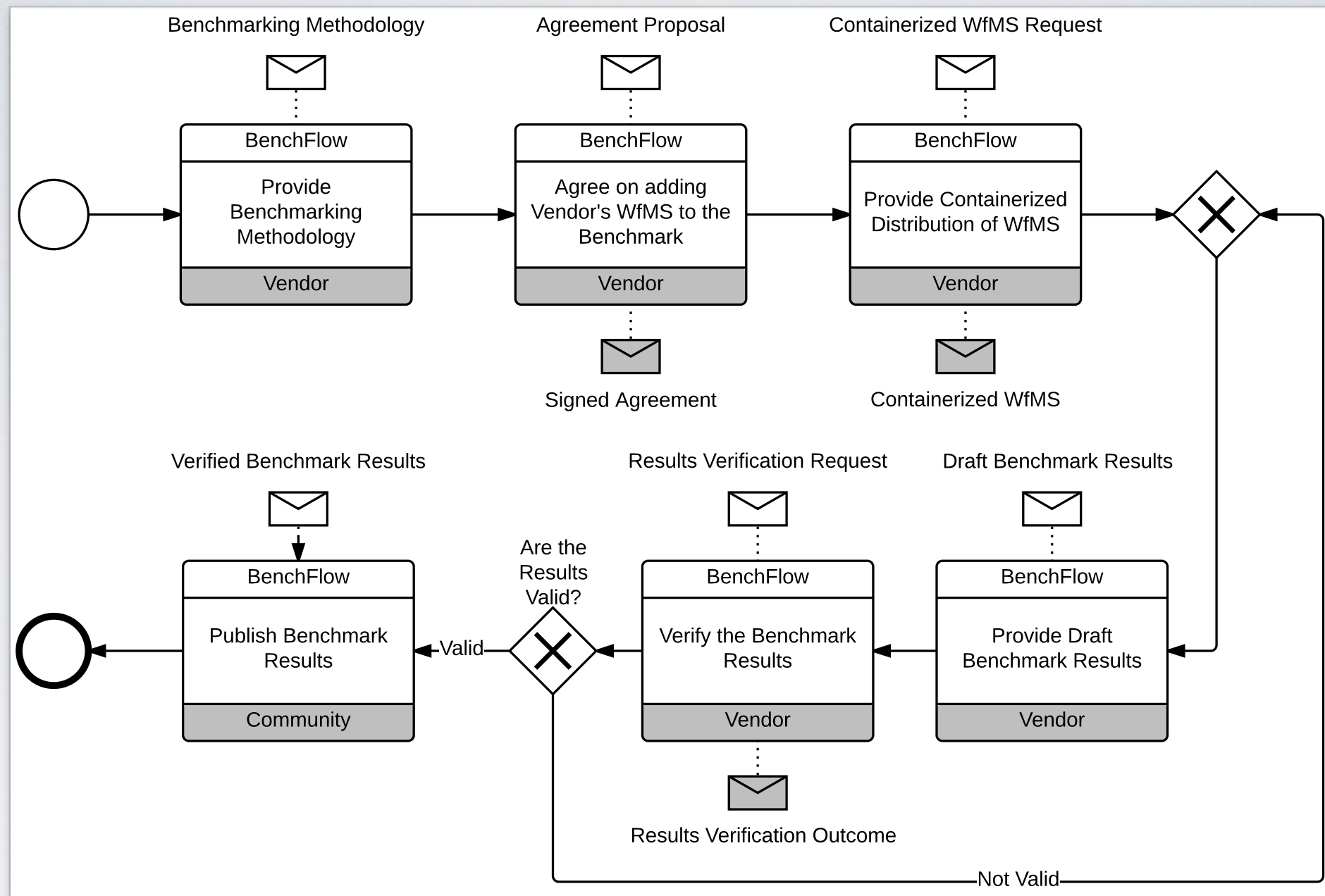
Methodology



Framework

Provides **Great Advantages** for **Automation**
and **Reproducibility** of Results, while
Ensuring **Negligible Performance Impact**





[CLOSER '16]

Container-centric Methodology for Benchmarking Workflow Management Systems.

BenchFlow Benchmarking Methodology

requirements from the WfMS

Availability of APIs

- Deploy Process
- Start Process Instance
- Users API
- Web Service APIs
- Events APIs

BenchFlow Benchmarking Methodology

requirements from the WfMS

Availability of APIs

- Deploy Process
- Start Process Instance
- Users API
- Web Service APIs
- Events APIs

Availability of Timing Data

- Workflow & Construct:
 - Start Time
 - End Time
 - [Duration]

BenchFlow Benchmarking Methodology

requirements from the WfMS

Availability of APIs

- Deploy Process
- Start Process Instance
- Users API
- Web Service APIs
- Events APIs

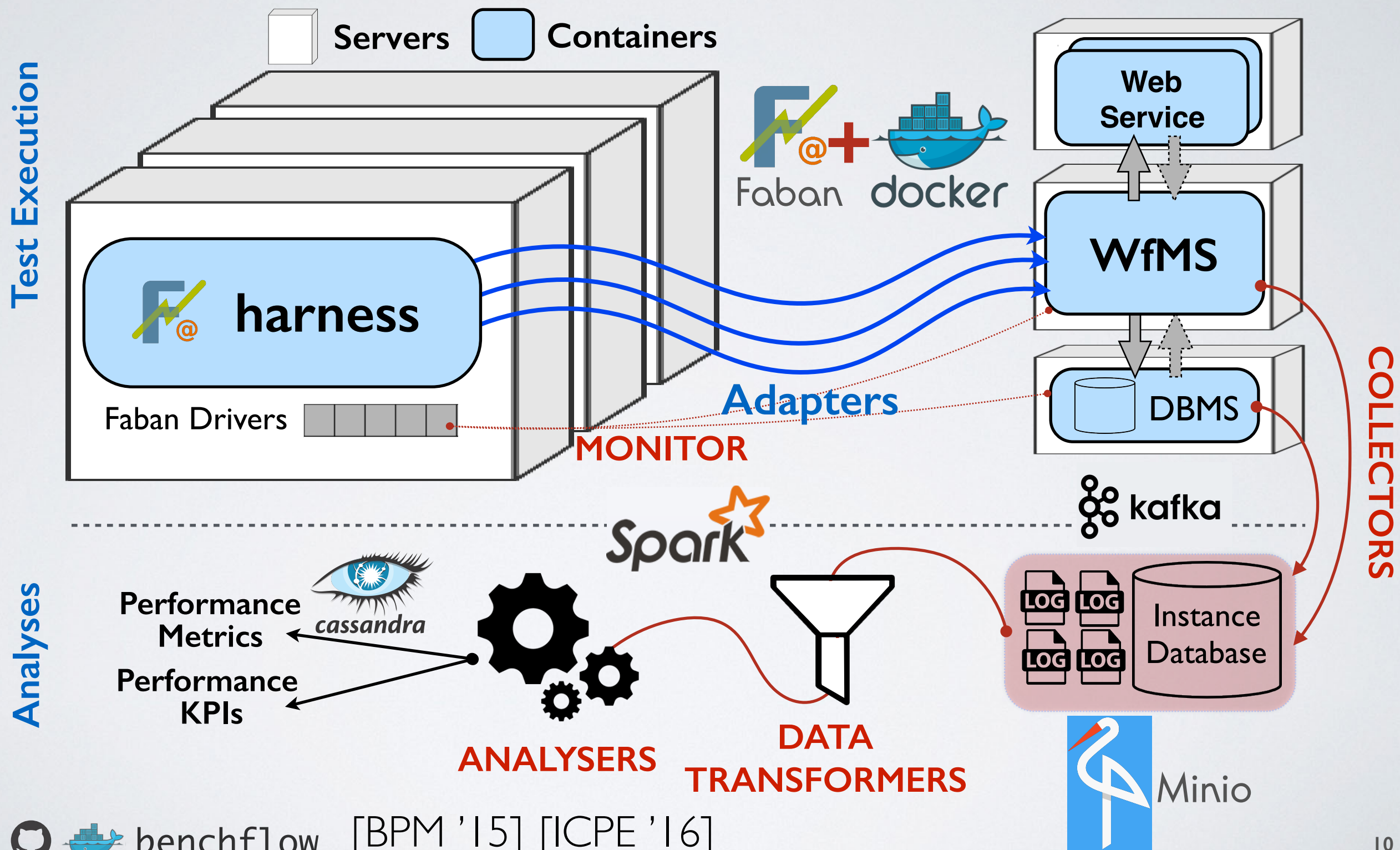
Availability of Timing Data

- Workflow & Construct:
 - Start Time
 - End Time
 - [Duration]

Availability of Execution State

State of the workflow execution. E.g., running, completed, error

BenchFlow Framework architecture

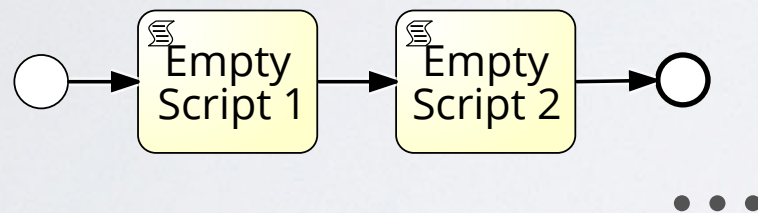
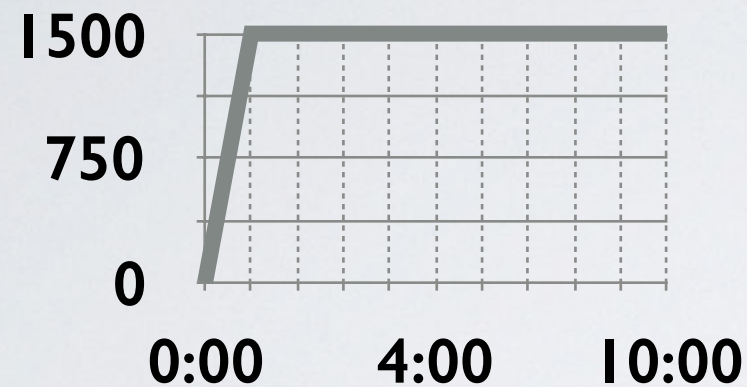


BenchFlow Framework

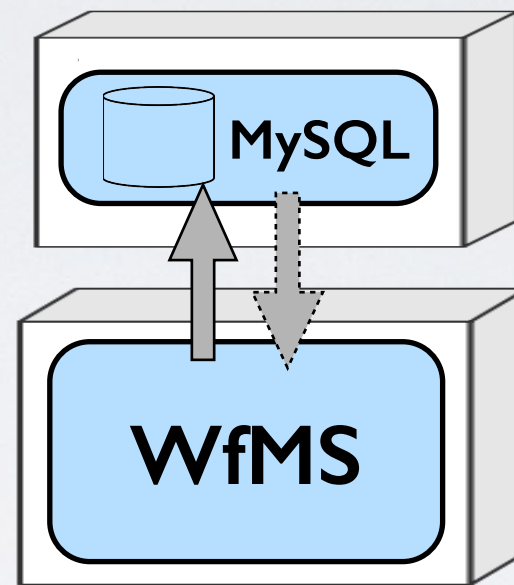
WfMSs' specific characteristics

- **Manages the Automatic WfMS deployment;**
- **Provides a “plugin” mechanism to add new WfMSs;**
- **Performs automatic Process Models deployment;**
- **Collects Client and Server-side data and metrics;**
- **Automatically computes performance metrics and statistics.**

Applications of the Methodology and Framework



Workload



3 WfMSs

- **Engine Level**
- **Process Level**
- **Environment**

Metrics

[CAiSE '16]

Micro-Benchmarking BPMN 2.0 Workflow Management Systems with Workflow Patterns.

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

research questions

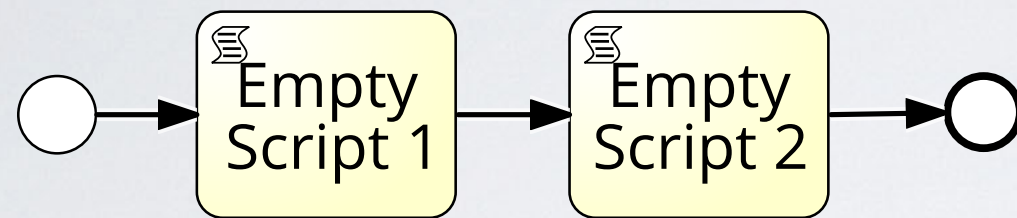
1. What is the impact of **individual** or a **mix** of workflow patterns on the performance of each one of the benchmarked BPMN 2.0 WfMSs?
2. Are there performance bottlenecks for the selected WfMSs?

Selected three WfMSs: popular open-source WfMSs actually used in industry

Workload
Mix

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

workload mix



Sequence Pattern [SEQ]

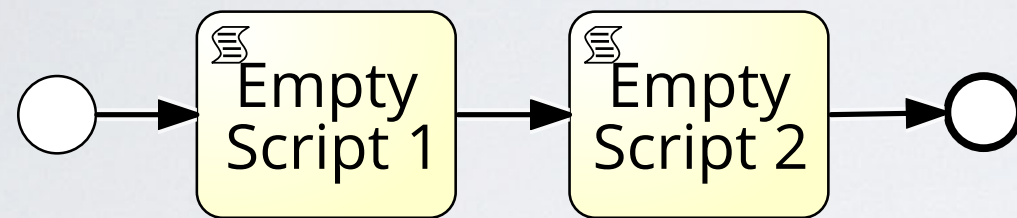
Pattern Reference:

- N. Russell et al, **Workflow Control-Flow Patterns: A Revised View**, 2006

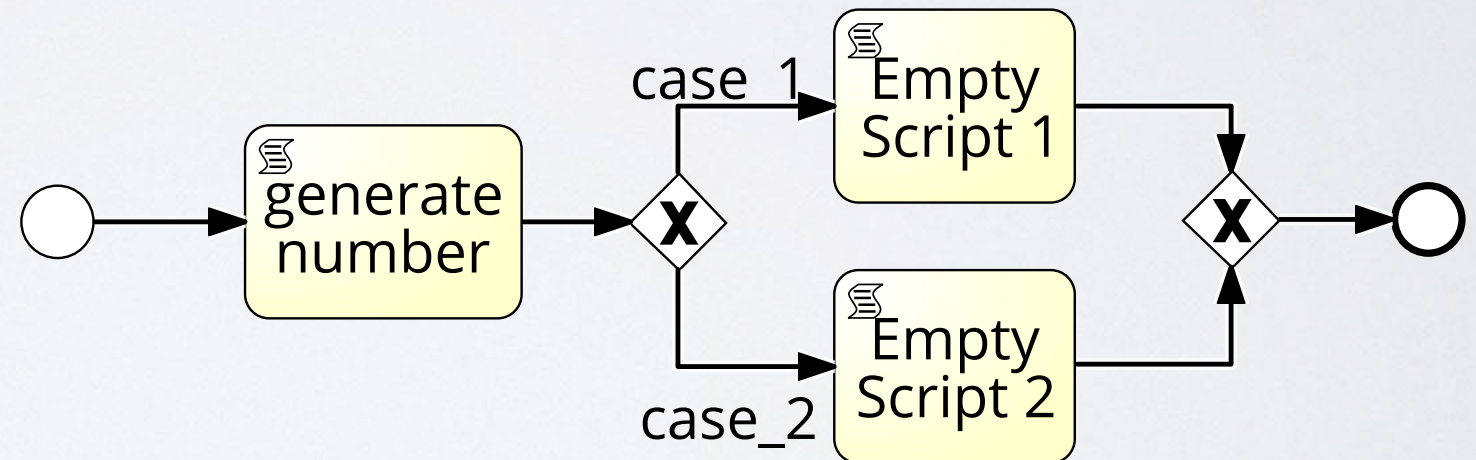
Workload
Mix

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

workload mix



Sequence Pattern [SEQ]



Exclusive Choice and Simple Merge [EXC]

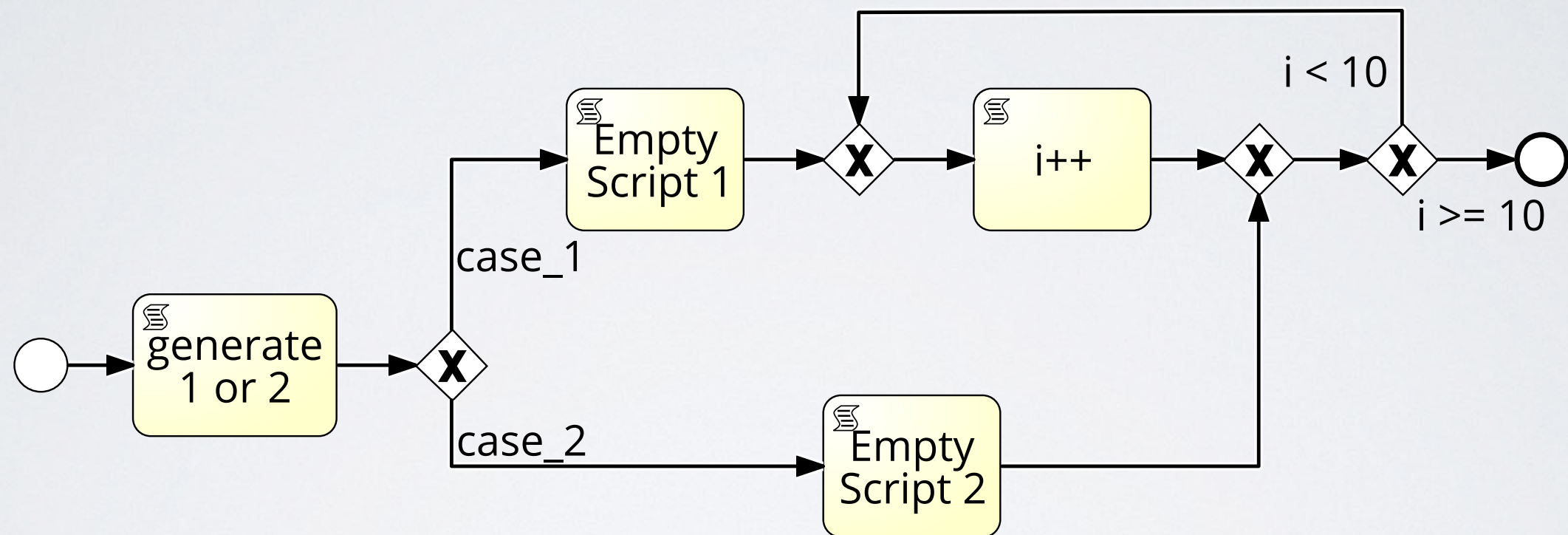
Pattern Reference:

- N. Russell et al, **Workflow Control-Flow Patterns: A Revised View**, 2006

Workload
Mix

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

workload mix



Arbitrary Cycle [CYC]

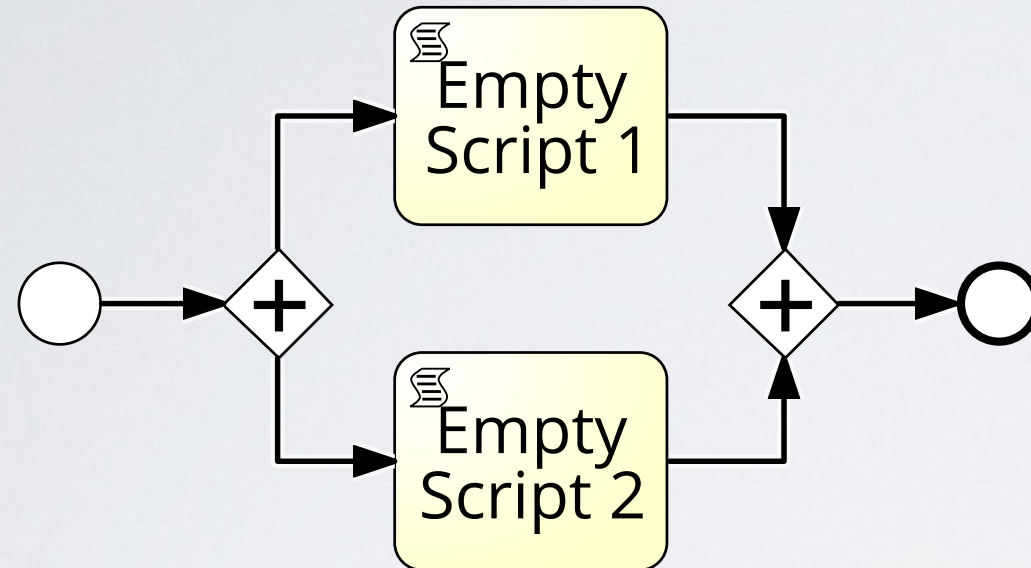
Pattern Reference:

- N. Russell et al, **Workflow Control-Flow Patterns: A Revised View**, 2006

Workload
Mix

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

workload mix



Parallel Split and Synchronisation [PAR]

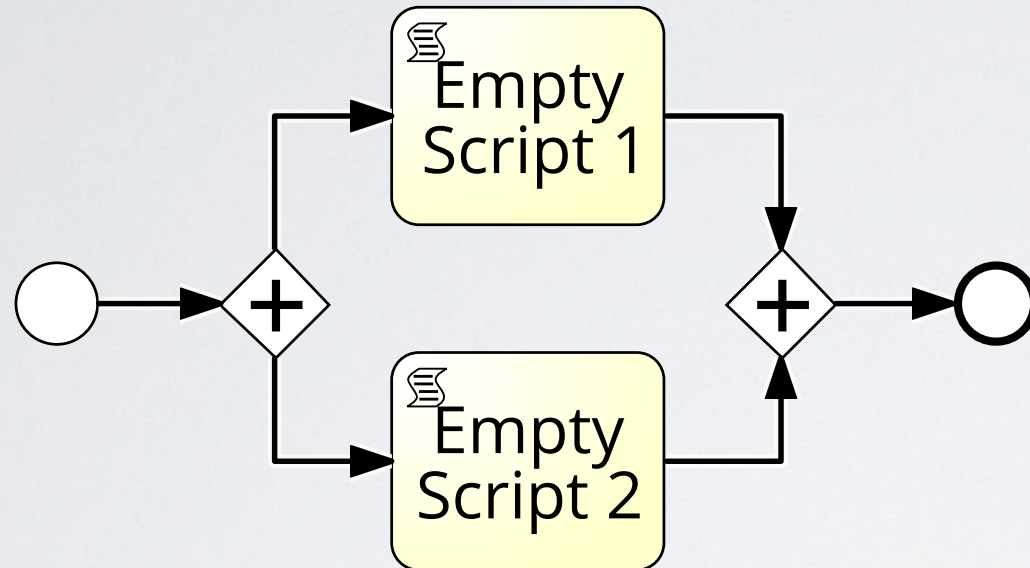
Pattern Reference:

- N. Russell et al, **Workflow Control-Flow Patterns: A Revised View**, 2006

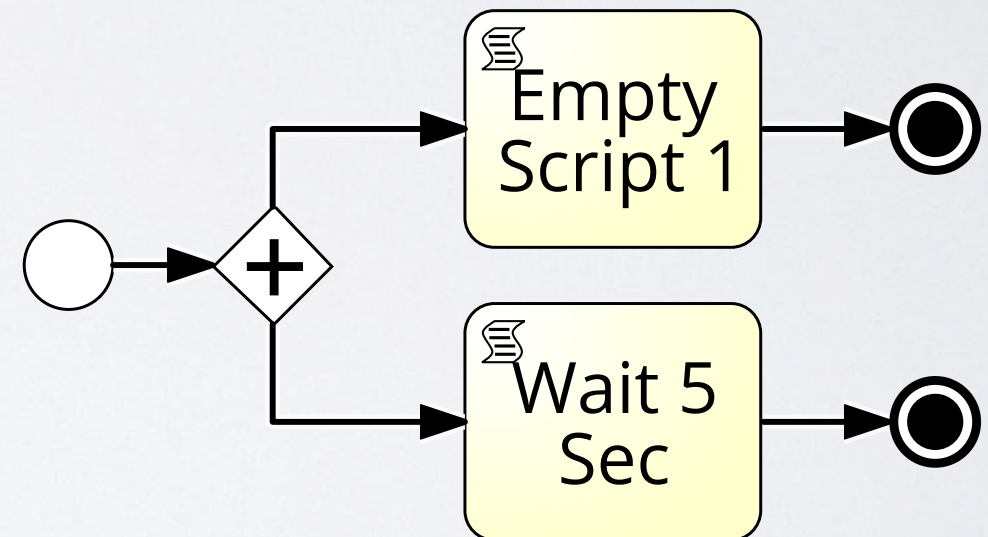
Workload
Mix

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

workload mix



Parallel Split and Synchronisation [PAR]



Explicit Termination Pattern [EXT]

Pattern Reference:

- N. Russell et al, **Workflow Control-Flow Patterns: A Revised View**, 2006

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

workload mix design decisions

1. Maximise the simplicity of the model expressing the workflow pattern
2. Omit the interactions with external systems by implementing all tasks as script tasks

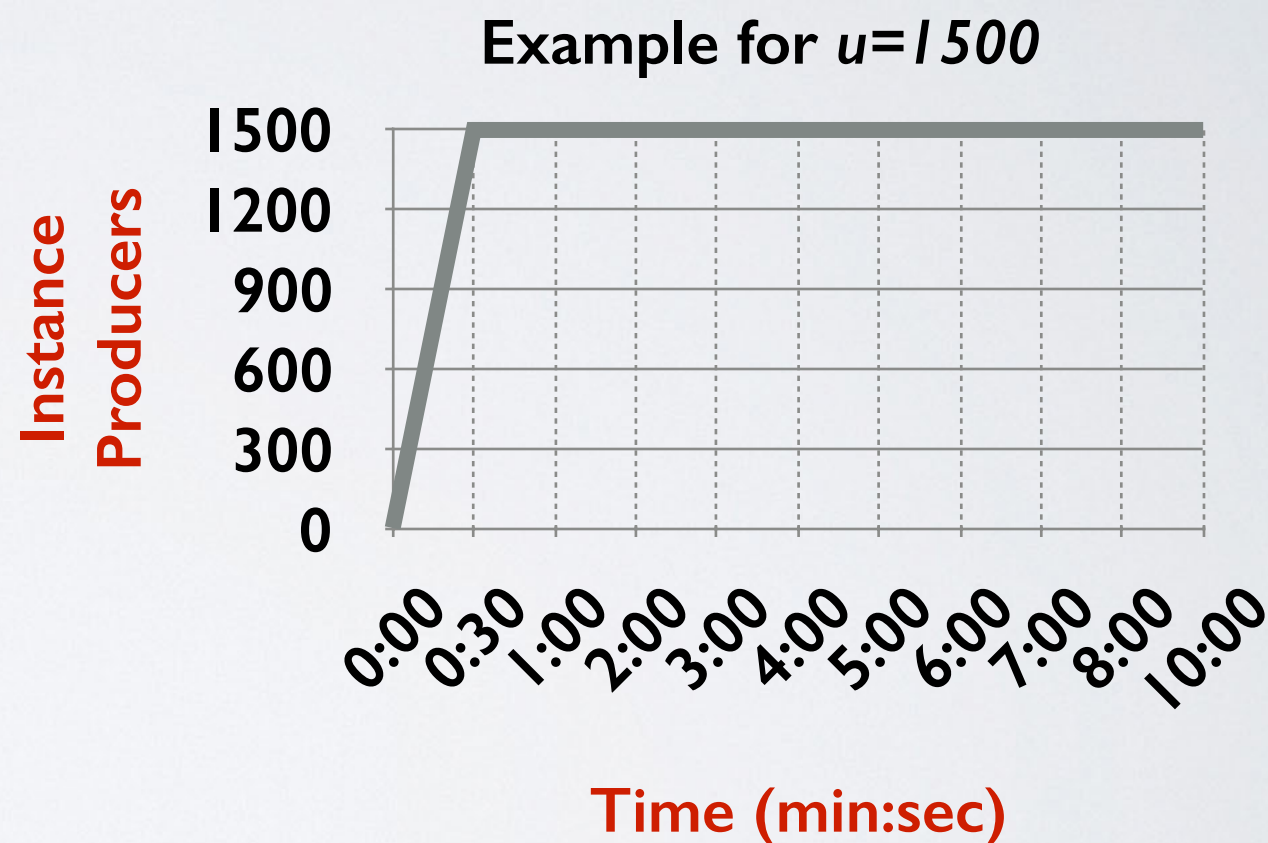
Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

Load
Functions

load function

Test
Type → Load test

# of Instance Producers	u
Think Time	1 sec
Max User req/sec (r)	1
Load Time (T_l)	10 min
Ramp-Up Period (T_r)	30 sec
Connection Time-out (T_o)	20 sec

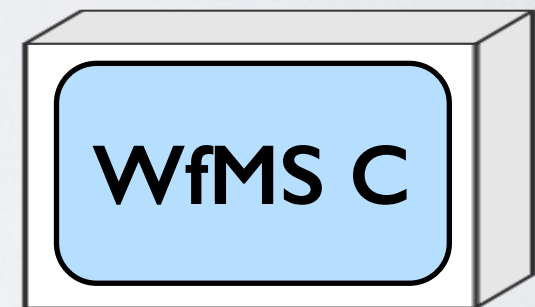
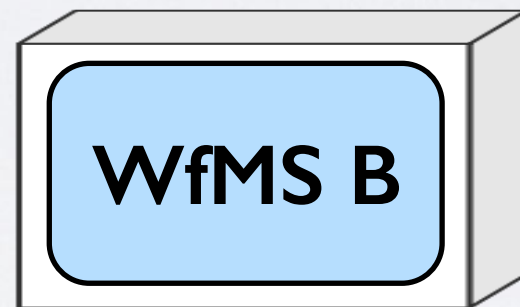


Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS environments



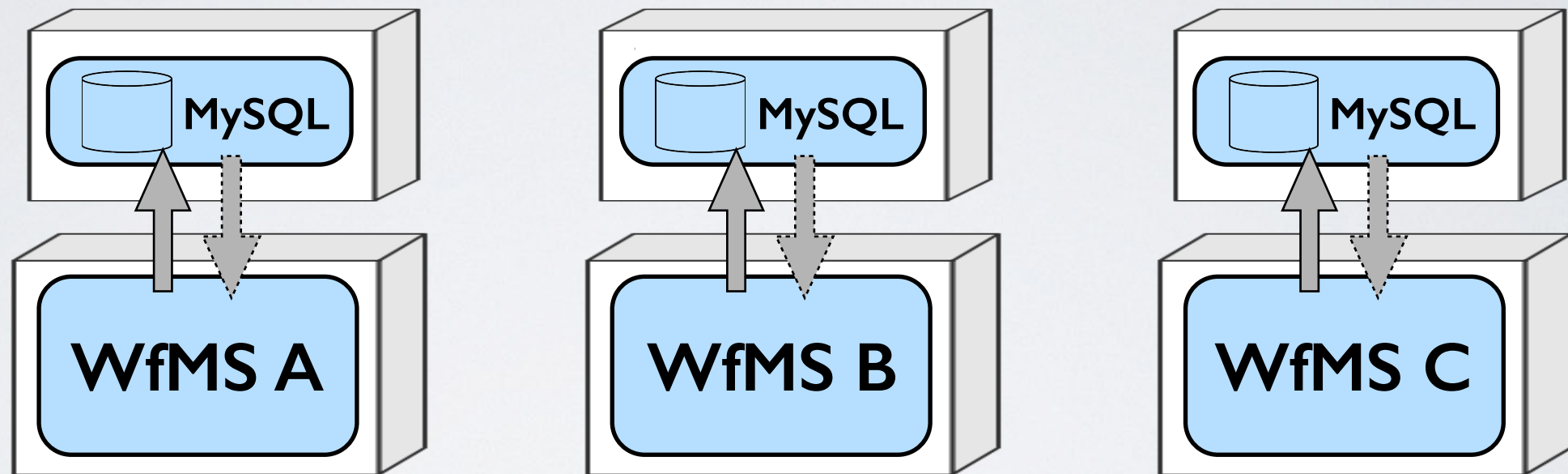
Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS environments

MySQL: Community Server 5.6.26



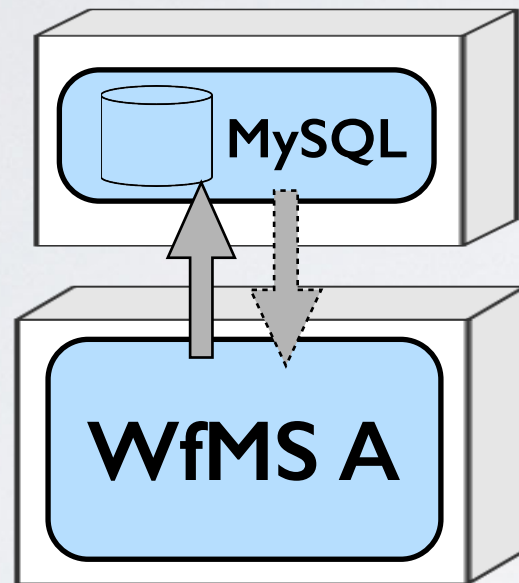
Configurations

WfMS

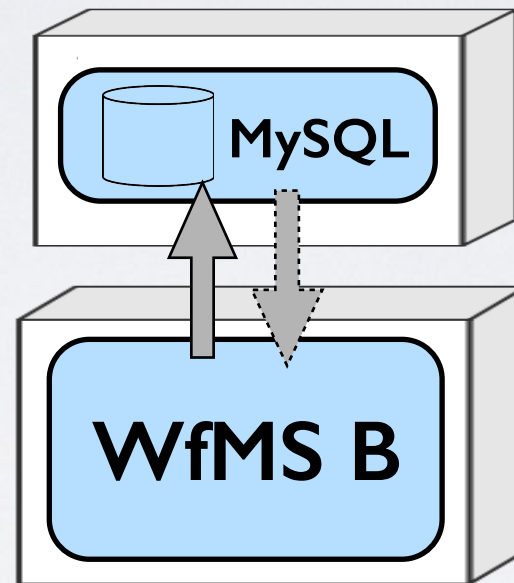
Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS environments

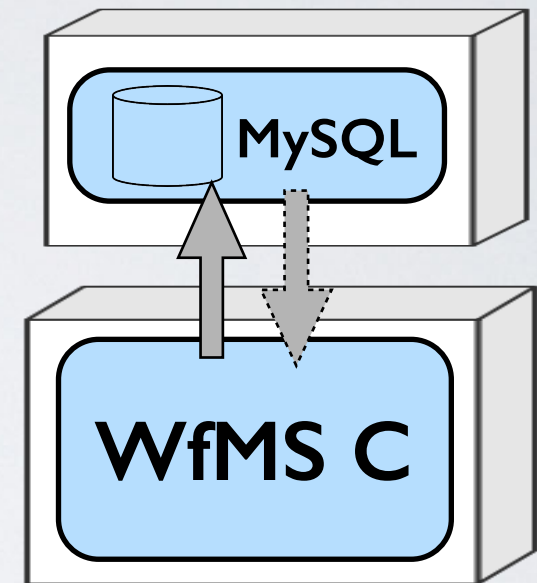
MySQL: Community Server 5.6.26



O.S.: Ubuntu 14.04.01
J.V.M.: Oracle Serv. 7u79



Ubuntu 14.04.01
Oracle Serv. 7u79



Ubuntu 14.04.01
Oracle Serv. 7u79

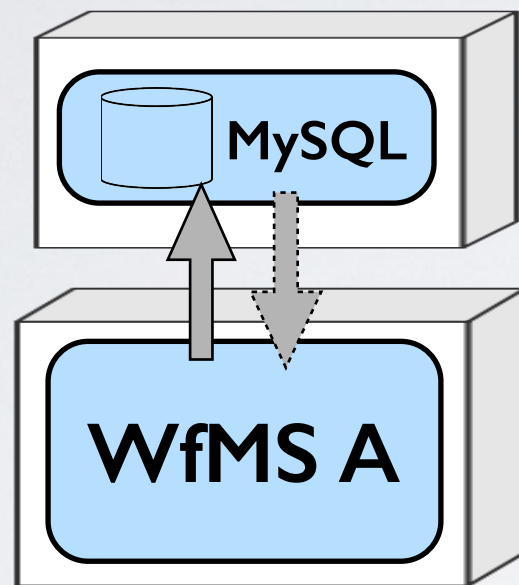
Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS environments

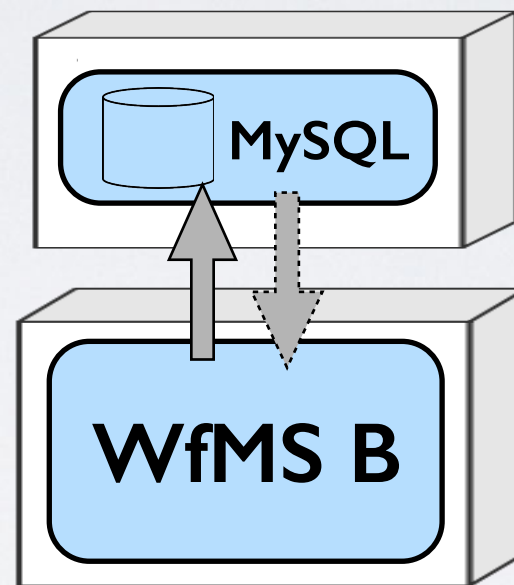
MySQL: Community Server 5.6.26



O.S.: Ubuntu 14.04.01

J.V.M.: Oracle Serv. 7u79

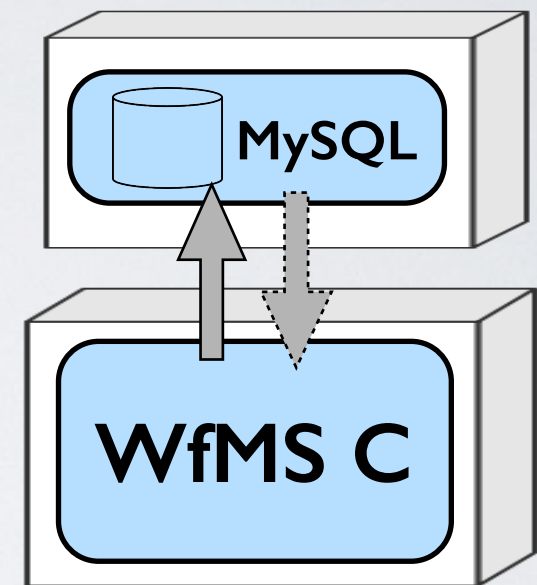
App. Server: Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62



Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62



Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Wildfly 8.1.0. Final

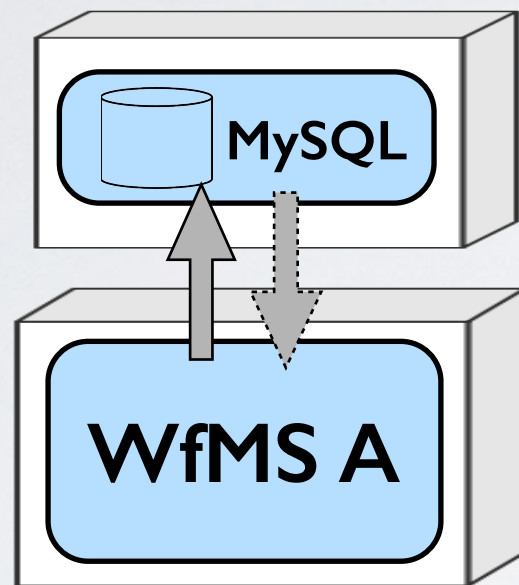
Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS environments

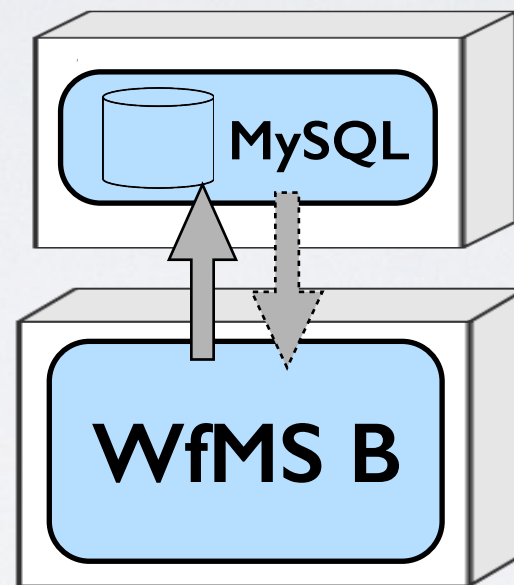
MySQL: Community Server 5.6.26



O.S.: Ubuntu 14.04.01

J.V.M.: Oracle Serv. 7u79

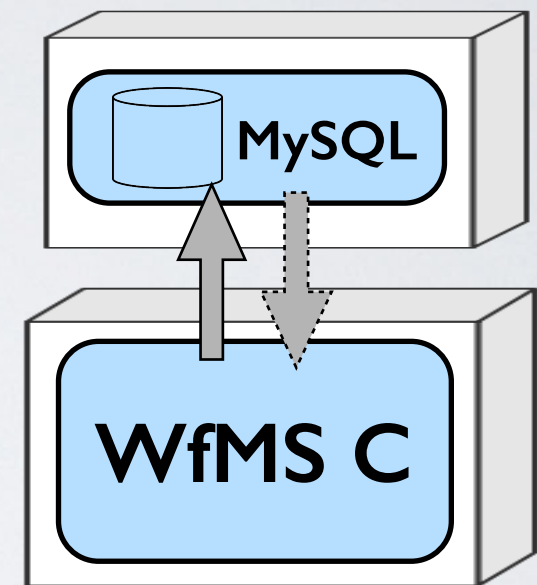
App. Server: Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62



Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62



Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Wildfly 8.1.0. Final

Max Java Heap: 32GB

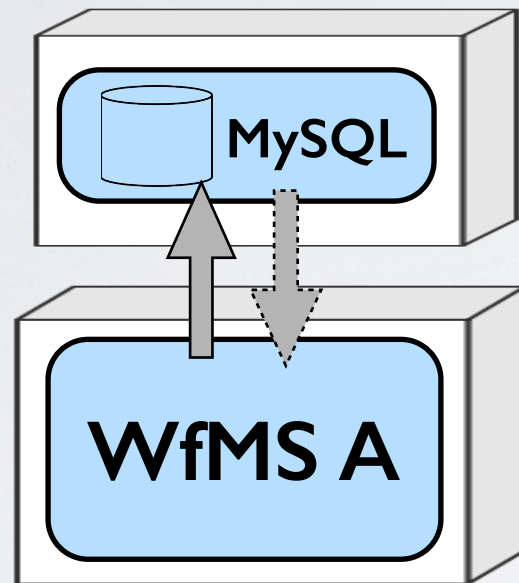
Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS environments

MySQL: Community Server 5.6.26

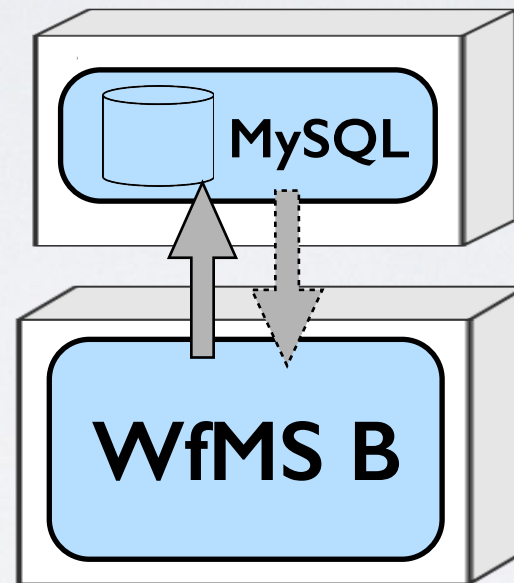


O.S.: Ubuntu 14.04.01

J.V.M.: Oracle Serv. 7u79

App. Server: Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62

Max Java Heap: 32GB

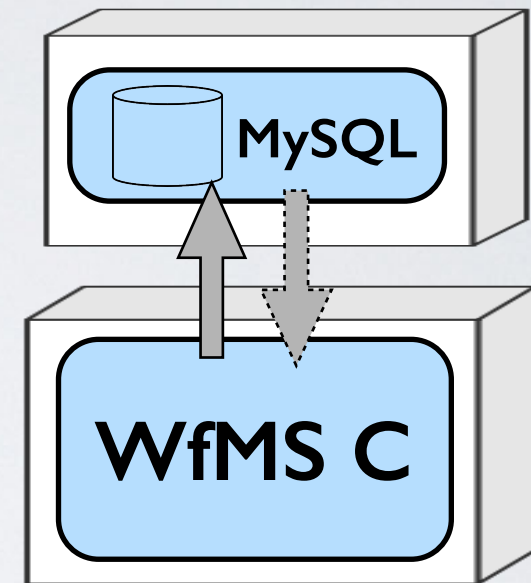


Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62

Max DB Connections Number: 100



Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Wildfly 8.1.0. Final

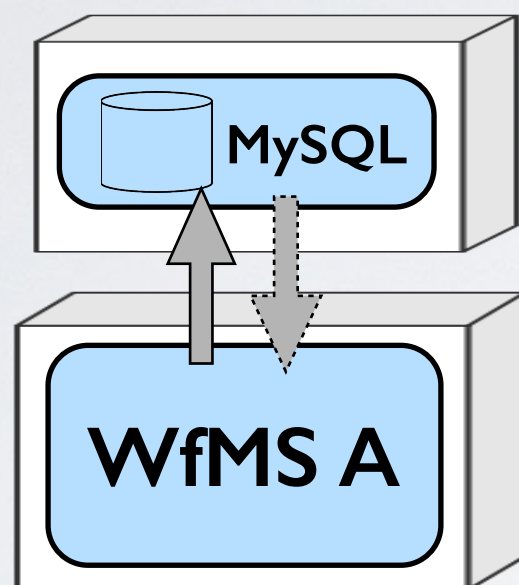
Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS environments

MySQL: Community Server 5.6.26

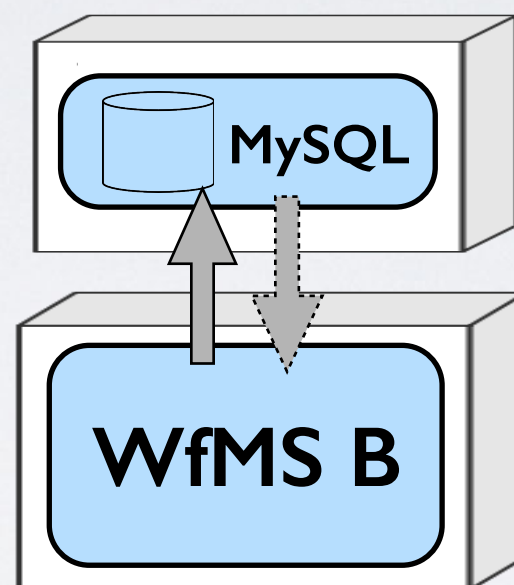


O.S.: Ubuntu 14.04.01

J.V.M.: Oracle Serv. 7u79

App. Server: Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62

Max Java Heap: 32GB

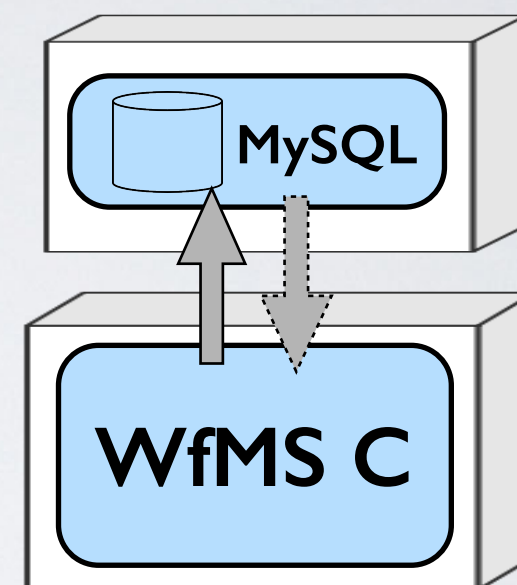


Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62

Max DB Connections Number: 100



Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Wildfly 8.1.0. Final

WfMS's Containers: official ones, if available on DockerHub

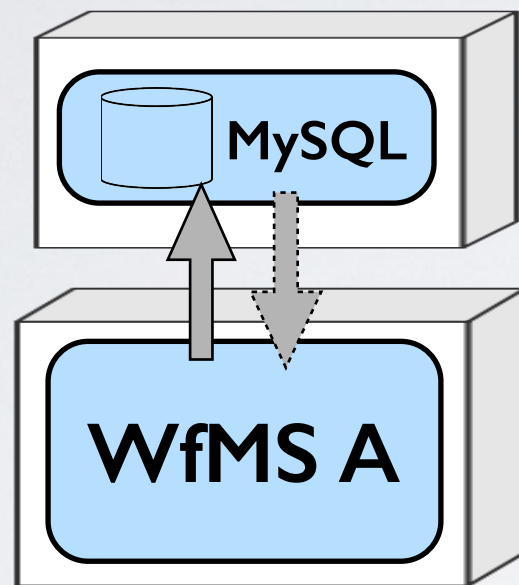
Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS environments

MySQL: Community Server 5.6.26

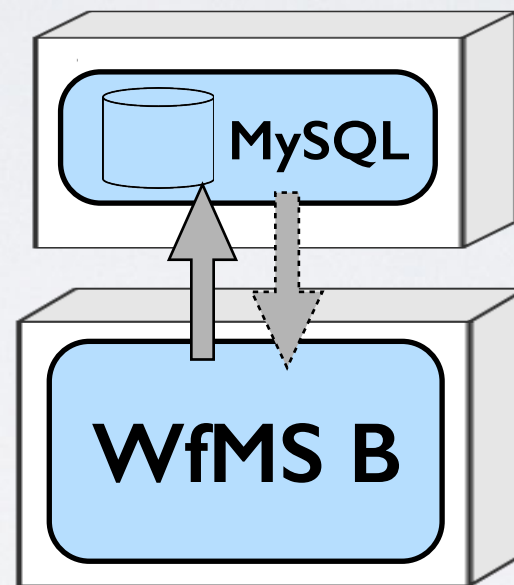


O.S.: Ubuntu 14.04.01

J.V.M.: Oracle Serv. 7u79

App. Server: Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62

Max Java Heap: 32GB

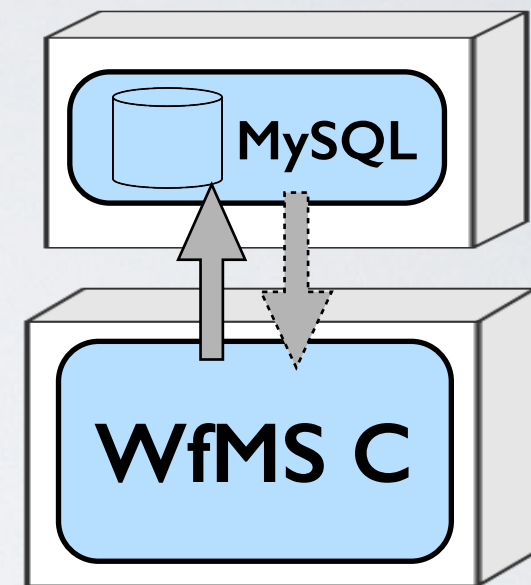


Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Ap.Tomcat 7.0.62

Max DB Connections Number: 100



Ubuntu 14.04.01

Oracle Serv. 7u79

Wildfly 8.1.0. Final

WfMS's Containers: official ones, if available on DockerHub

WfMS's Configuration: as suggested by vendor's documentation

Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS deployment

Load Drivers

CPU	64 Cores @ 1400 MHz
RAM	128 GB

WfMS

CPU	12 Cores @ 800 MHz
RAM	64 GB

DBMS

CPU	64 Cores @ 2300 MHz
RAM	128 GB

TEST ENVIRONMENT

Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS deployment

Load Drivers

WfMS

DBMS

CPU

64 Cores
@ 1400 MHz

CPU

12 Cores
@ 800 MHz

CPU

64 Cores
@ 2300 MHz

RAM

128 GB

RAM

64 GB

RAM

128 GB

TEST ENVIRONMENT

●—● 10 Gbit/s
●—● 10 Gbit/s

Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS deployment

Load Drivers

WfMS

DBMS

CPU

64 Cores
@ 1400 MHz

CPU

12 Cores
@ 800 MHz

CPU

64 Cores
@ 2300 MHz

RAM

128 GB

RAM

64 GB

RAM

128 GB

TEST ENVIRONMENT

●—● 10 Gbit/s
●—● 10 Gbit/s

O.S.: Ubuntu 14.04.3 LTS

Ubuntu 14.04.3 LTS

Ubuntu 14.04.3 LTS

Configurations

WfMS

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

configurations: WfMS deployment

Load Drivers

WfMS

DBMS

CPU	64 Cores @ 1400 MHz	CPU	12 Cores @ 800 MHz	CPU	64 Cores @ 2300 MHz
RAM	128 GB	RAM	64 GB	RAM	128 GB

TEST ENVIRONMENT

●—● 10 Gbit/s
●—● 10 Gbit/s

O.S.: Ubuntu 14.04.3 LTS

Ubuntu 14.04.3 LTS

Ubuntu 14.04.3 LTS



1.8.2

1.8.2

1.8.2

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

performed experiments

Individual patterns

1. 1500 (max) concurrent Instance Producers starting each pattern
[SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR]

Mix of patterns

2. 1500 concurrent Instance Producers starting an equal number of
pattern instances (20% mix of [SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR])

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

performed experiments

Individual patterns

1. 1500 (max) concurrent Instance Producers starting each pattern [SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR]

Mix of patterns

2. 1500 concurrent Instance Producers starting an equal number of pattern instances (20% mix of [SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR])

Three runs for each execution of the experiments

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

performed experiments

Individual patterns

1. 1500 (max) concurrent Instance Producers starting each pattern
[SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR]

Mix of patterns

2. 1500 concurrent Instance Producers starting an equal number of
pattern instances (20% mix of [SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR])

Three runs for each execution of the experiments

The data collected in the first minute of the execution has not been included in the analysis

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

performed experiments

Individual patterns

1. 1500 (max) concurrent Instance Producers starting each pattern
[SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR]

Mix of patterns

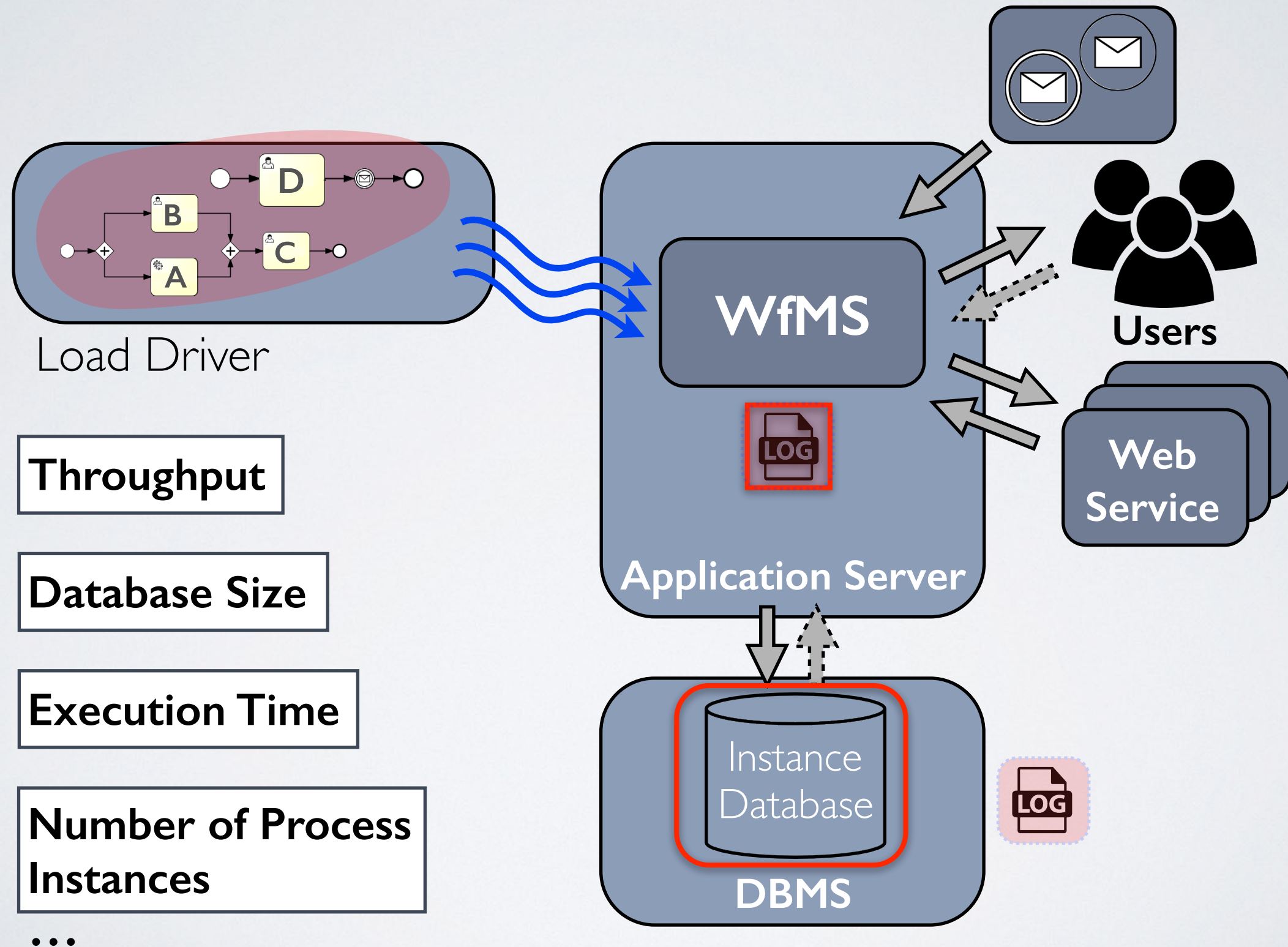
2. 1500 concurrent Instance Producers starting an equal number of
pattern instances (20% mix of [SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR])

Three runs for each execution of the experiments

The data collected in the first minute of the execution has not been included in the analysis

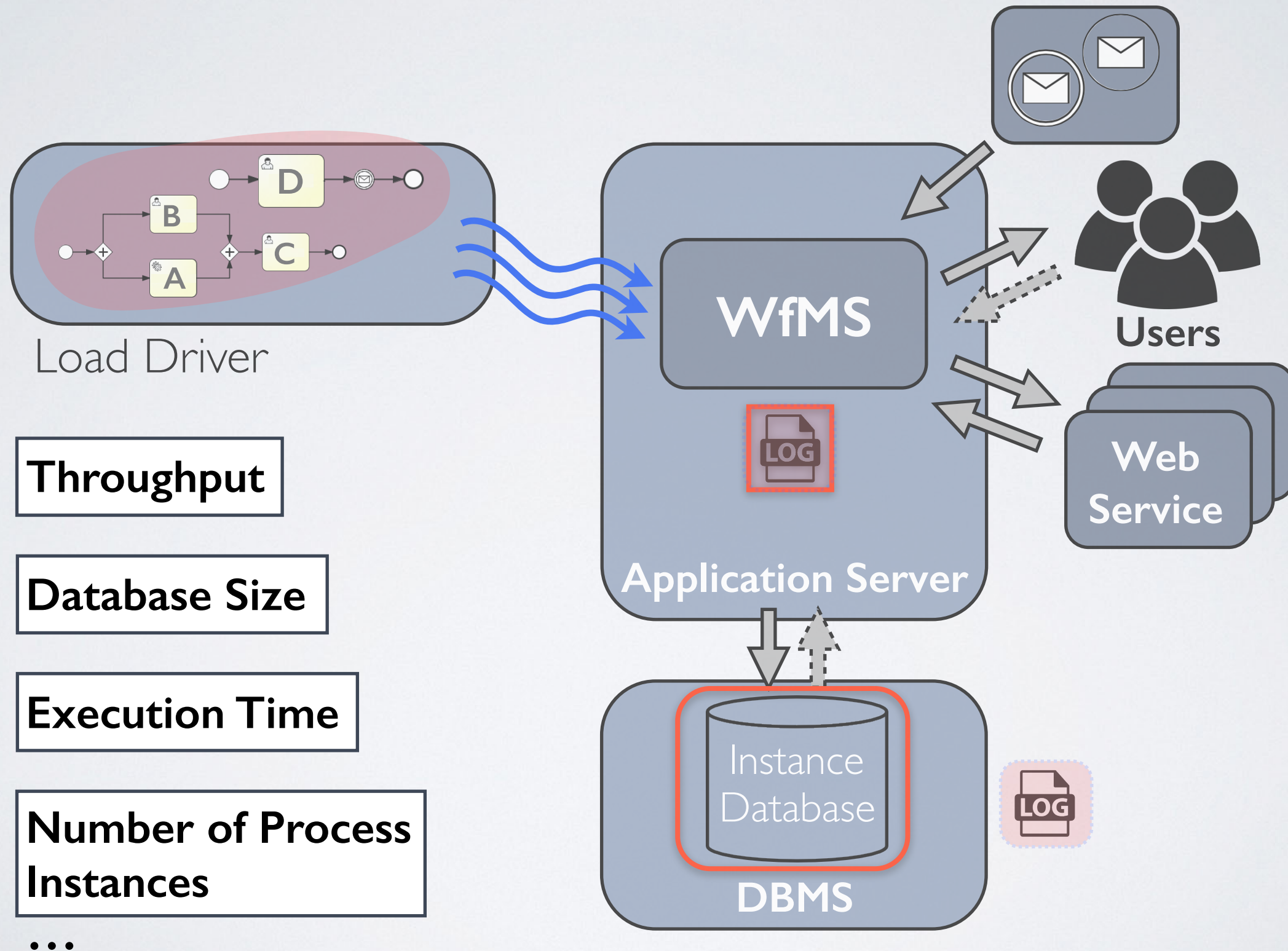
Computed Metrics and Statistics

engine level metrics



Computed Metrics and Statistics

engine level metrics



Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

individual patterns: throughput (bp/sec)

	SEQ	EXC	EXT	PAR	CYC
WfMS A	1456.79	1417.17	1455.68	1433.12	327.99 <i>u=600</i>
WfMS B	1447.66	1436.03	1426.35	1429.65	644.02 <i>u=800</i>
WfMS C	63.31	49.04	0.38	48.89	13.46 <i>u=1500</i>

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

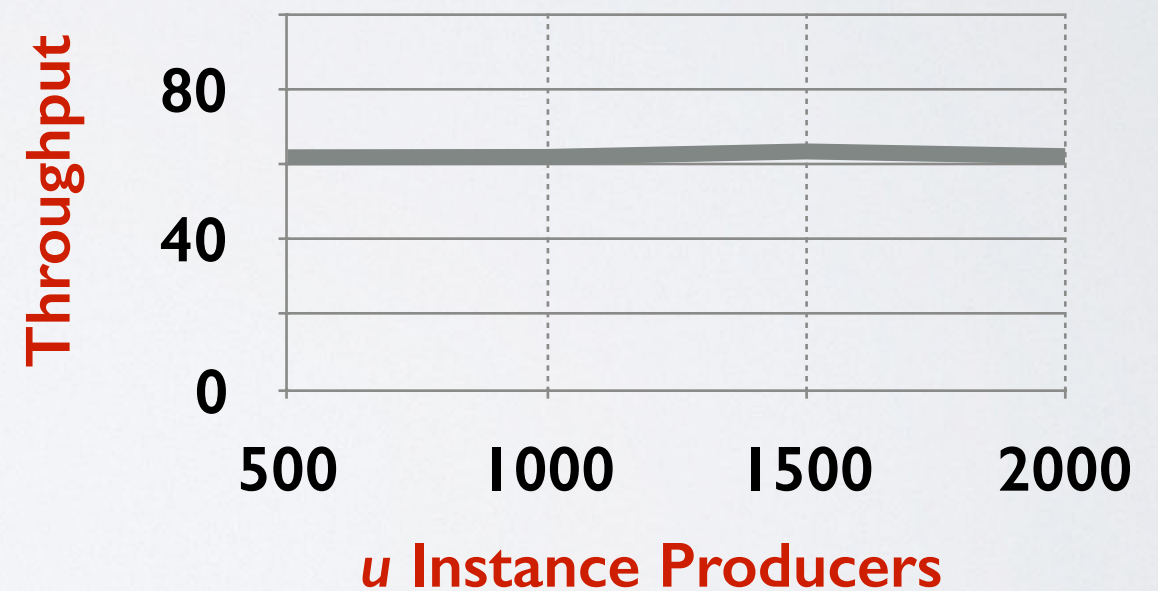
individual patterns: WfMS C Scalability for SEQ pattern

**WfMS C uses a synchronous instantiation API,
load drivers must wait for workflows to end
before starting new ones**

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

individual patterns: WfMS C Scalability for SEQ pattern

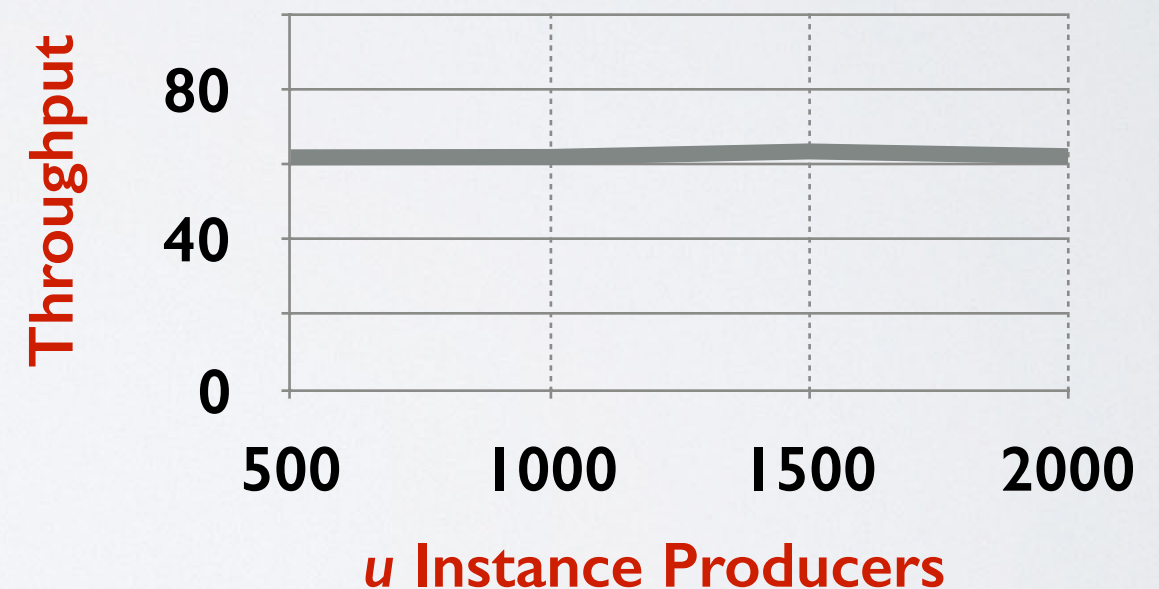
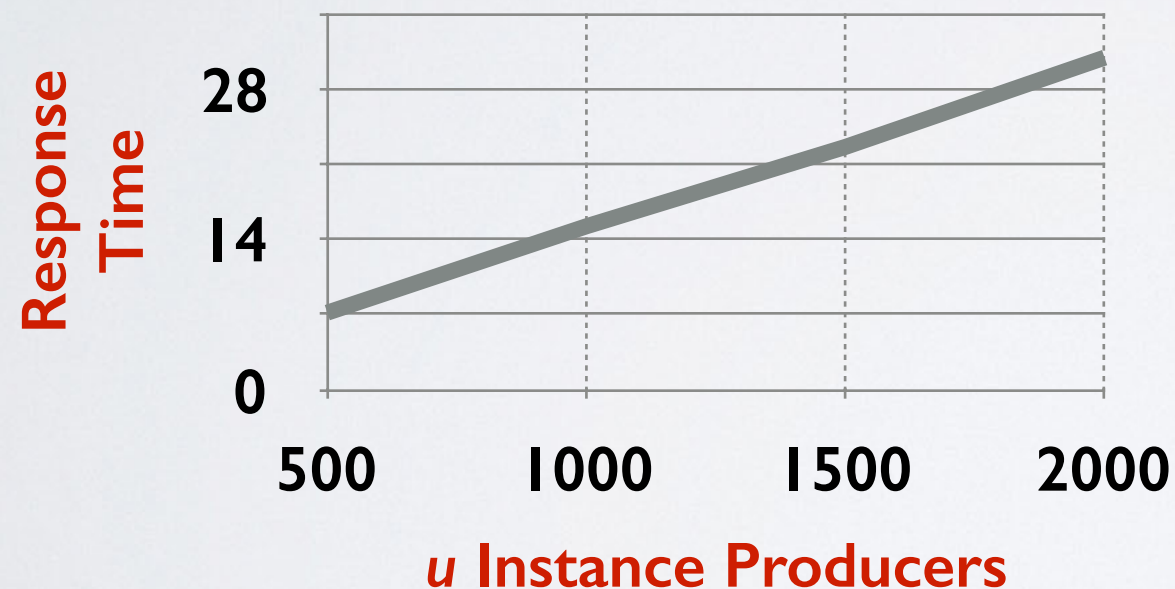
**WfMS C uses a synchronous instantiation API,
load drivers must wait for workflows to end
before starting new ones**



Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

individual patterns: WfMS C Scalability for SEQ pattern

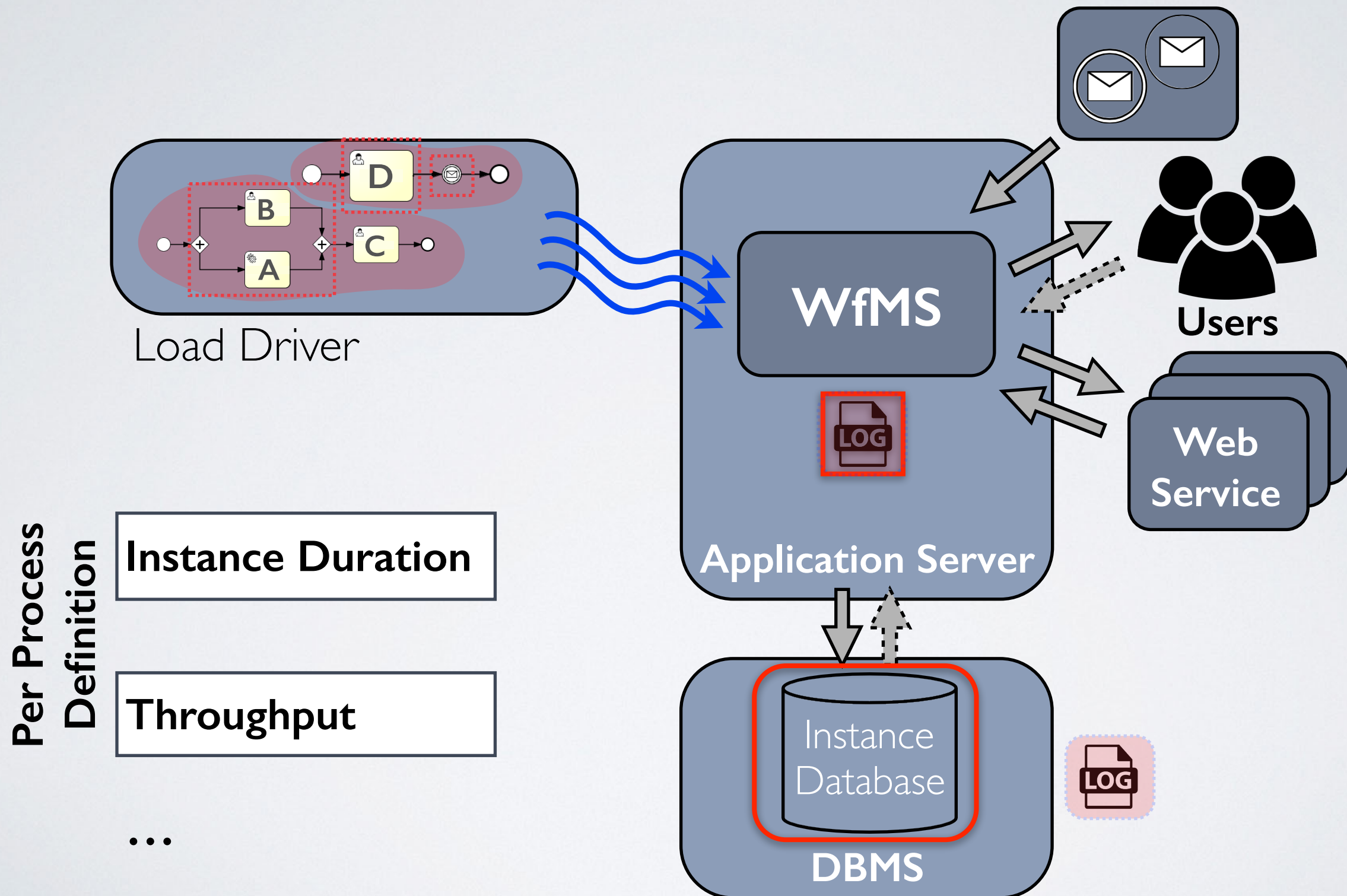
**WfMS C uses a synchronous instantiation API,
load drivers must wait for workflows to end
before starting new ones**



We have found a bottleneck! (~60 bp/sec)

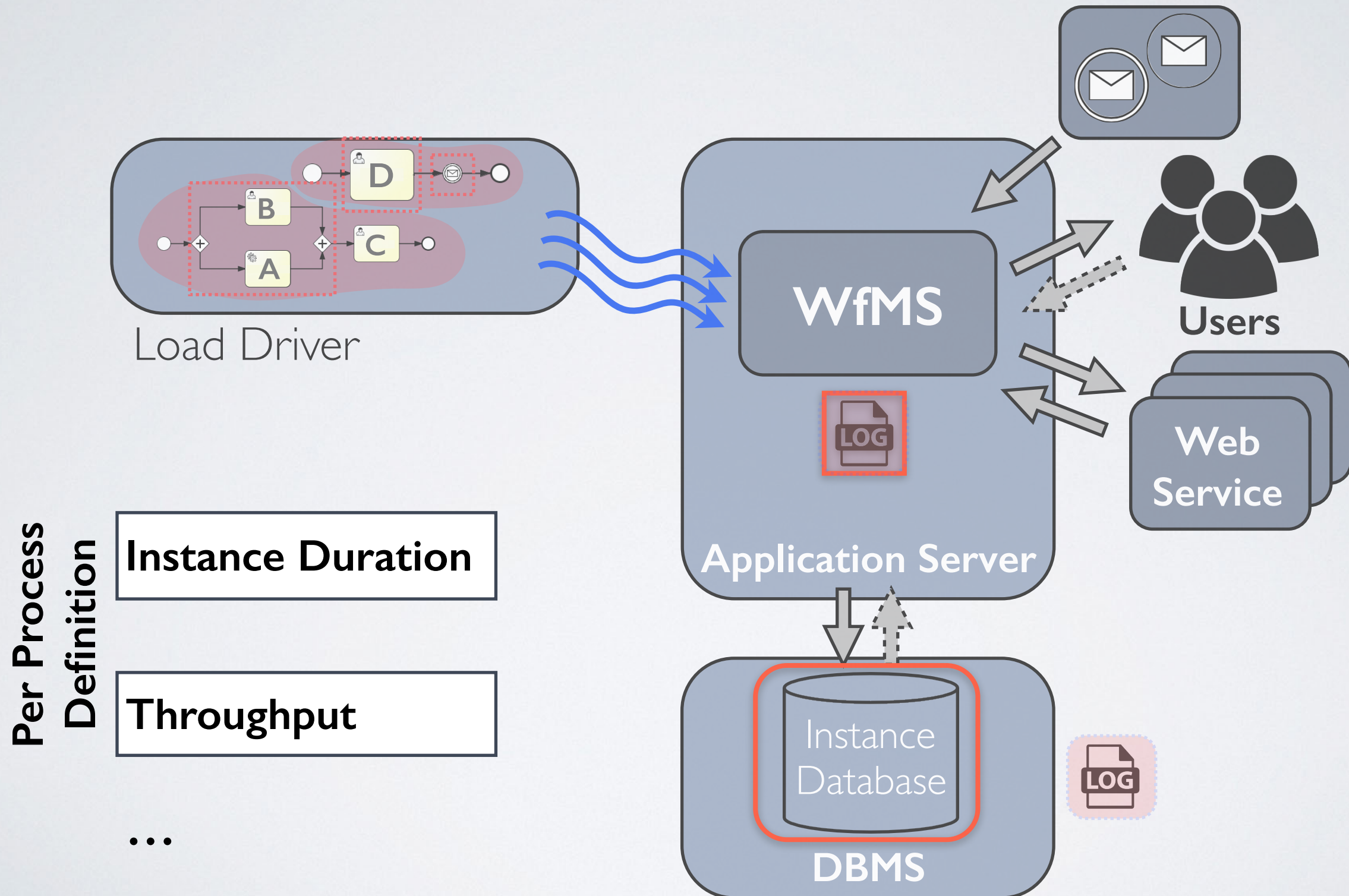
Computed Metrics and Statistics

process level metrics



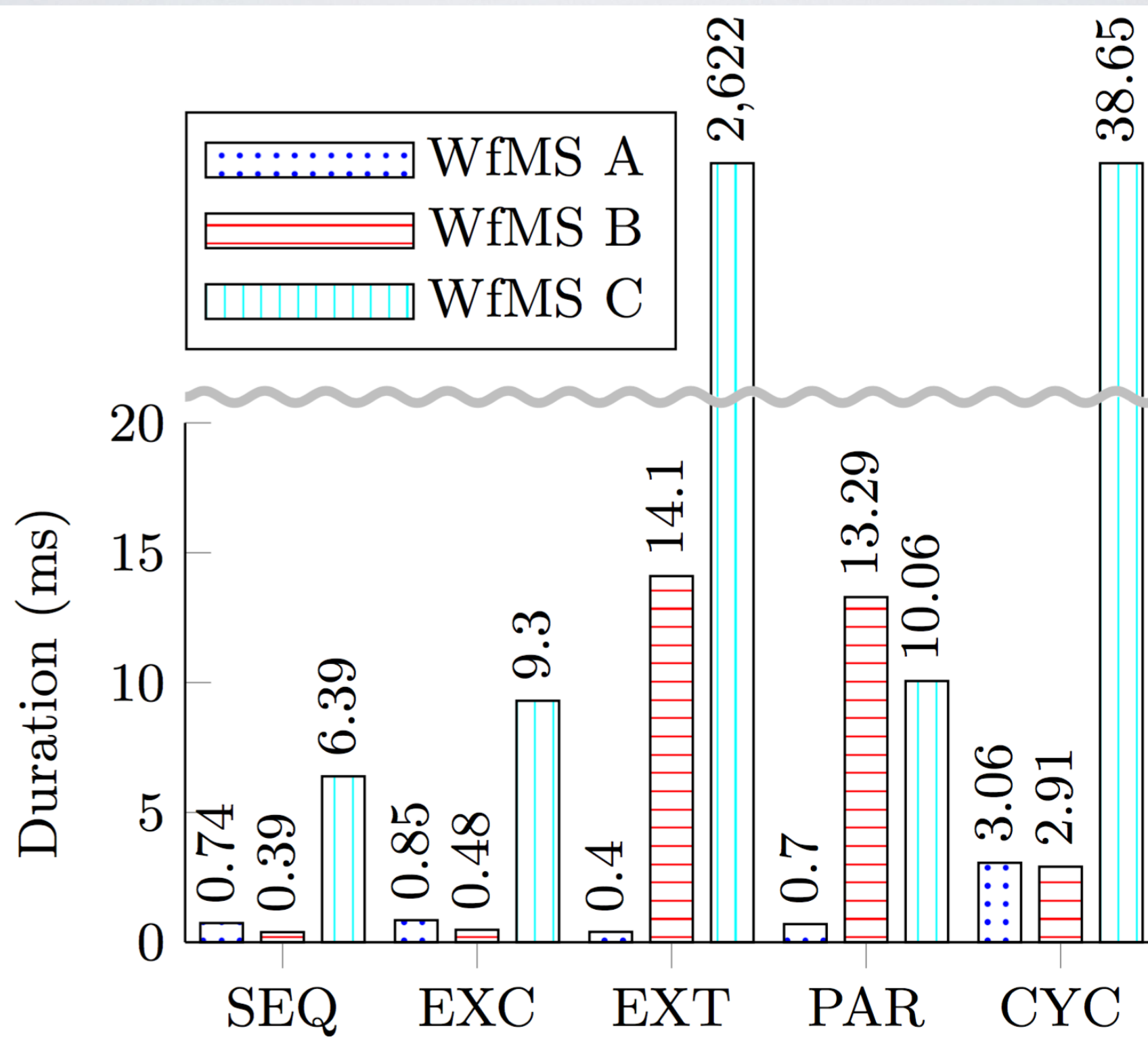
Computed Metrics and Statistics

process level metrics



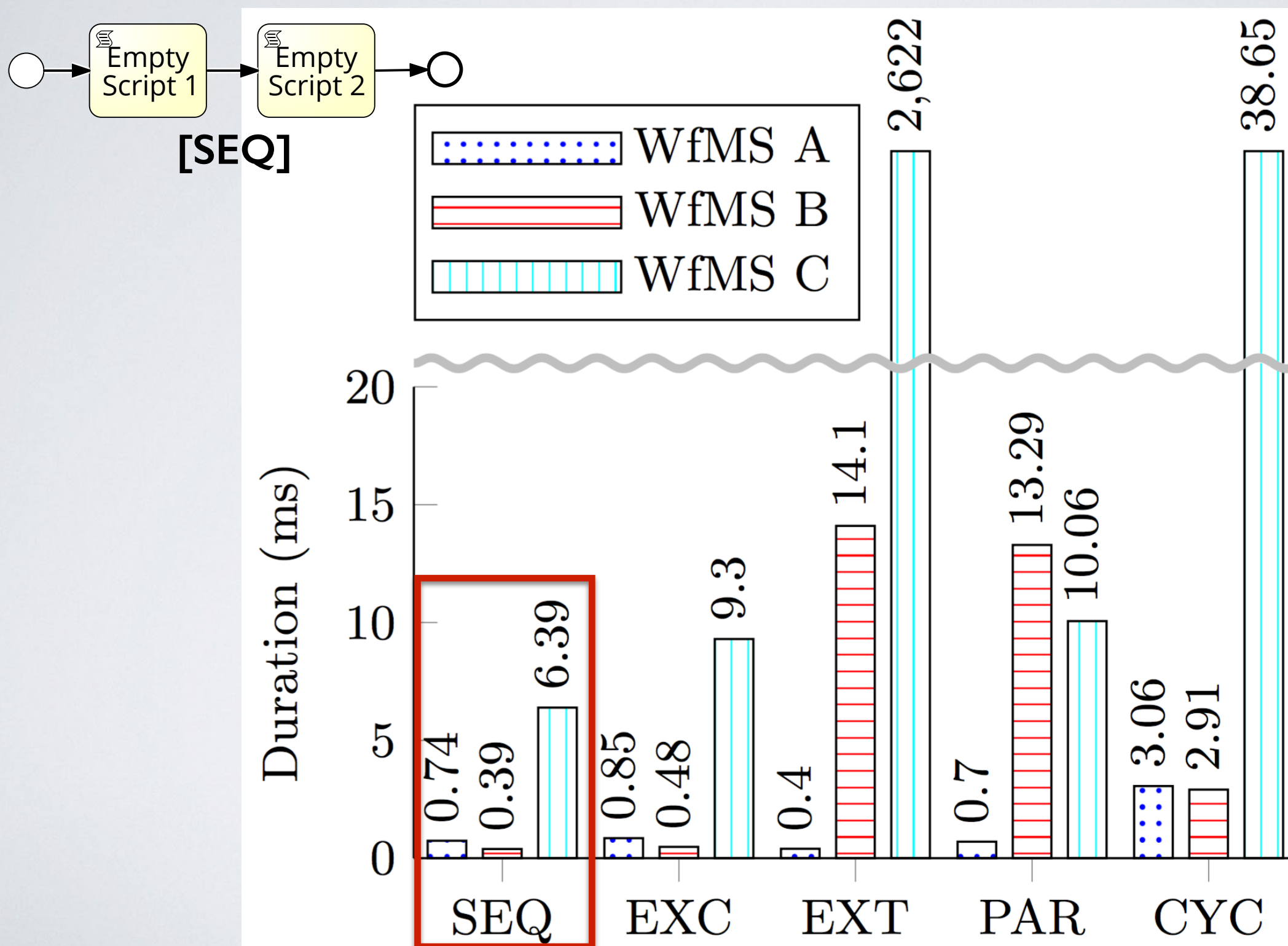
Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

individual patterns: mean (instance duration time)



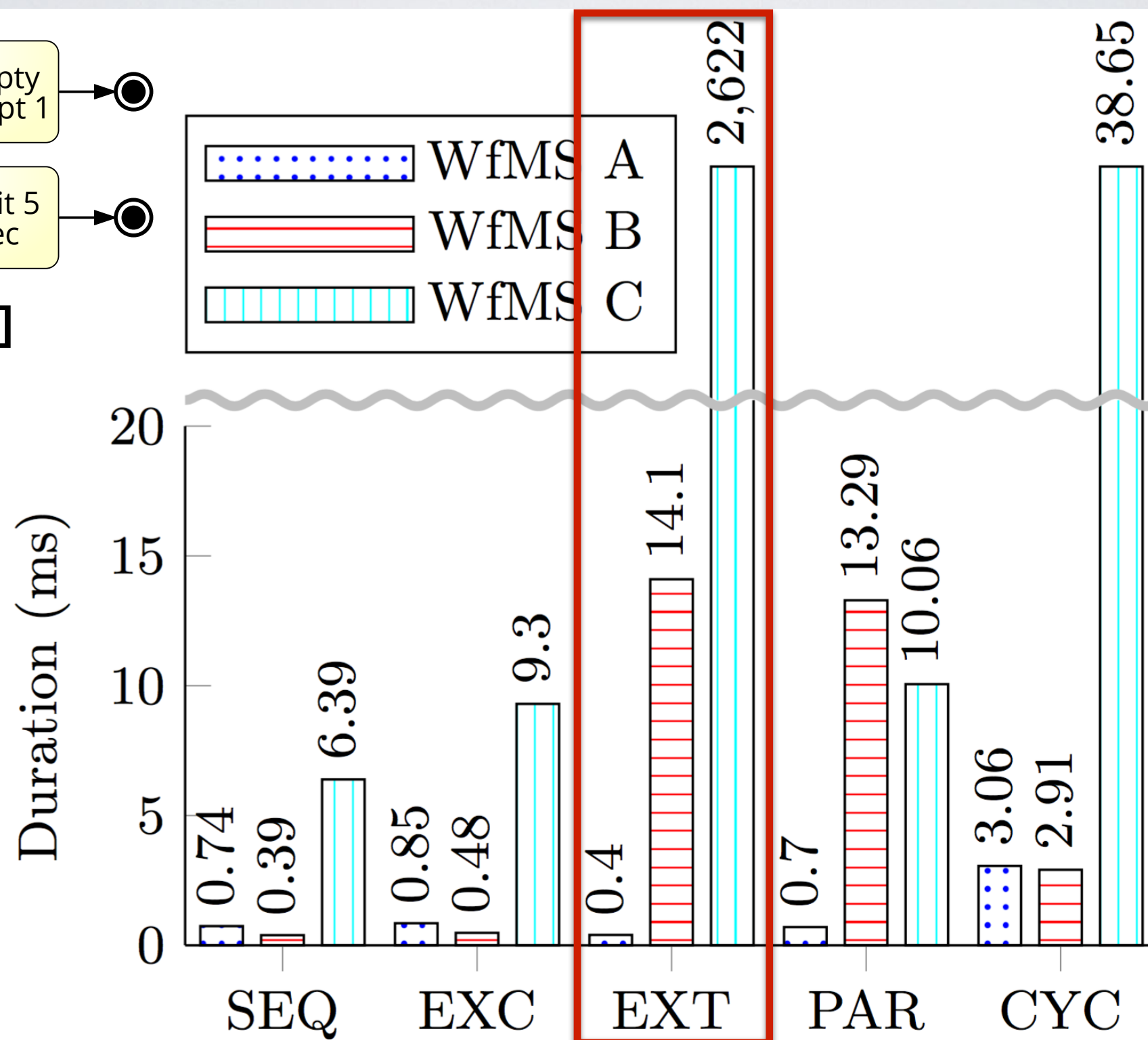
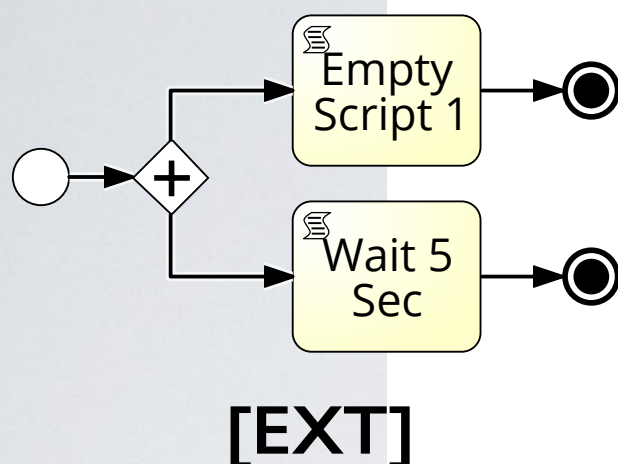
Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

individual patterns: mean (instance duration time)



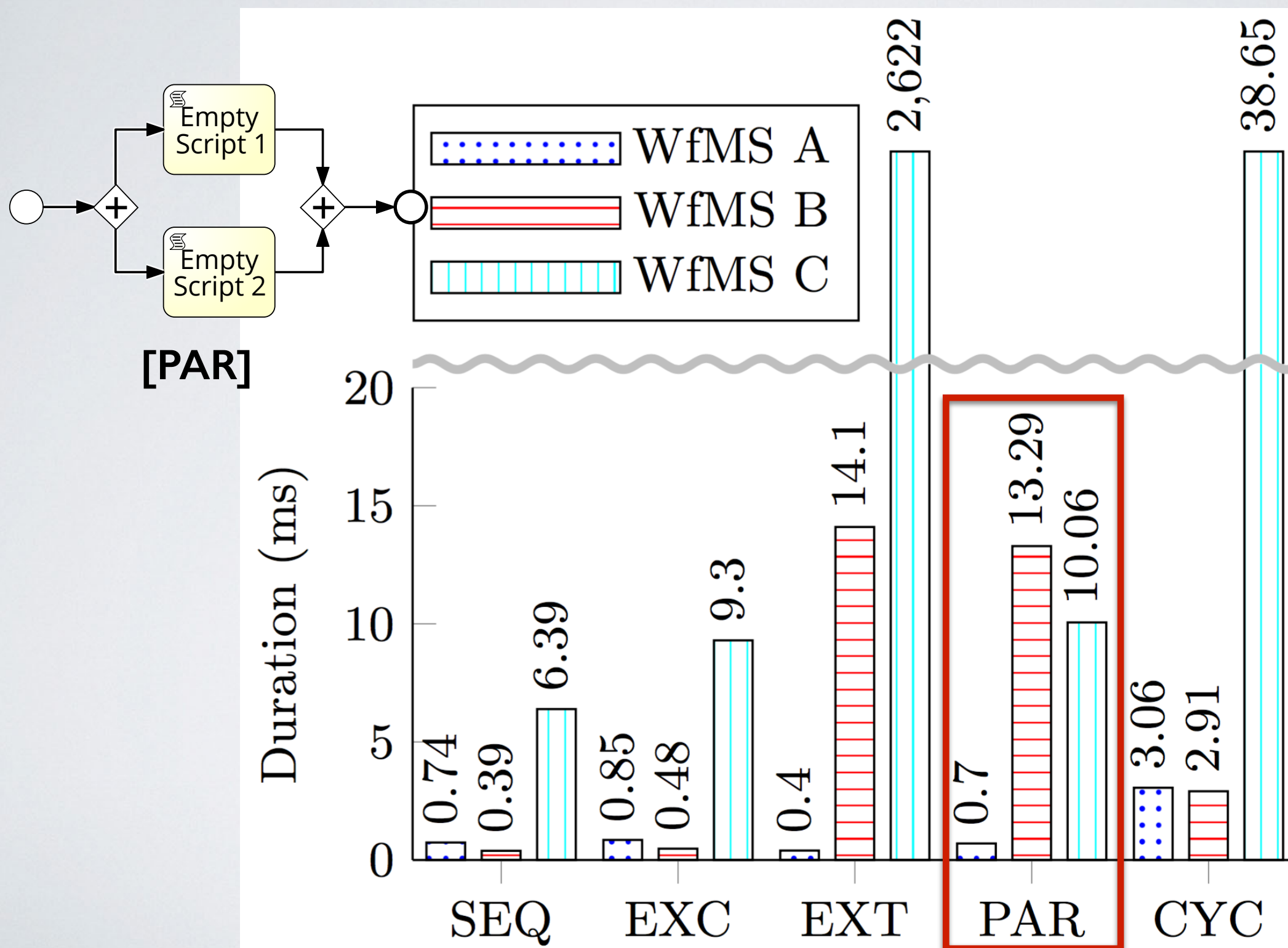
Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

individual patterns: mean (instance duration time)



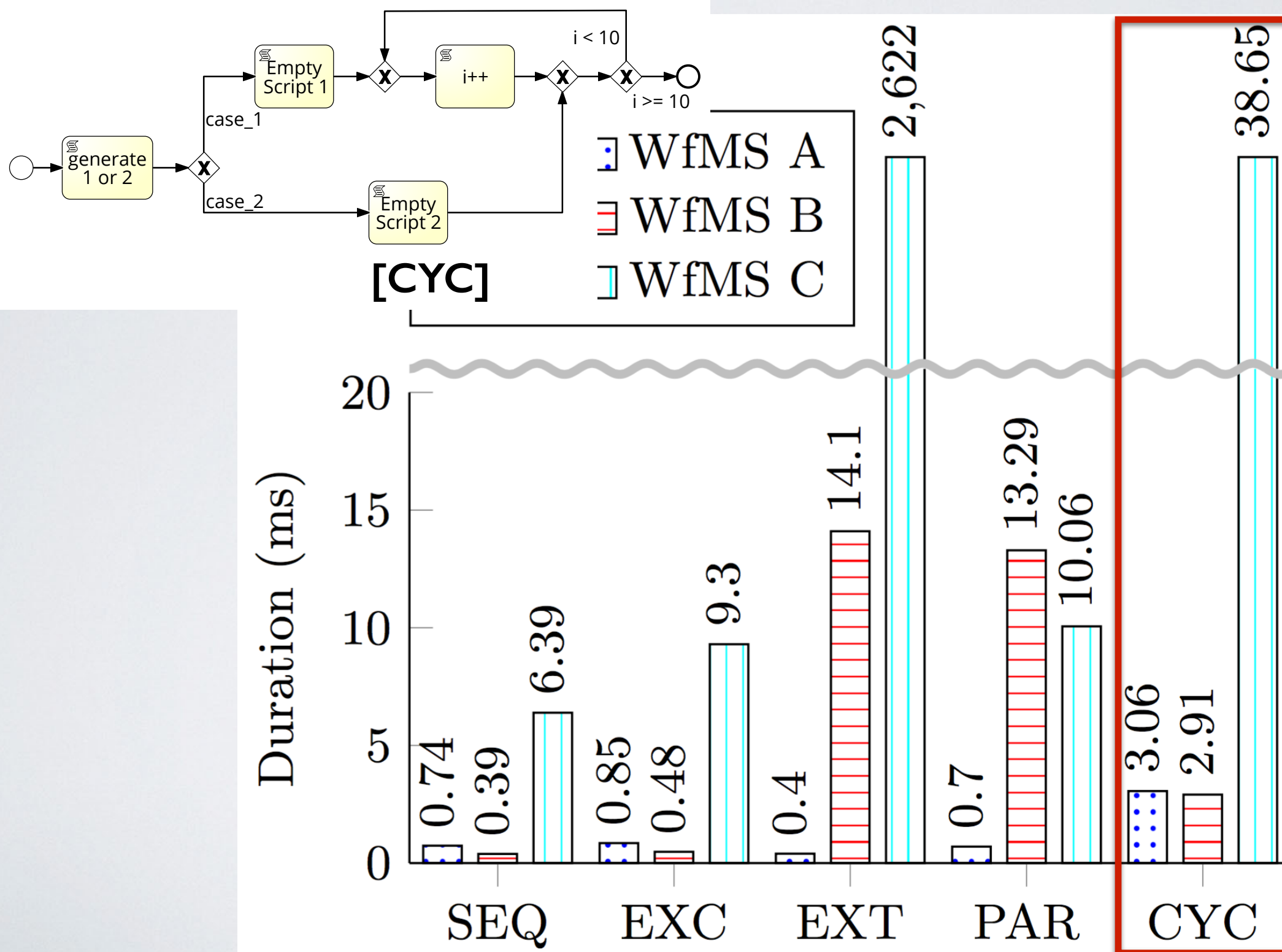
Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

individual patterns: mean (instance duration time)



Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

individual patterns: mean (instance duration time)

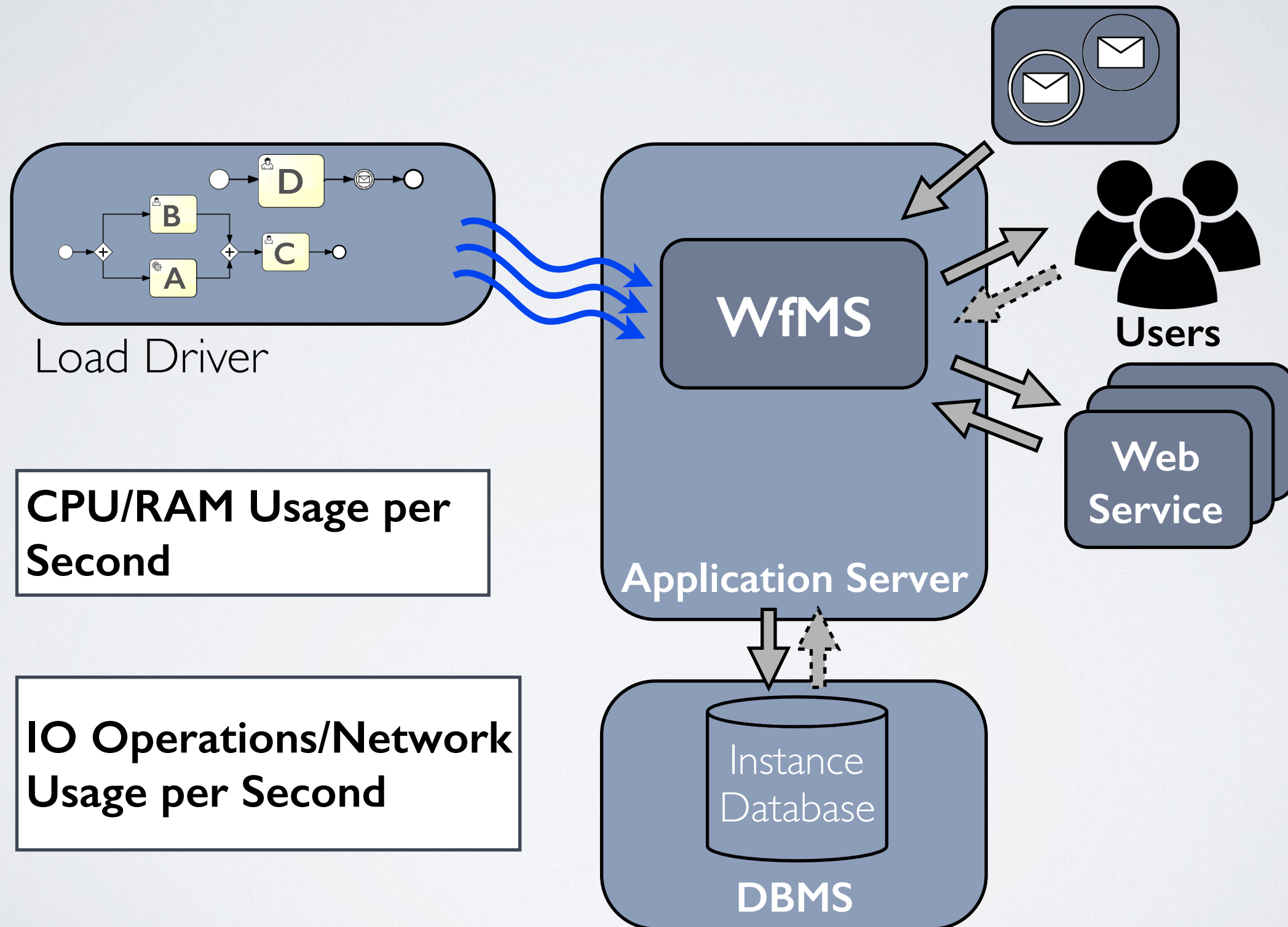


**CYC Instance
Producers:**

$u=600$

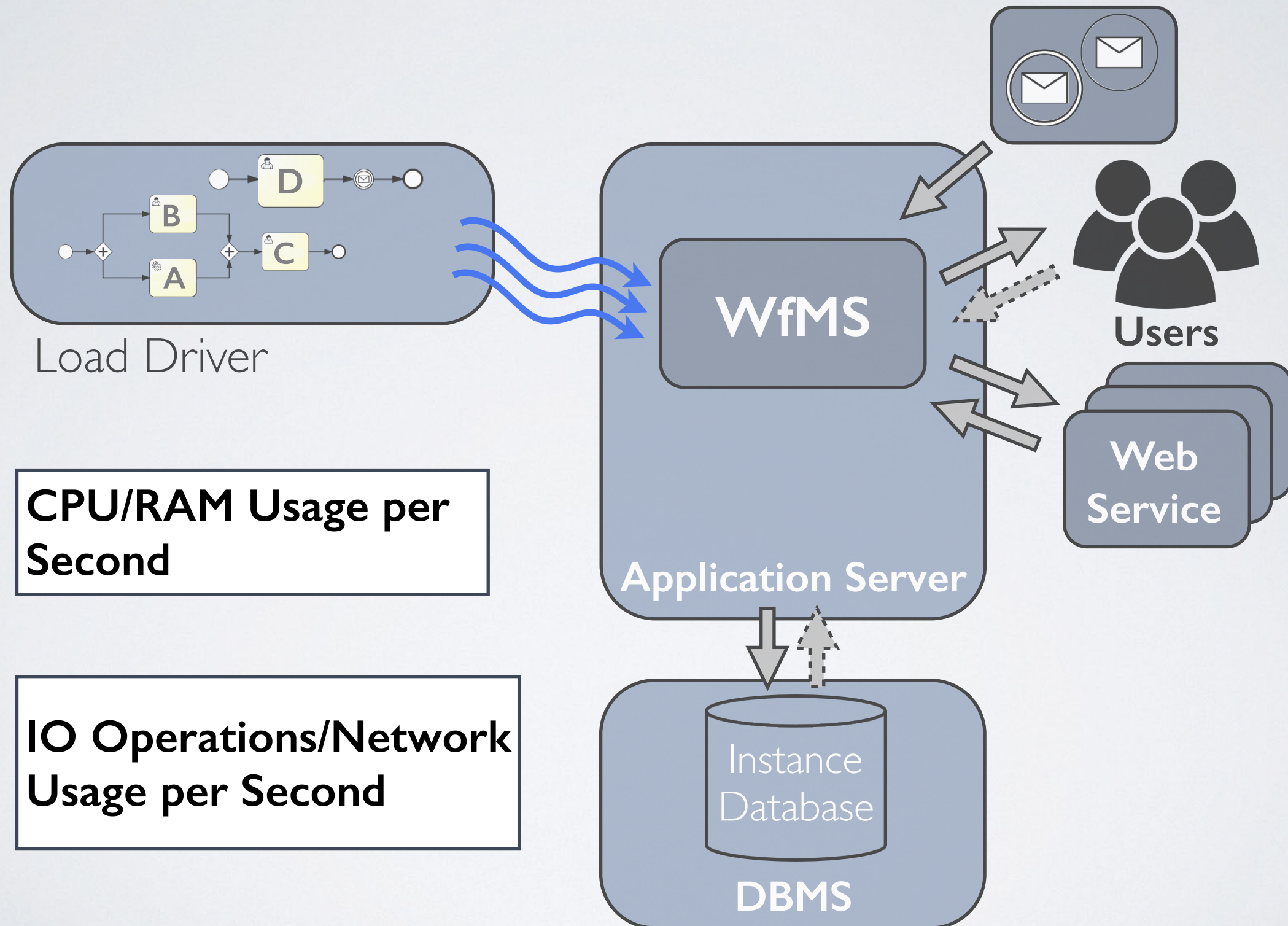
Computed Metrics and Statistics

environment metrics



Computed Metrics and Statistics

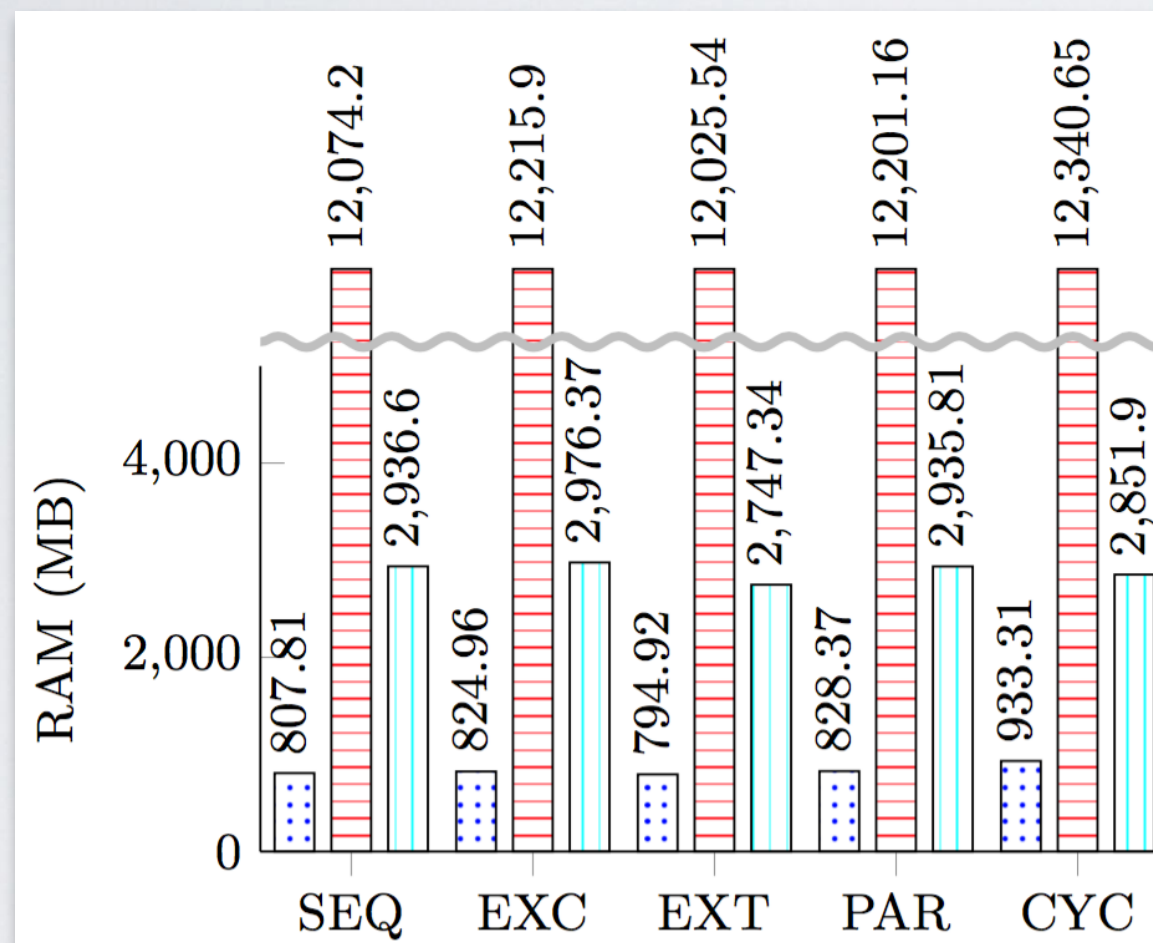
environment metrics



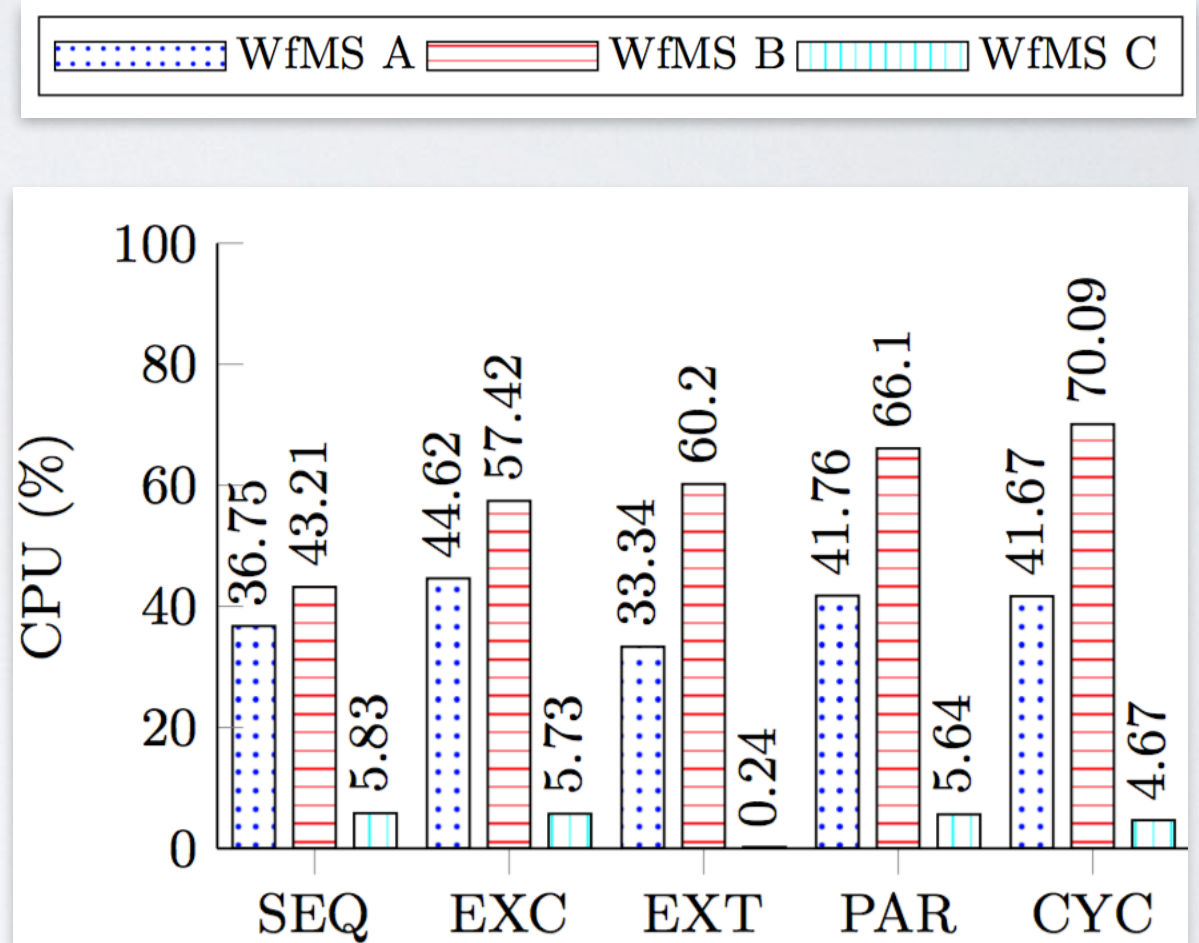
...

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

individual patterns: mean (RAM) and mean (CPU) usage



RAM



CPU

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

performed experiments

Individual patterns

1. 1500 (max) concurrent Instance Producers starting each pattern
[SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR]

Mix of patterns

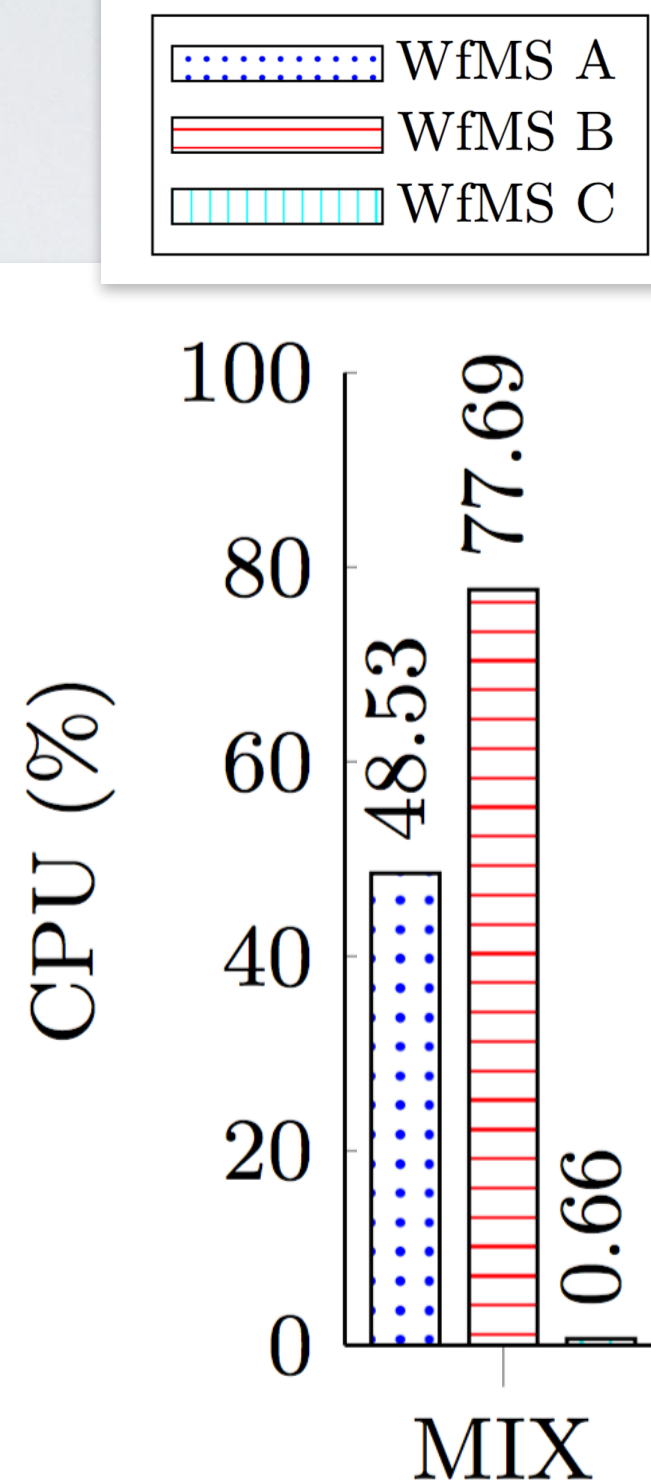
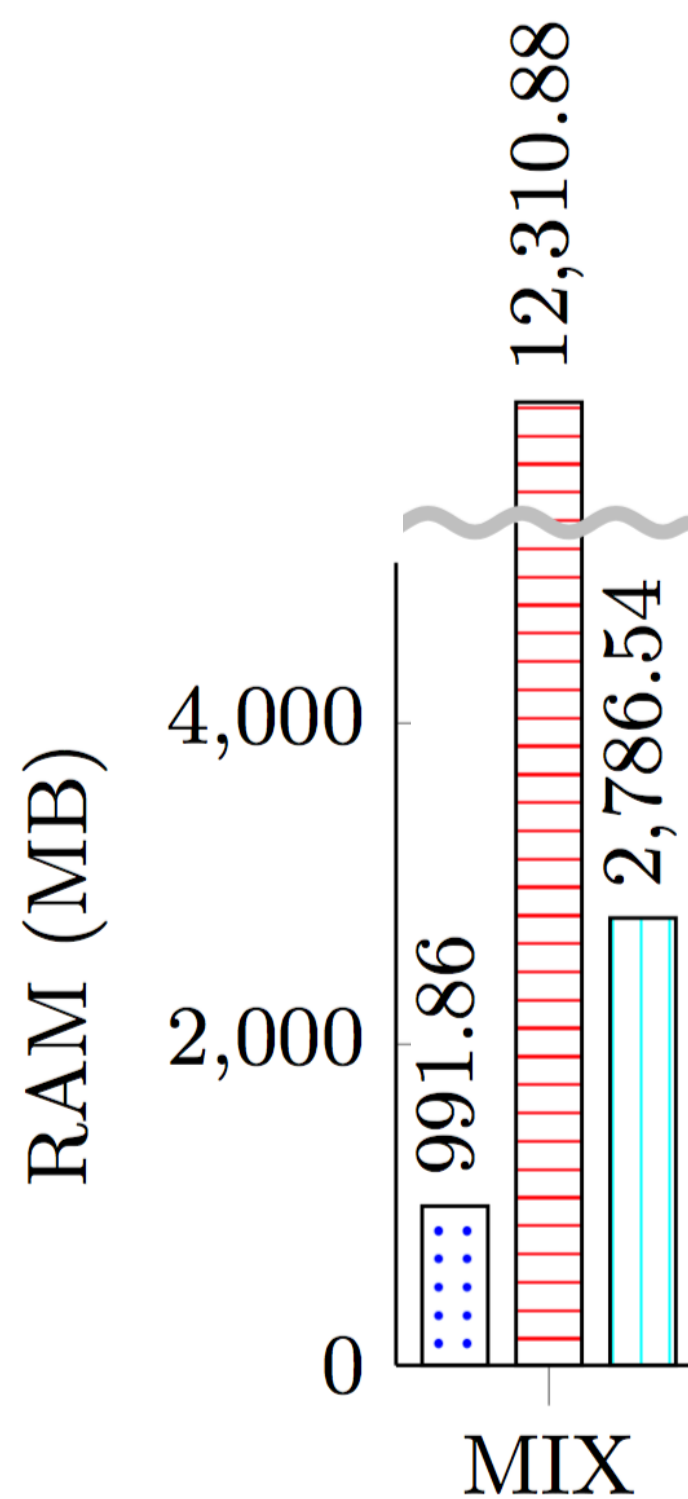
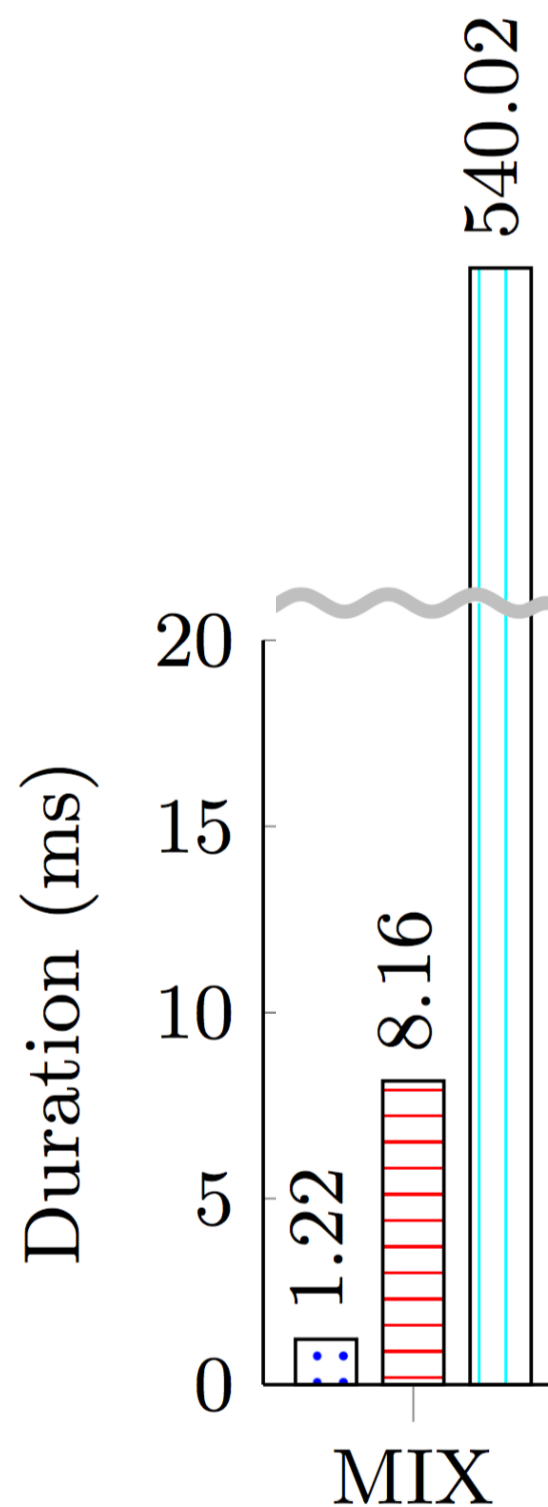
2. 1500 concurrent Instance Producers starting an equal number of
pattern instances (20% mix of [SEQ, EXC, CYC, EXT, PAR])

Three runs for each execution of the experiments

The data collected in the first minute of the execution has not been included in the analysis

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

mix of patterns: duration, RAM, CPU



Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

summary

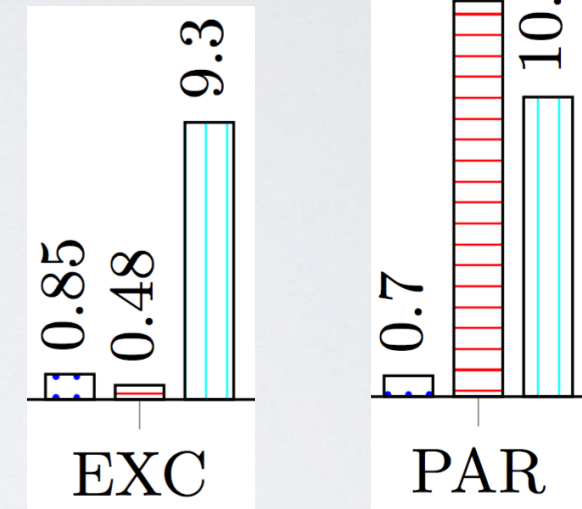
Even though the Executed Workflows are Simple

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

summary

Even though the Executed Workflows are Simple

There are relevant differences in workflows' duration and throughput among the WfMSs

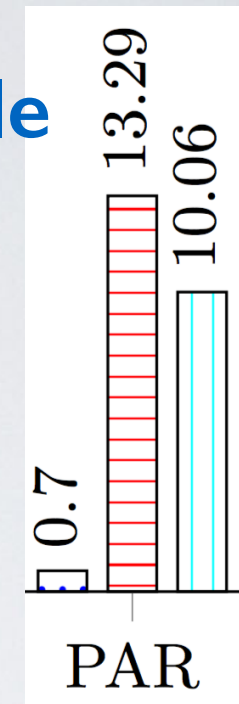
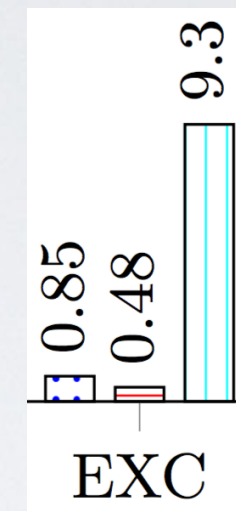


Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

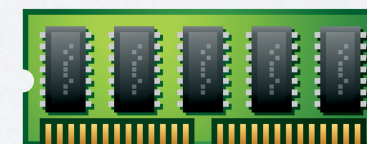
summary

Even though the Executed Workflows are Simple

There are relevant differences in workflows' duration and throughput among the WfMSs



There are relevant differences in resource usage among WfMSs



RAM



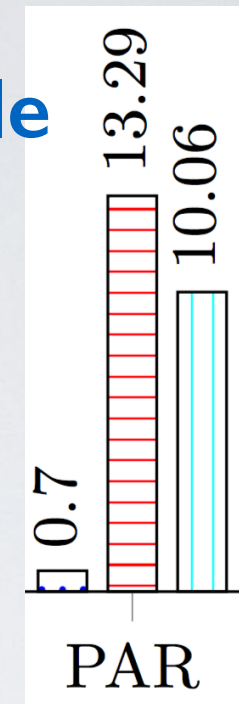
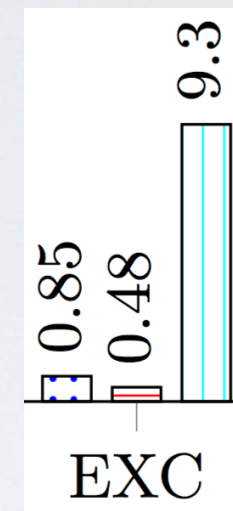
CPU

Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

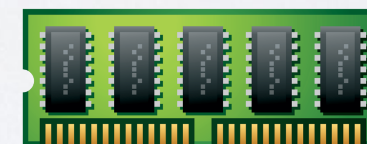
summary

Even though the Executed Workflows are Simple

There are relevant differences in workflows' duration and throughput among the WfMSs



There are relevant differences in resource usage among WfMSs

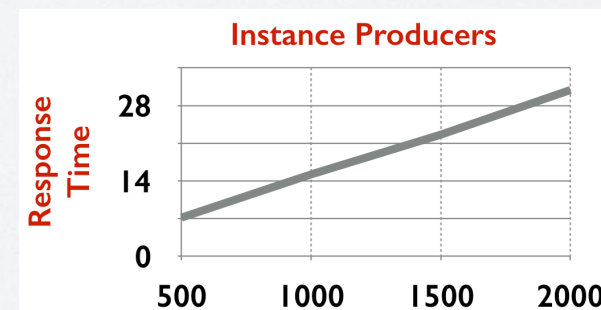


RAM



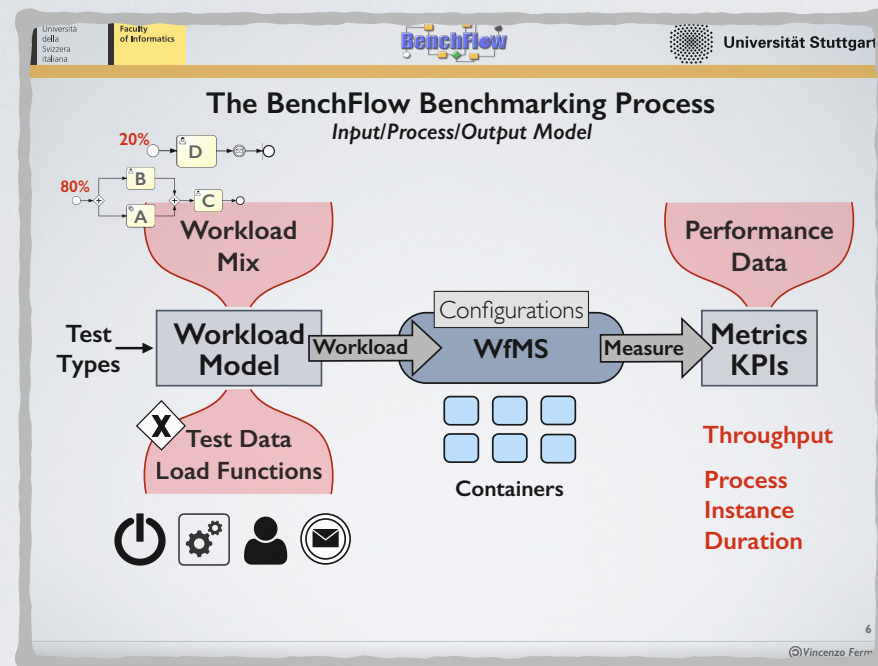
CPU

One WfMS has bottlenecks



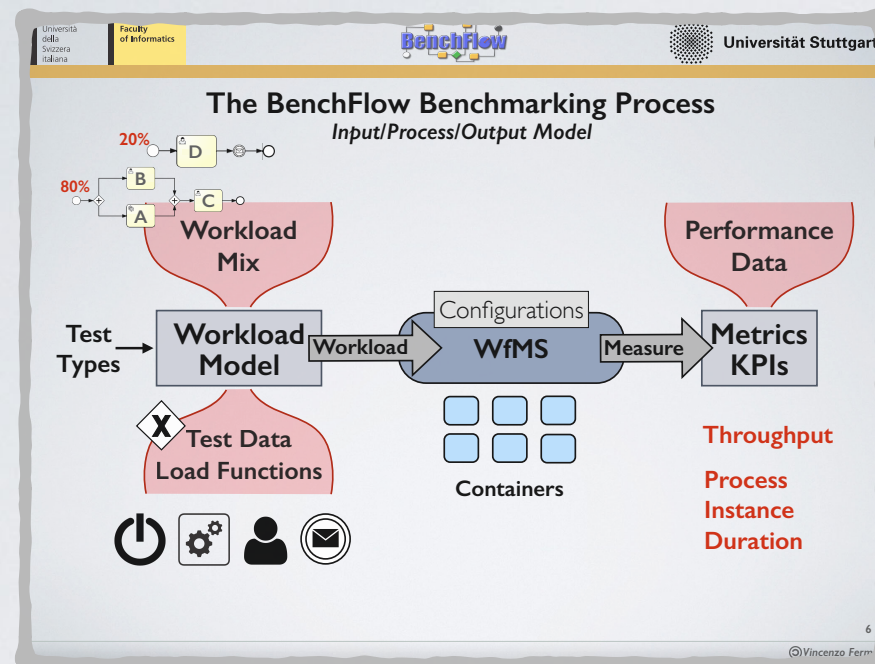
Highlights

Highlights

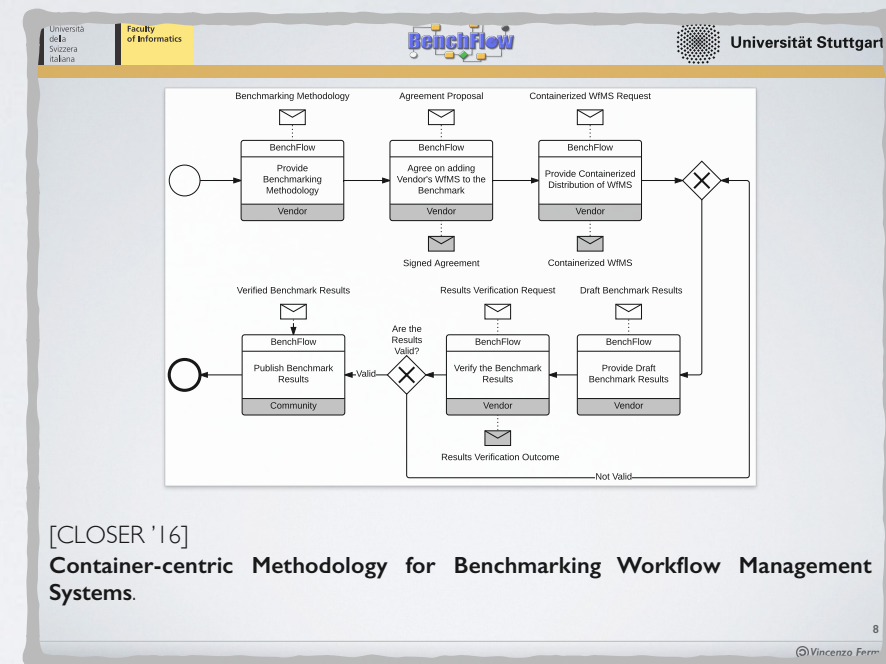


Benchmarking Process

Highlights



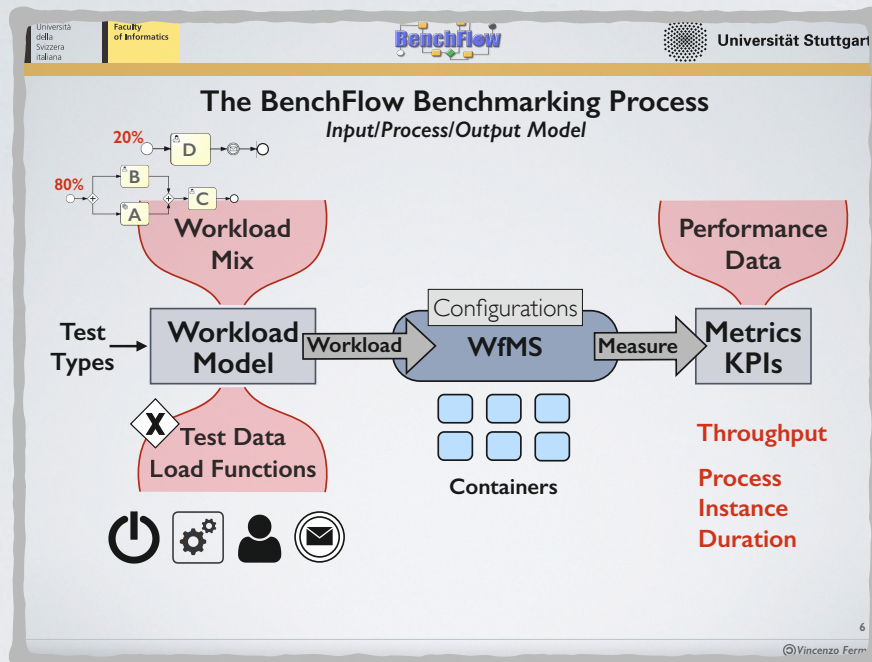
Benchmarking Process



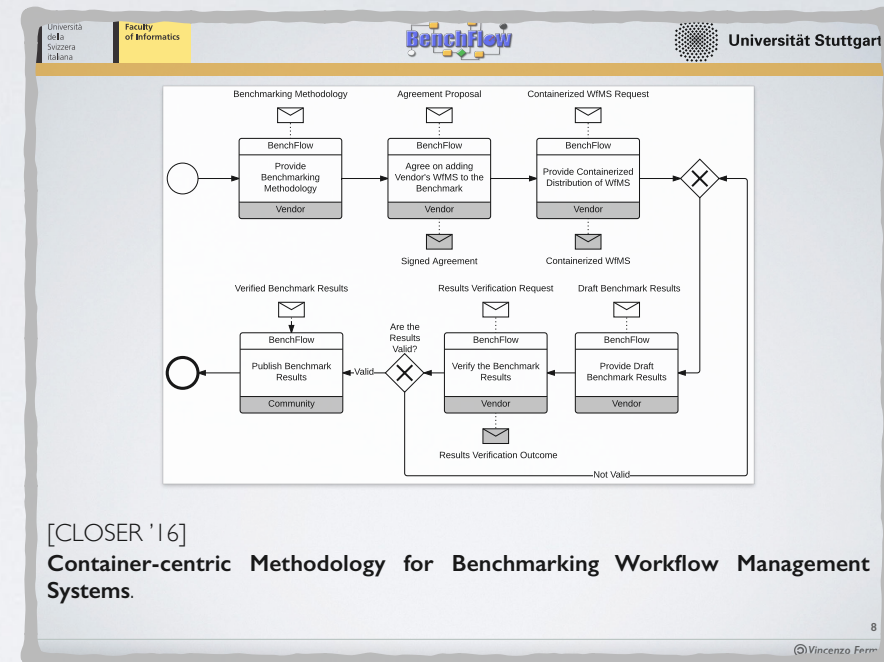
[CLOSER '16]
Container-centric Methodology for Benchmarking Workflow Management Systems.

Benchmarking Methodology

Highlights

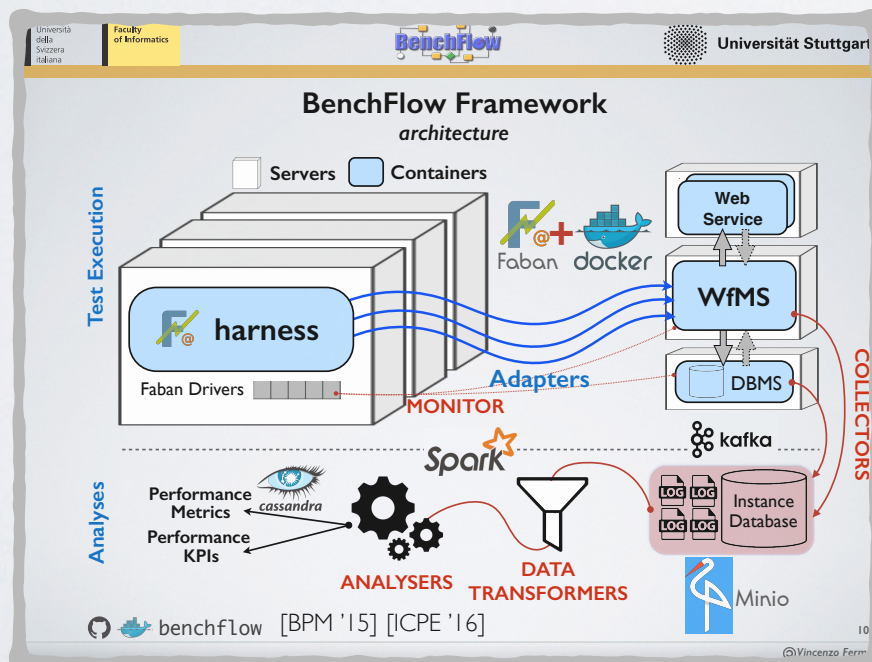


Benchmarking Process



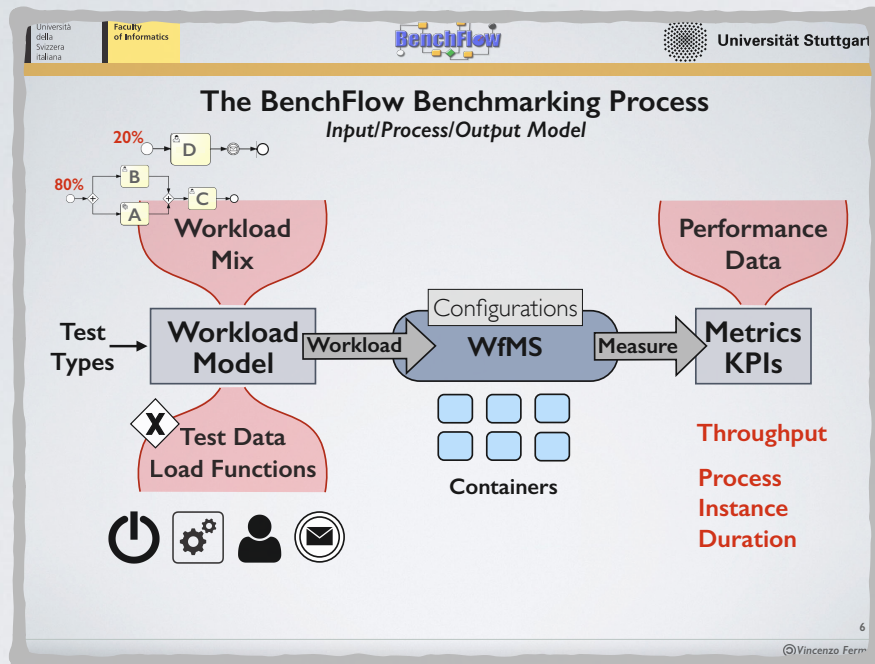
[CLOSER '16]
Container-centric Methodology for Benchmarking Workflow Management Systems.

Benchmarking Methodology

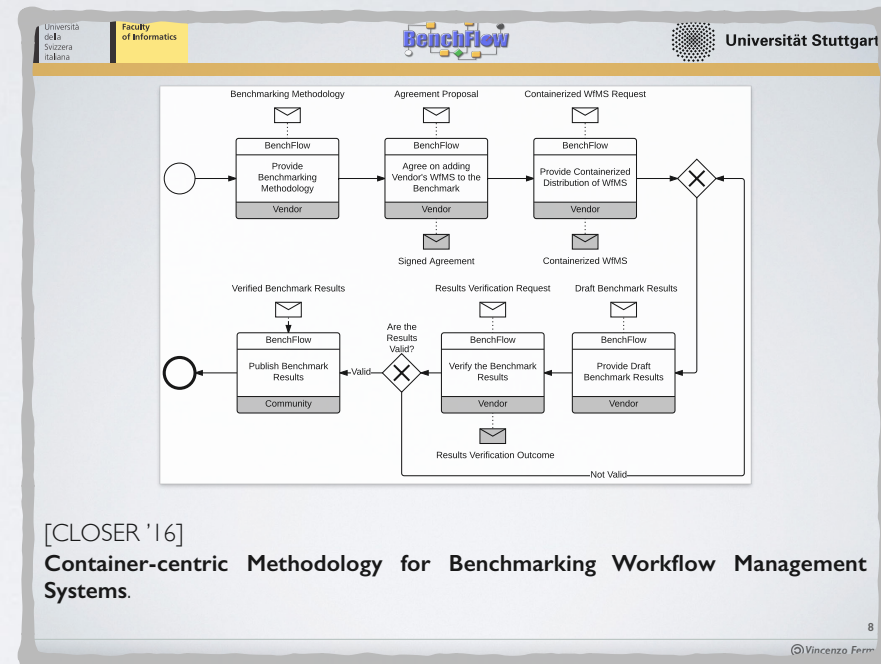


BenchFlow Framework

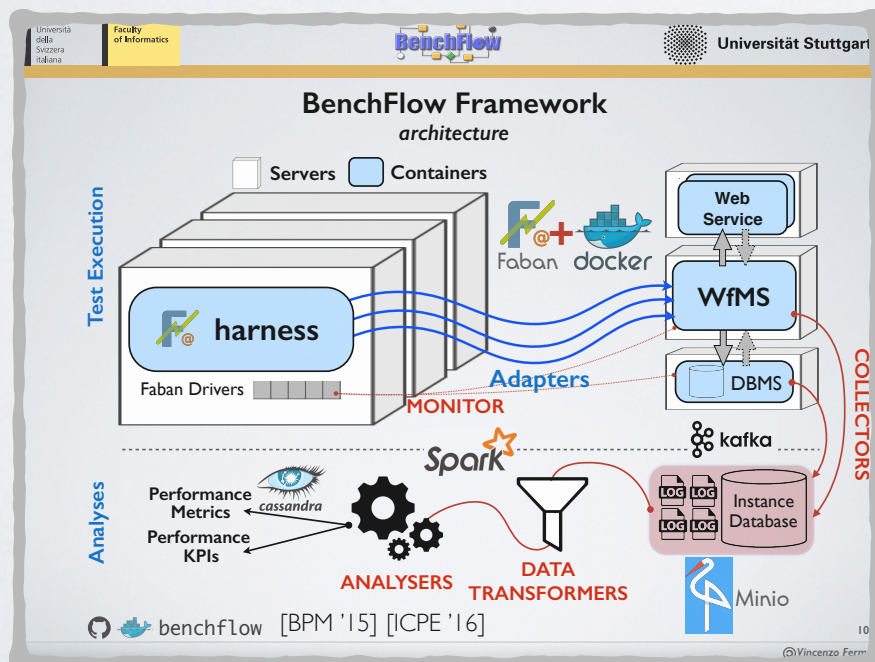
Highlights



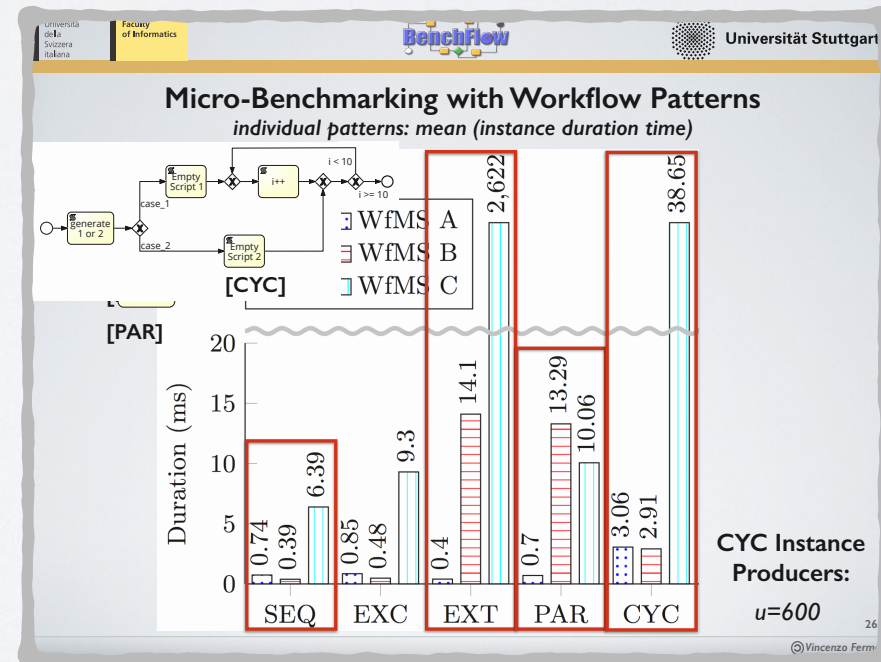
Benchmarking Process



Benchmarking Methodology



BenchFlow Framework



Micro-Benchmark with WP

Call for Collaboration

WfMSs, process models, process logs

WfMSs

- We want to add more and more WfMSs to the benchmark
- **Contact us for collaboration, and BenchFlow framework support**

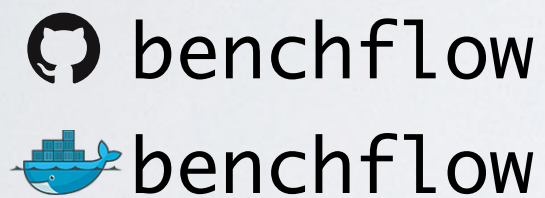
Process Models

- We want to characterise the Workload Mix using Real-World process models
- **Share your executable BPMN 2.0 process models, even anonymised**

Execution Logs

- We want to characterise the Load Functions using Real-World behaviours
- **Share your execution logs, even anonymised**

WORKFLOW ENGINE PERFORMANCE BENCHMARKING WITH BENCHFLOW



<http://benchflow.inf.usi.ch>

✉ vincenzo.ferme@usi.ch

ESOCC 2016

Vincenzo Ferme
Faculty of Informatics
USI Lugano, Switzerland



BACKUP SLIDES

ESOCC 2016

Vincenzo Ferme
Faculty of Informatics
USI Lugano, Switzerland



Published Work

[SSP '14]

M. Skouradaki, D. H. Roller, F. Leymann, V. Ferme, and C. Pautasso. **Technical open challenges on benchmarking workflow management systems**. In Proc. of the 2014 Symposium on Software Performance, SSP 2014, pages 105–112, 2014.

[BTW '15]

C. Pautasso, V. Ferme, D. Roller, F. Leymann, and M. Skouradaki. **Towards workflow benchmarking: Open research challenges**. In Proc. of the 16th conference on Database Systems for Business, Technology, and Web, BTW 2015, pages 331–350, 2015.

[ICPE '15]

M. Skouradaki, D. H. Roller, L. Frank, V. Ferme, and C. Pautasso. **On the Road to Benchmarking BPMN 2.0 Workflow Engines**. In Proc. of the 6th ACM/SPEC International Conference on Performance Engineering, ICPE '15, pages 301–304, 2015.

Published Work

[CLOSER '15]

M. Skouradaki, V. Ferme, F. Leymann, C. Pautasso, and D. H. Roller. **“BPELanon”: Protect business processes on the cloud.** In Proc. of the 5th International Conference on Cloud Computing and Service Science, CLOSER 2015. SciTePress, 2015.

[SOSE '15]

M. Skouradaki, K. Goerlach, M. Hahn, and F. Leymann. **Application of Sub-Graph Isomorphism to Extract Reoccurring Structures from BPMN 2.0 Process Models.** In Proc. of the 9th International IEEE Symposium on Service-Oriented System Engineering, SOSE 2015, 2015.

[BPM '15]

V. Ferme, A. Ivanchikj, C. Pautasso. **A Framework for Benchmarking BPMN 2.0 Workflow Management Systems.** In Proc. of the 13th International Conference on Business Process Management, BPM '15, pages 251-259, 2015.

Published Work

[BPMD '15]

A. Ivanchikj, V. Ferme, C. Pautasso. **BPMeter: Web Service and Application for Static Analysis of BPMN 2.0 Collections**. In Proc. of the 13th International Conference on Business Process Management [Demo], BPM '15, pages 30-34, 2015.

[ICPE '16]

V. Ferme, and C. Pautasso. **Integrating Faban with Docker for Performance Benchmarking**. In Proc. of the 7th ACM/SPEC International Conference on Performance Engineering, ICPE '16, 2016.

[CLOSER '16]

V. Ferme, A. Ivanchikj, C. Pautasso., M. Skouradaki, F. Leymann. **A Container-centric Methodology for Benchmarking Workflow Management Systems**. In Proc. of the 6th International Conference on Cloud Computing and Service Science, CLOSER 2016. SciTePress, 2016.

Published Work

[ICWE '16]

C. Jürgen, V. Ferme, H.C. Gall. **Using Docker Containers to Improve Reproducibility in Software and Web Engineering Research**. In Proc. of the 16th International Conference on Web Engineering, 2016.

[CAiSE '16]

M. Skouradaki, V. Ferme, C. Pautasso, F. Leymann, A. van Hoorn. **Micro-Benchmarking BPMN 2.0 Workflow Management Systems with Workflow Patterns**. In Proc. of the 28th International Conference on Advanced Information Systems Engineering, CAiSE '16, 2016.

[ICWS '16]

M. Skouradaki, V. Andrikopoulos, F. Leymann. **Representative BPMN 2.0 Process Model Generation from Recurring Structures**. In Proc. of the 23rd IEEE International Conference on Web Services, ICWS '16, 2016.

Published Work

[SummerSOC '16]

M. Skouradaki, T. Azad, U. Breitenbücher, O. Kopp, F. Leymann. **A Decision Support System for the Performance Benchmarking of Workflow Management Systems.** In Proc. of the 10th Symposium and Summer School On Service-Oriented Computing, SummerSOC '16, 2016.

[BPM Forum '16]

V. Ferme, A. Ivanchikj, C. Pautasso. **Estimating the Cost for Executing Business Processes in the Cloud.** In Proc. of the 14th International Conference on Business Process Management, BPM Forum '16, 2016. (to appear)

[OTM '16]

M. Skouradaki, V. Andrikopoulos, O. Kopp, F. Leymann. **RoSE: Reoccurring Structures Detection in BPMN 2.0 Process Models Collections.** In Proc. of On the Move to Meaningful Internet Systems Conference, OTM '16, 2016. (to appear)

Docker Performance

[IBM '14]

W. Felter, A. Ferreira, R. Rajamony, and J. Rubio. **An updated performance comparison of virtual machines and Linux containers.** IBM Research Report, 2014.

“Our results show that **containers result in equal or better performance than VMs in almost all cases.**”

“Although **containers themselves have almost no overhead, Docker is not without performance gotchas.** Docker volumes have noticeably better performance than files stored in AUFS. Docker's NAT also introduces overhead for workloads with high packet rates. These **features** represent a **tradeoff between ease of management and performance** and should be considered on a case-by-case basis.”

BenchFlow Configures Docker for Performance by Default

Benchmarking Requirements

- Relevant
- Representative
- Portable
- Scalable
- Simple
- Repeatable
- Vendor-neutral
- Accessible
- Efficient
- Affordable

- K. Huppler, **The art of building a good benchmark**, 2009
- J. Gray, **The Benchmark Handbook for Database and Transaction Systems**, 1993
- S. E. Sim, S. Easterbrook et al., **Using benchmarking to advance research: A challenge to software engineering**, 2003

Configurations

WfMS

BenchFlow Benchmarking Methodology

requirements from the WfMS

CORE

NON-CORE

Configurations

WfMS

BenchFlow Benchmarking Methodology

requirements from the WfMS

Initialisation APIs

Deploy Process



Start Process
Instance

CORE

NON-CORE

Configurations

WfMS

BenchFlow Benchmarking Methodology

requirements from the WfMS

Initialisation APIs

Deploy Process



Start Process
Instance

CORE

User APIs

Create User

Create Group

Pending User Tasks



Claim Task

Complete Task

NON-CORE



Configurations

WfMS

BenchFlow Benchmarking Methodology

requirements from the WfMS

Initialisation APIs

Deploy Process



Start Process
Instance

CORE

User APIs Web Service APIs

Create User

Create Group

Pending User Tasks



Invoke WS

Claim Task

Complete Task

NON-CORE



Configurations

WfMS

BenchFlow Benchmarking Methodology

requirements from the WfMS

Initialisation APIs

Deploy Process



Start Process
Instance

CORE



User APIs Web Service APIs Event APIs

Create User Create Group

Pending User Tasks



Invoke WS

Claim Task Complete Task

Pending Event Tasks



Issue Event

NON-CORE

Configurations

WfMS

BenchFlow Benchmarking Methodology

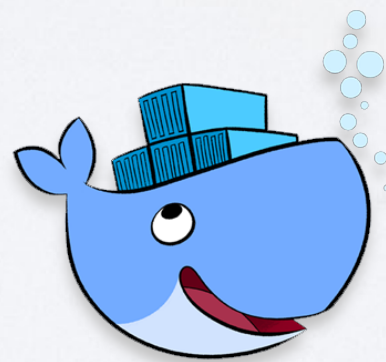
requirements from the WfMS

		Functionality	Min Response Data
<i>Core APIs</i>	Initialisation APIs	Deploy a process Start a process instance	Deployed process ID Process instance ID
	User APIs	Create a user Create a group of users Access pending tasks Claim a task*	User ID User group ID Pending tasks IDs
<i>Non-core APIs</i>	Event APIs	Complete a task Access pending events Issue events	Pending events IDs
	Web service APIs	Map tasks to Web service endpoints	

*Optional depending on the WfMS implementation

BenchFlow Framework

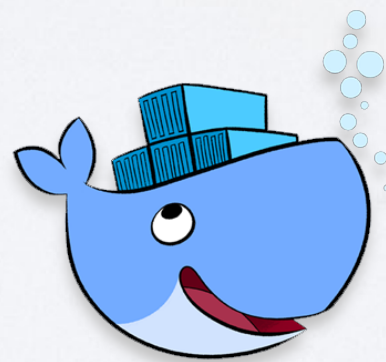
system under test



Docker Engine

BenchFlow Framework

system under test

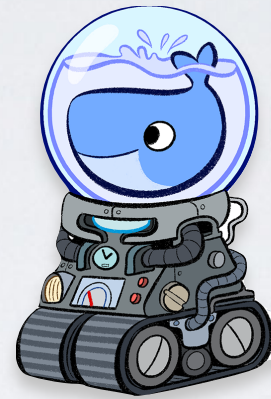


Docker Engine

 Containers

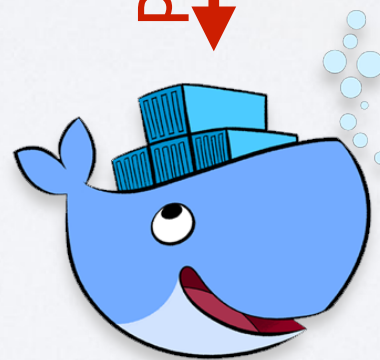
BenchFlow Framework

system under test



Docker Machine

provides

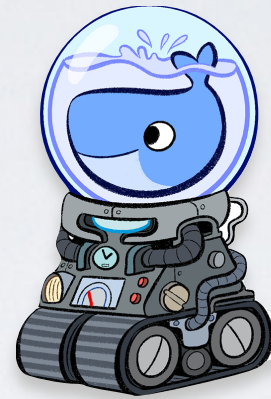


Docker Engine

  Containers

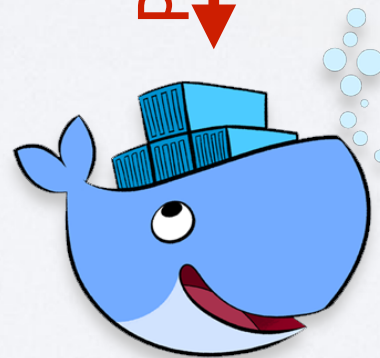
BenchFlow Framework

system under test



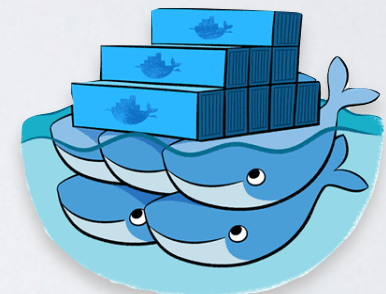
Docker Machine

provides



Docker Engine

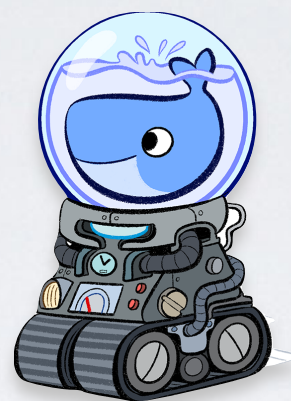
  Containers



Docker Swarm

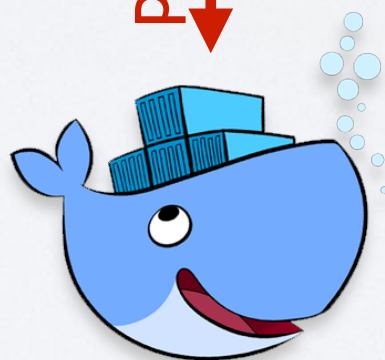
BenchFlow Framework

system under test



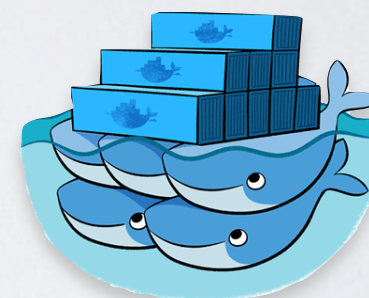
Docker Machine

provides



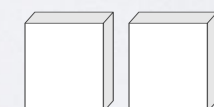
Docker Engine

 Containers



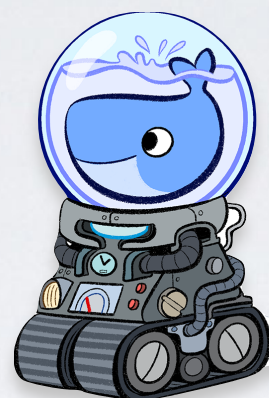
Docker Swarm

manages

 Servers

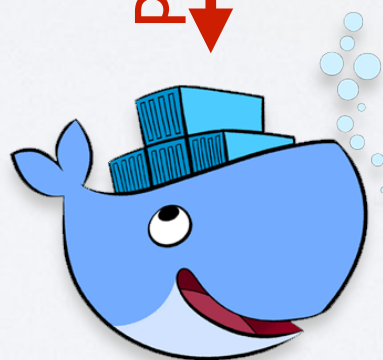
BenchFlow Framework

system under test



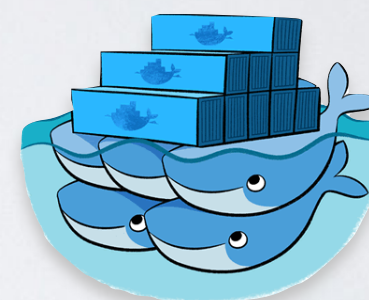
Docker Machine

provides



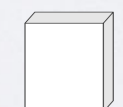
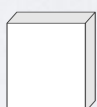
Docker Engine

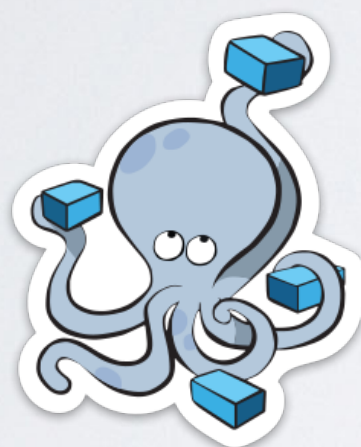
  Containers



Docker Swarm

manages

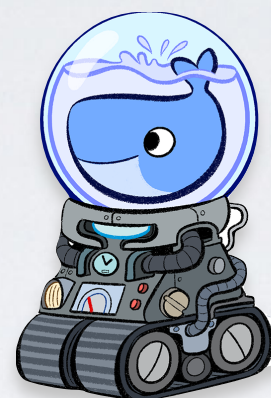
  Servers



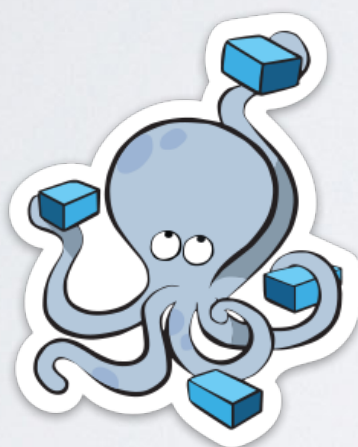
Docker Compose

BenchFlow Framework

system under test

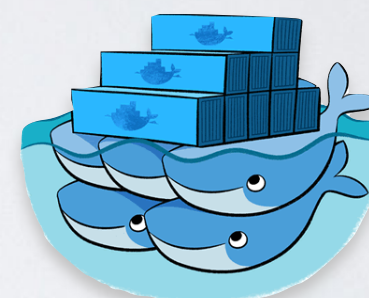
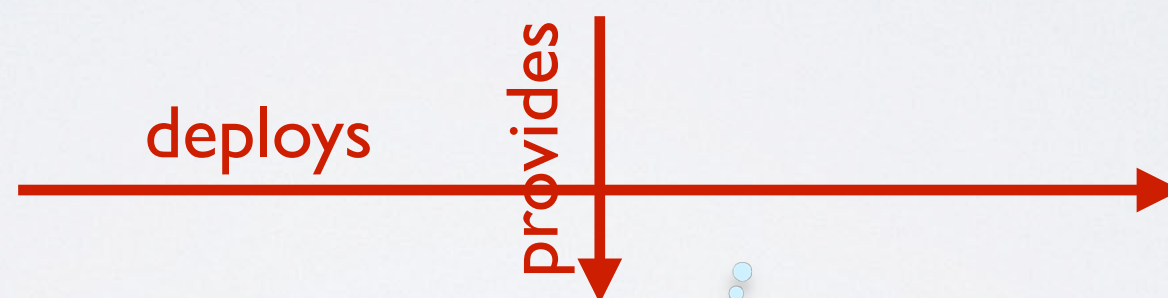


Docker Machine

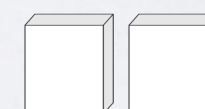


Docker Compose

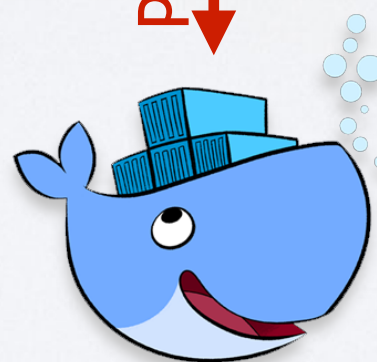
SUT's Deployment Conf.



Docker Swarm



Servers



Docker Engine



Containers



Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

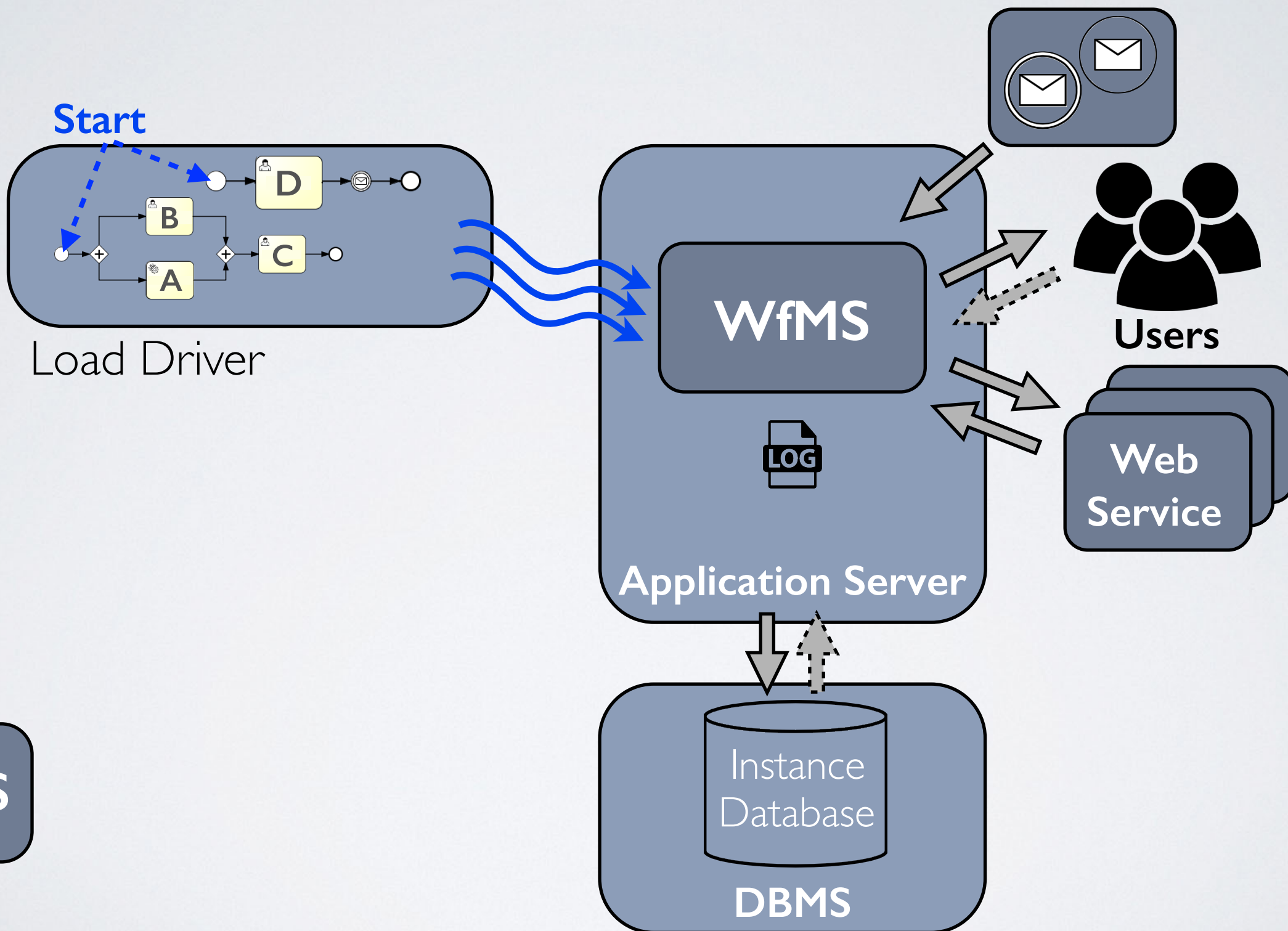
asynchronous execution of workflows



Start Workflow

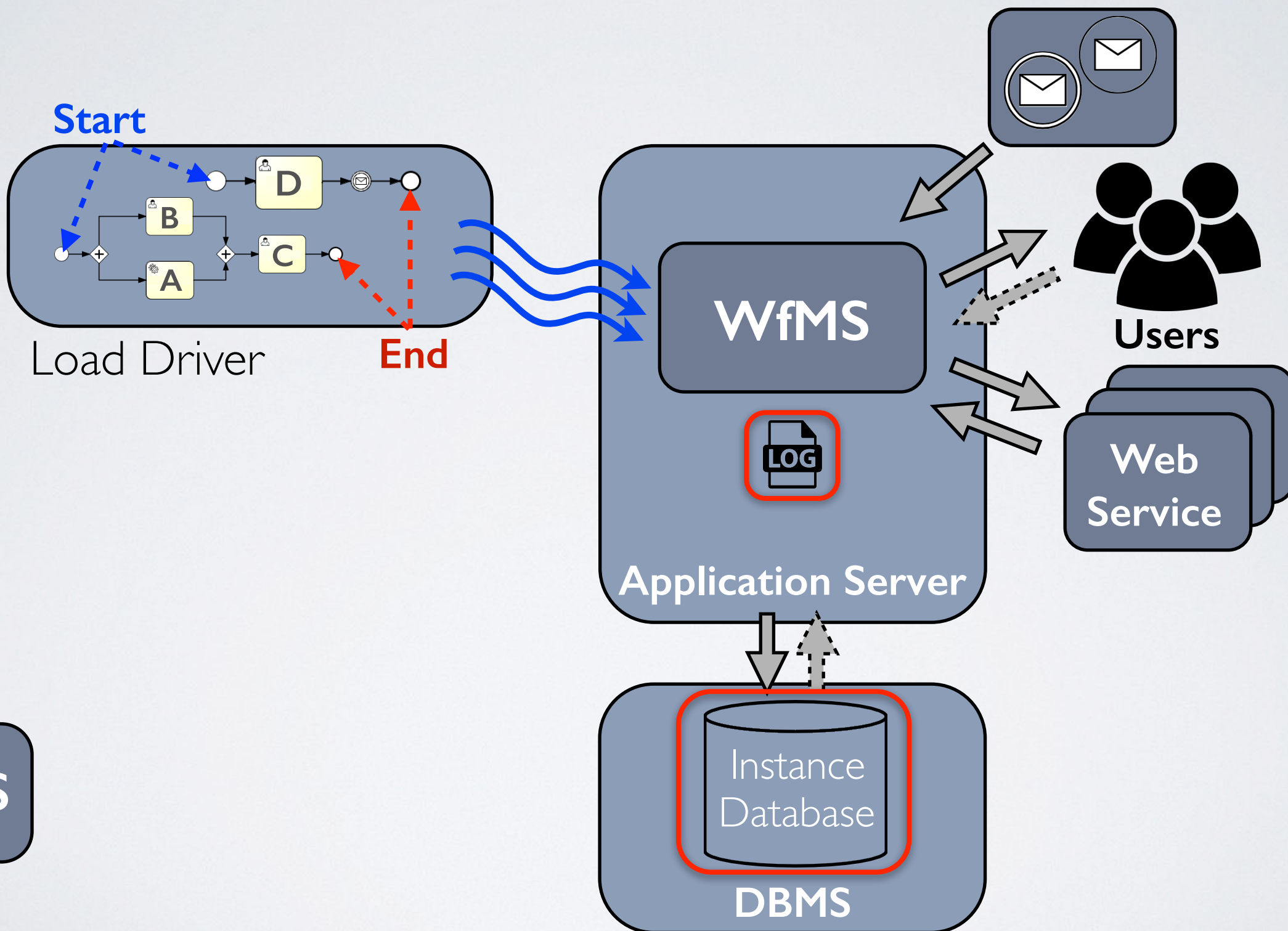
Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

asynchronous execution of workflows



Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

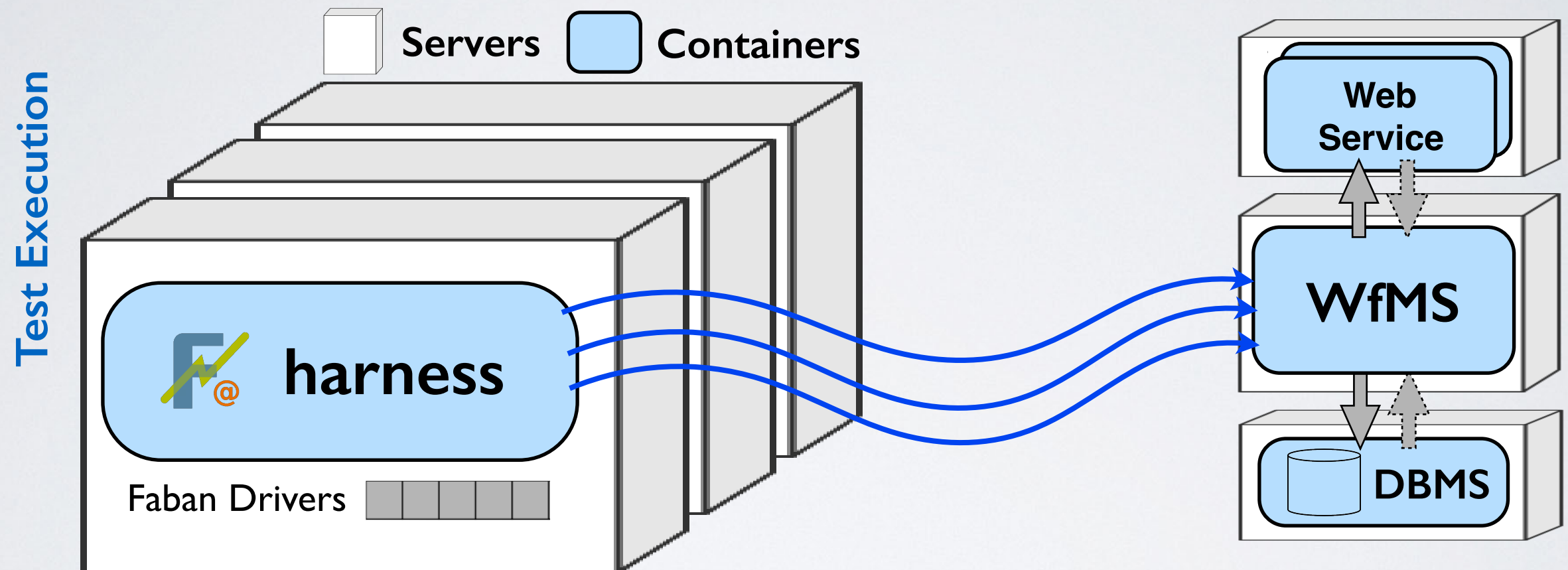
asynchronous execution of workflows



Start Workflow

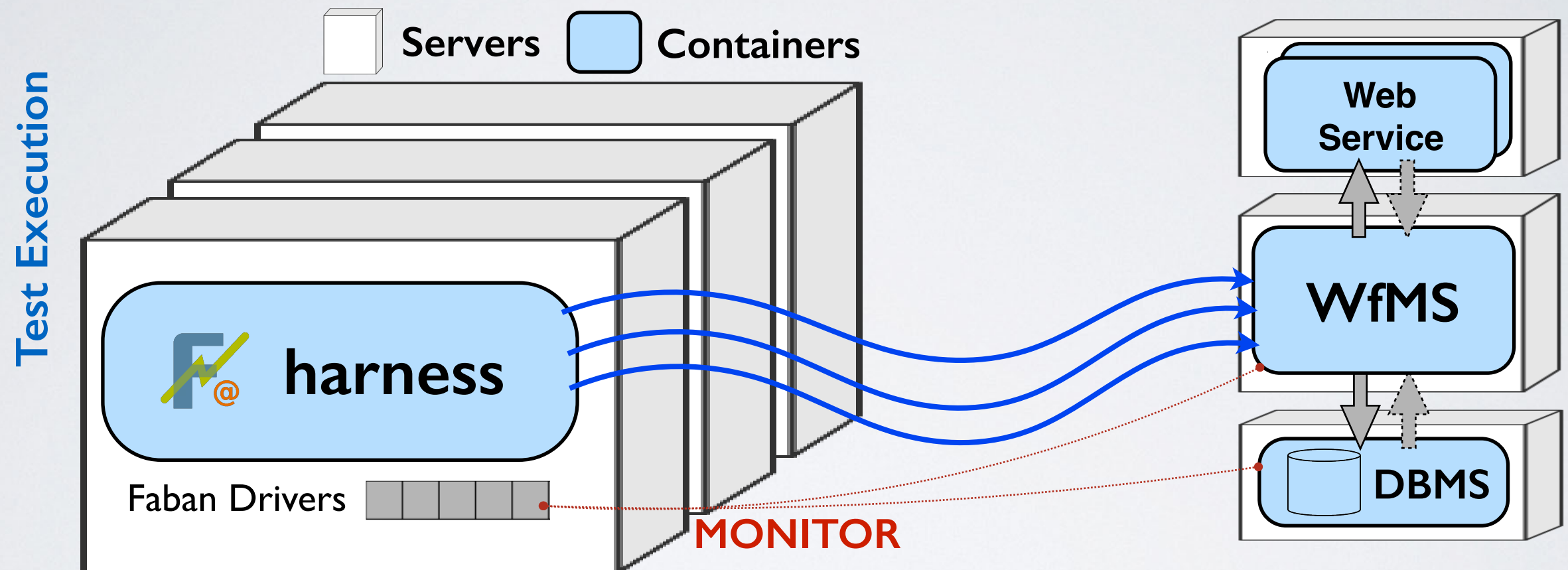
Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

monitors



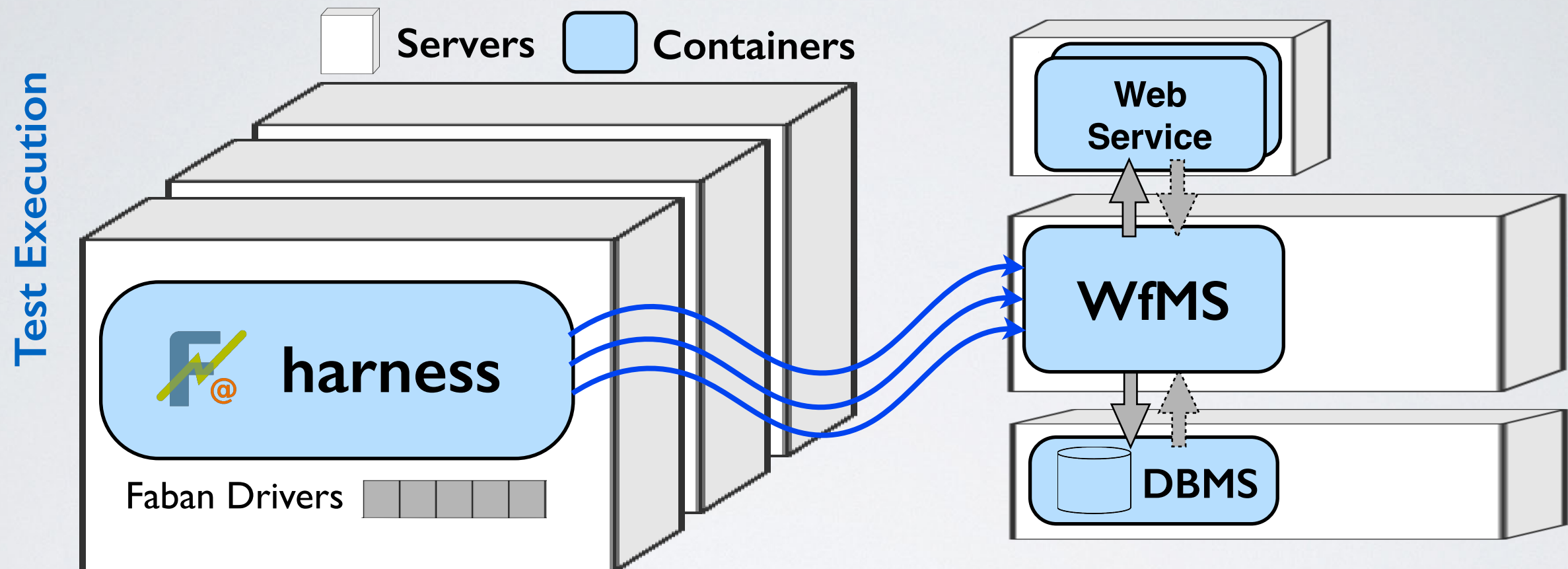
Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

monitors



Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

monitors



Monitors' Characteristics:

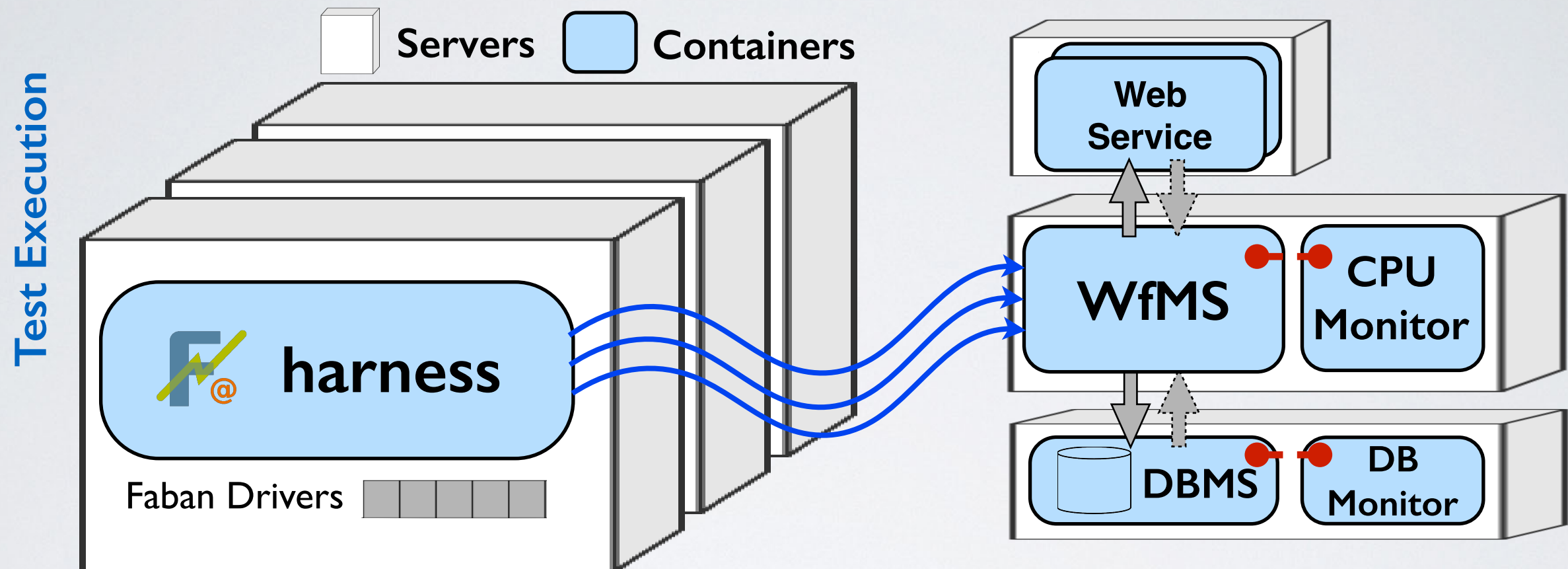
- RESTful services
- Lightweight (written in Go)
- As less invasive on the SUT as possible

Examples of Monitors:

- CPU usage
- Database state

Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

monitors



Monitors' Characteristics:

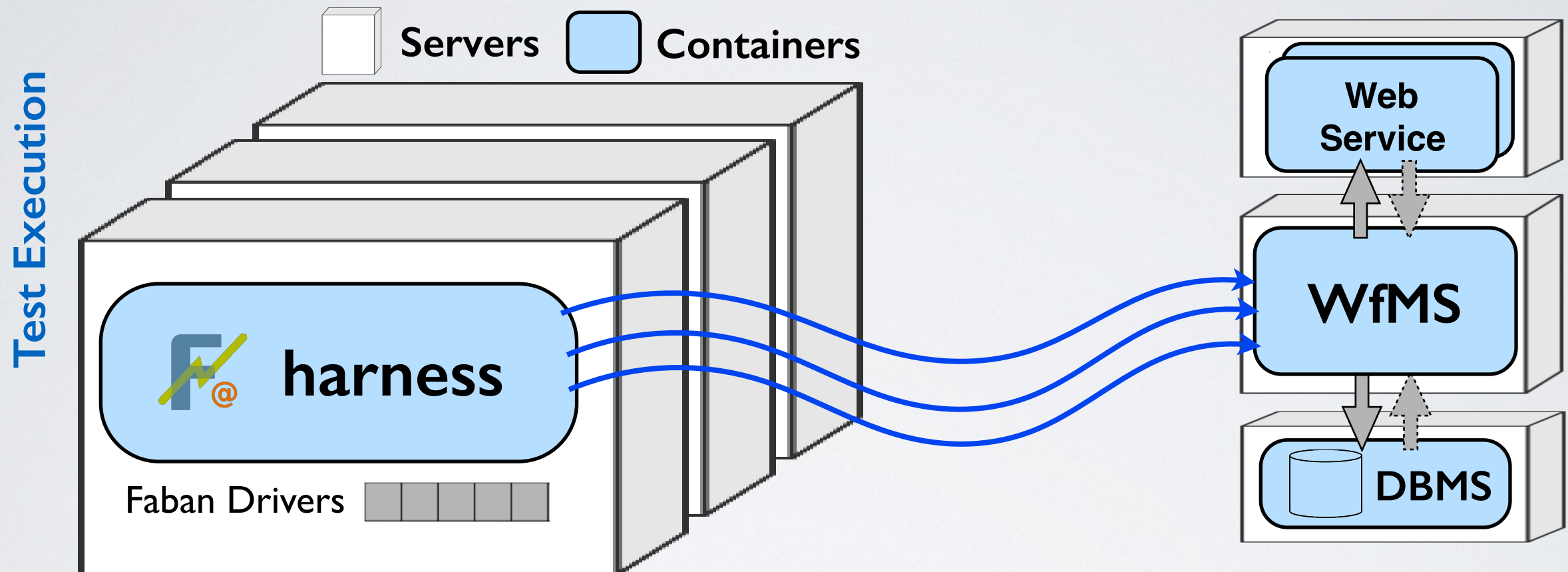
- RESTful services
- Lightweight (written in Go)
- As less invasive on the SUT as possible

Examples of Monitors:

- CPU usage
- Database state

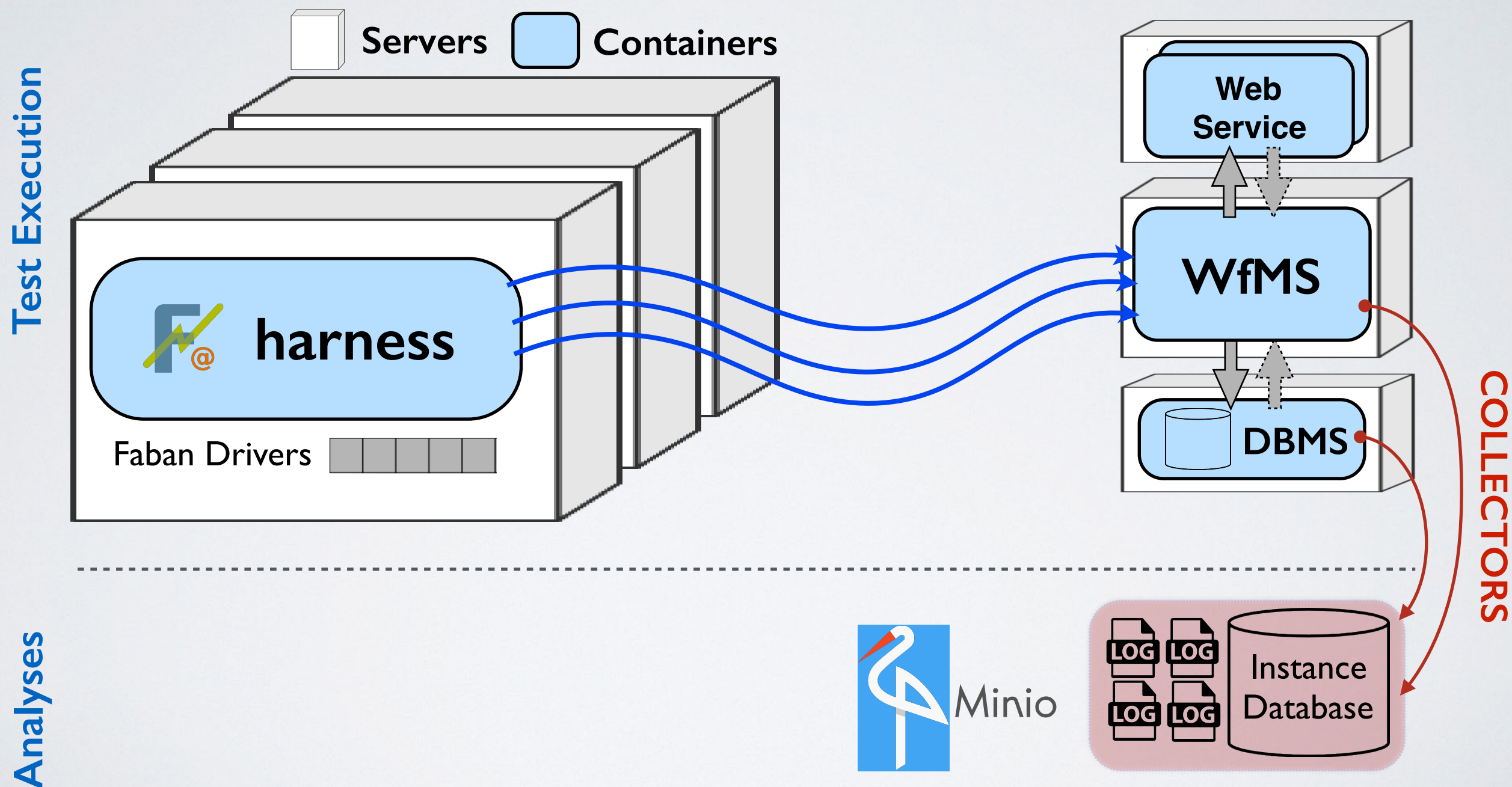
Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

collect data



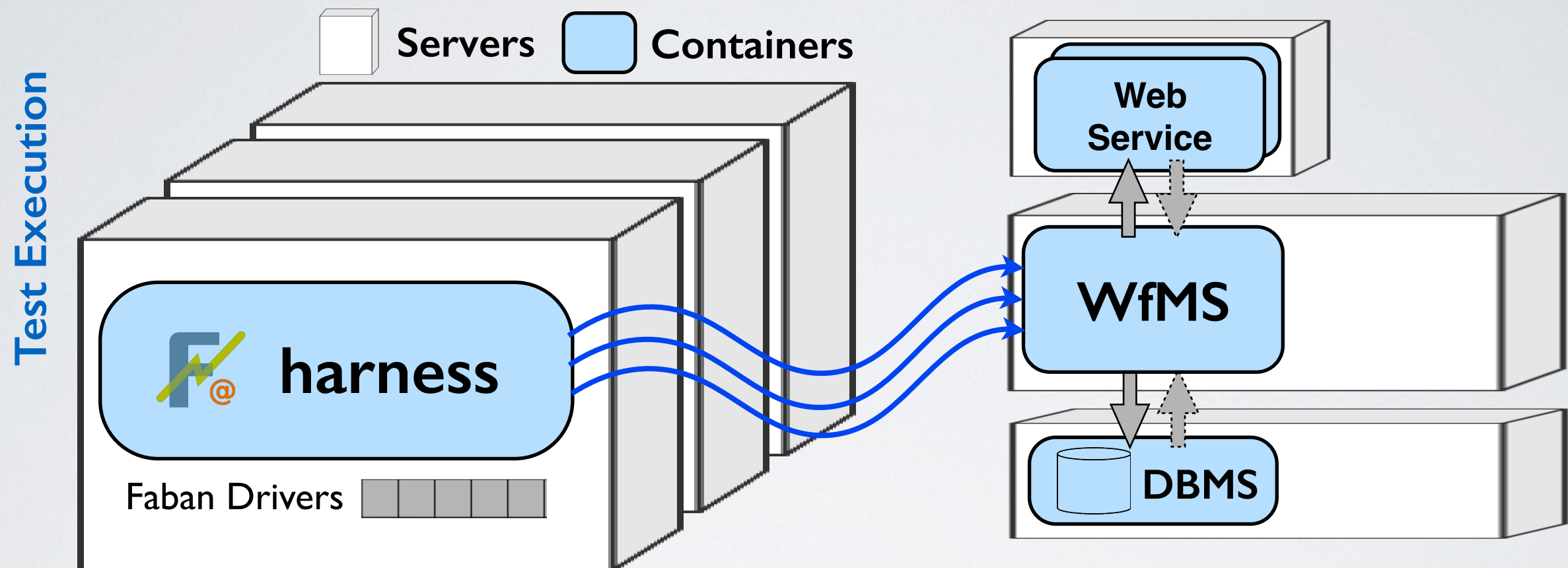
Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

collect data



Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

collect data



Collectors' Characteristics:

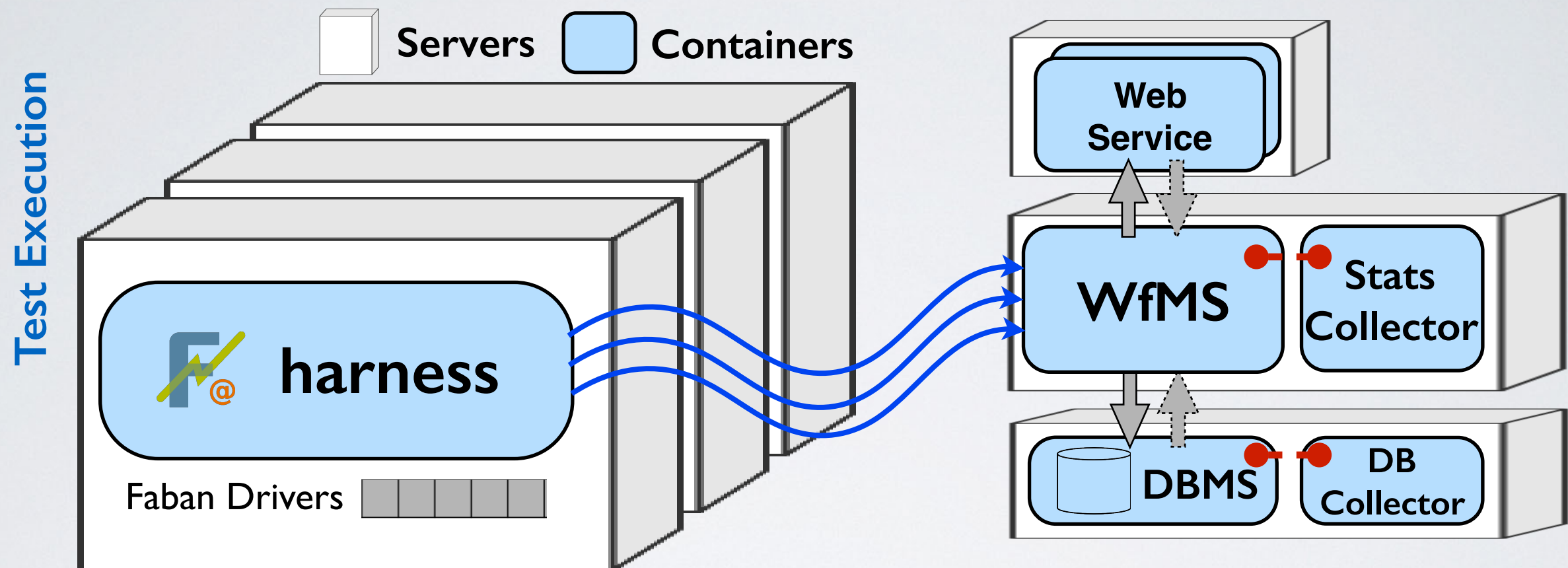
- RESTful services
- Lightweight (written in Go)
- Two types: online and offline
- Buffer data locally

Examples of Collectors:

- Container's Stats (e.g., CPU usage)
- Database dump
- Applications Logs

Server-side Data and Metrics Collection

collect data



Collectors' Characteristics:

- RESTful services
- Lightweight (written in Go)
- Two types: online and offline
- Buffer data locally

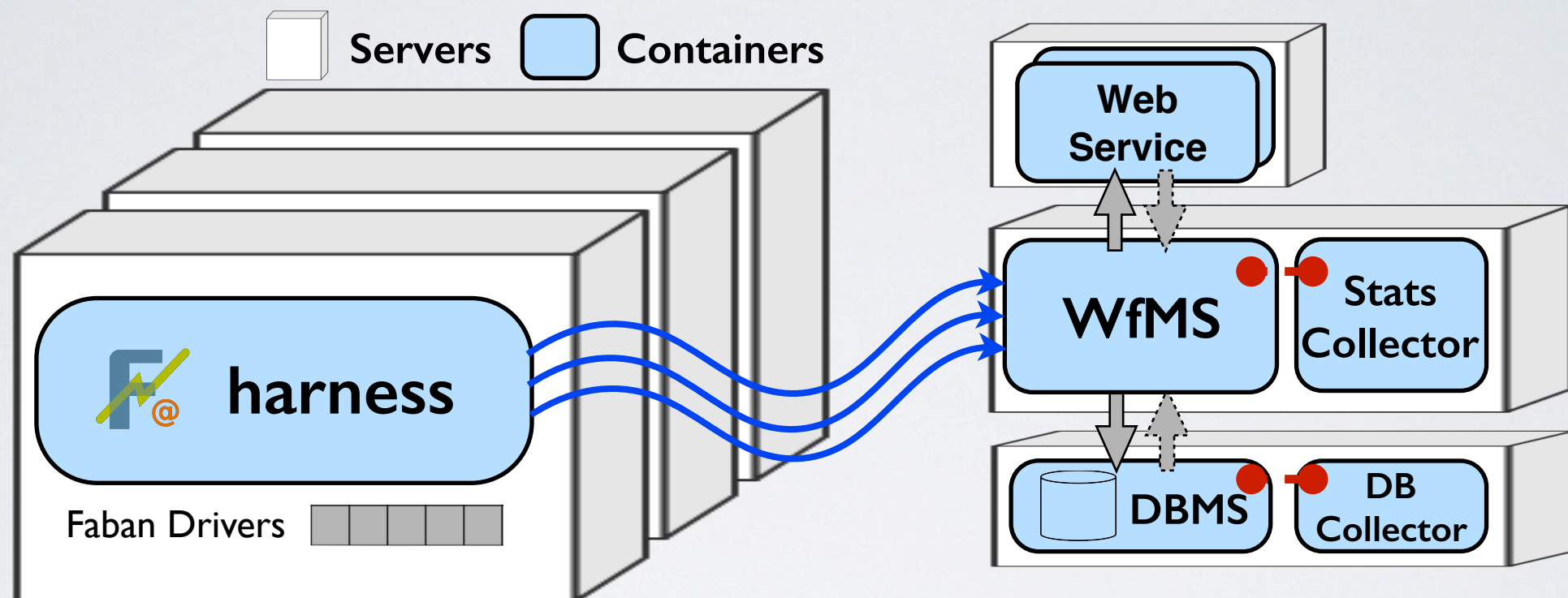
Examples of Collectors:

- Container's Stats (e.g., CPU usage)
- Database dump
- Applications Logs

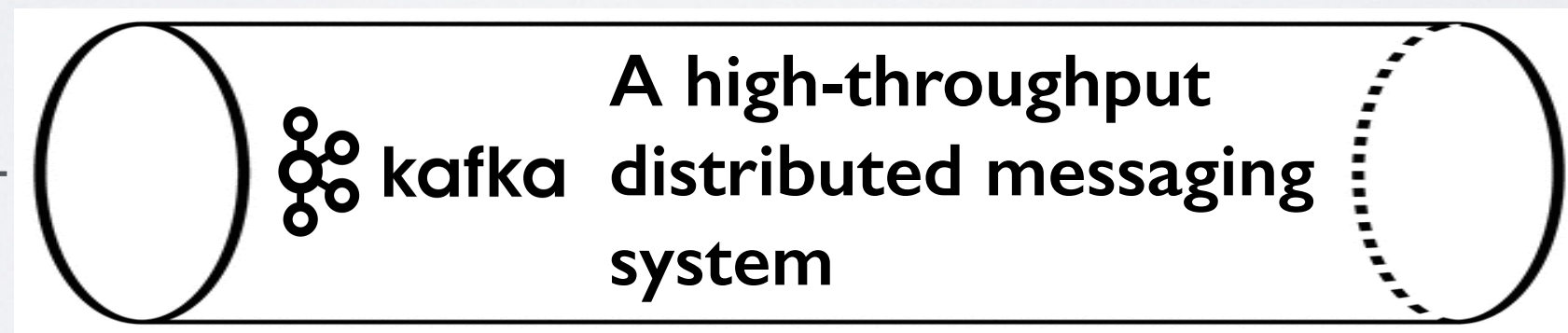
Synchronisation with the Analyses

schedule analyses

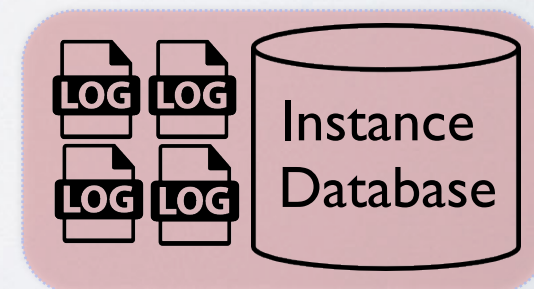
Test Execution



Analyses



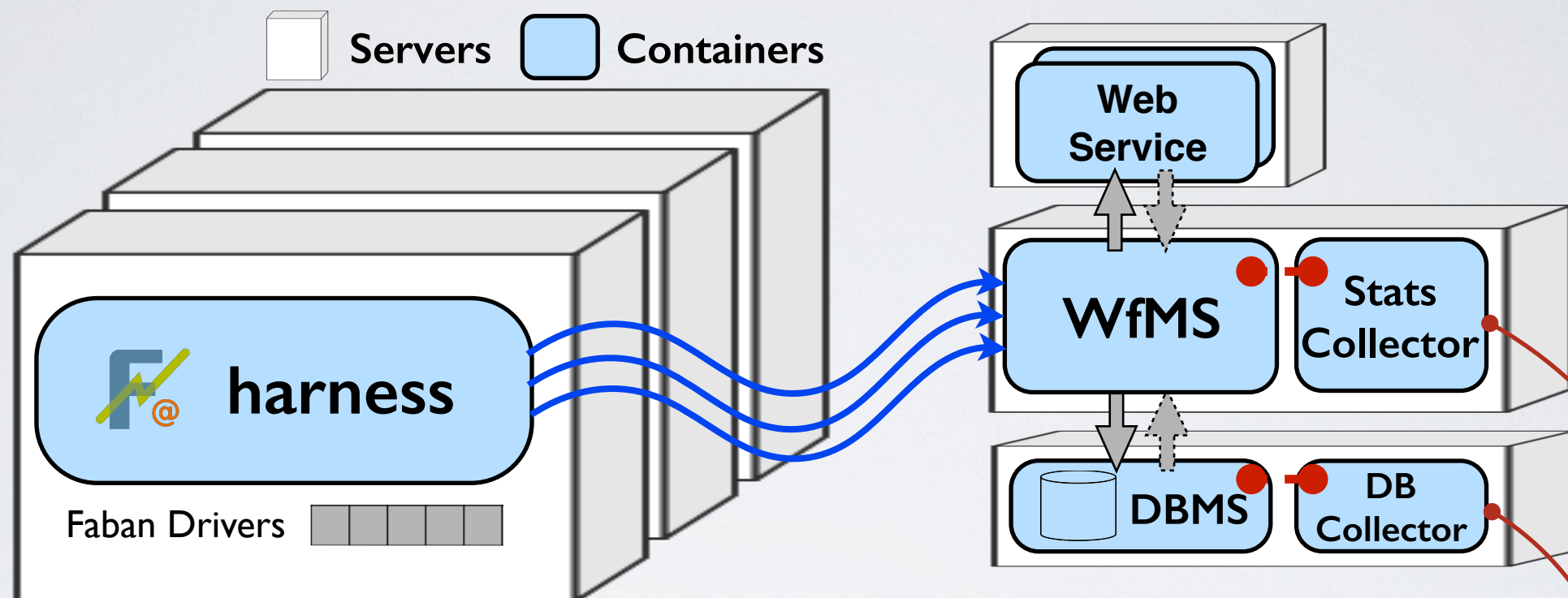
Minio



Synchronisation with the Analyses

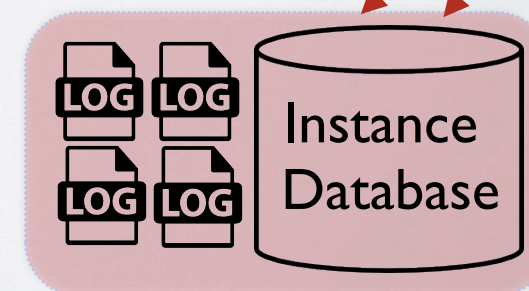
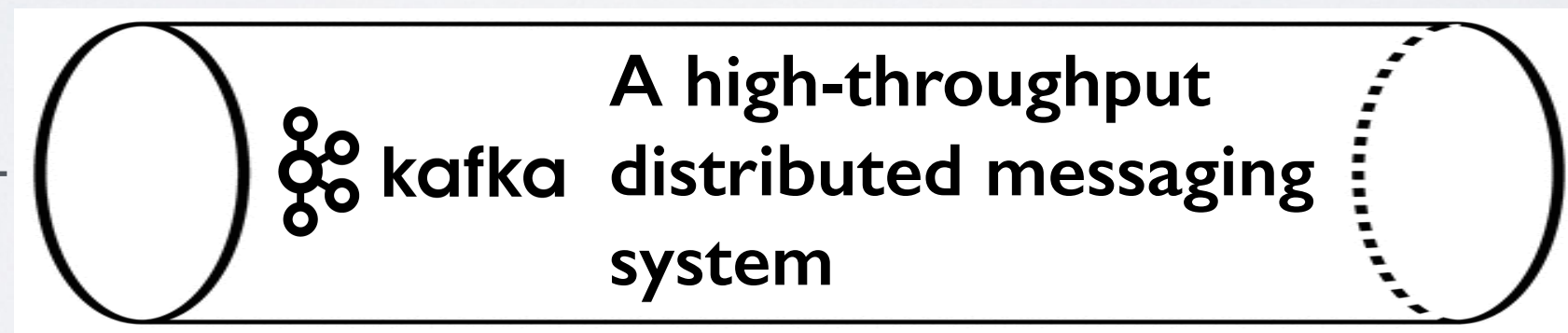
schedule analyses

Test Execution



COLLECT

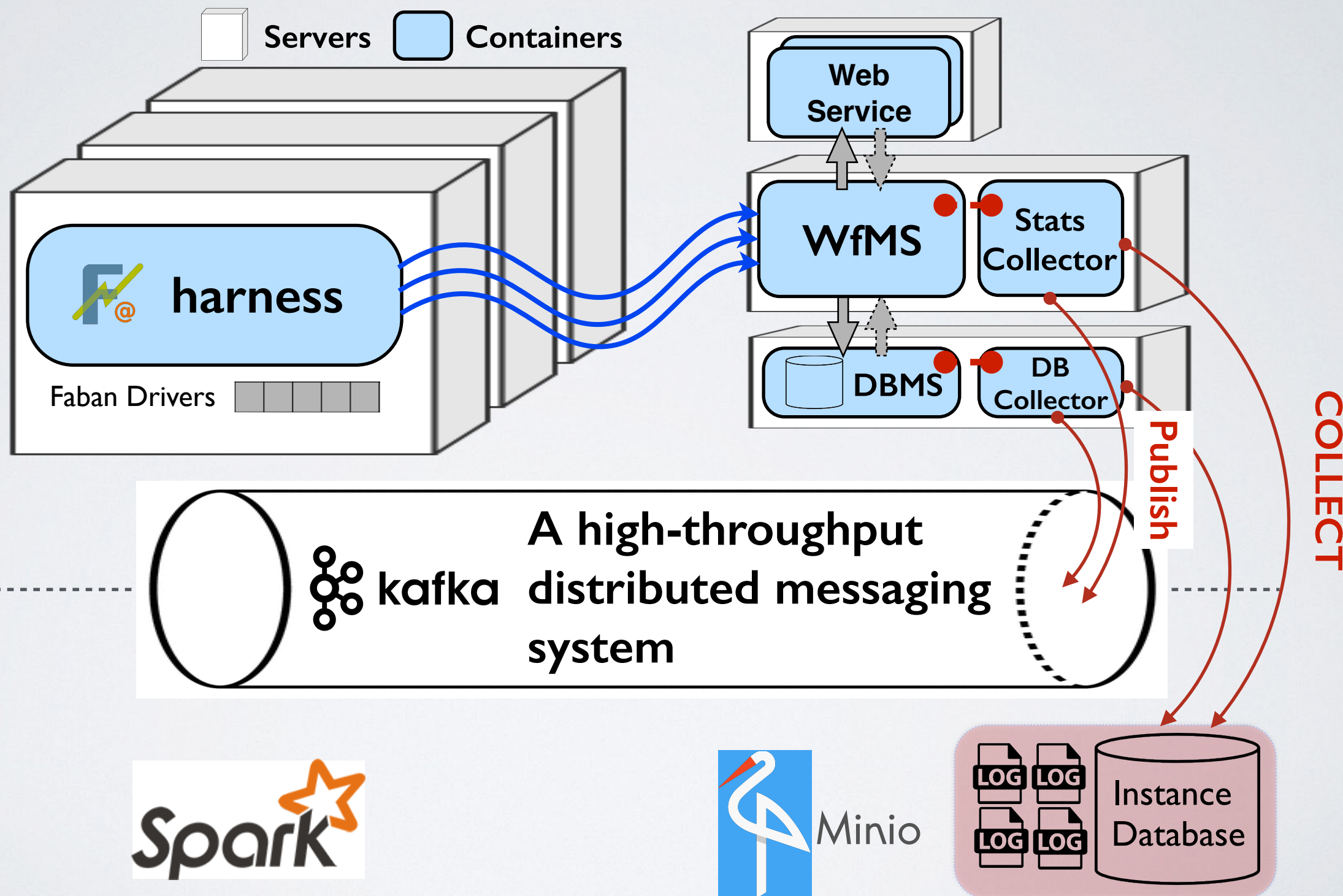
Analyses



Synchronisation with the Analyses

schedule analyses

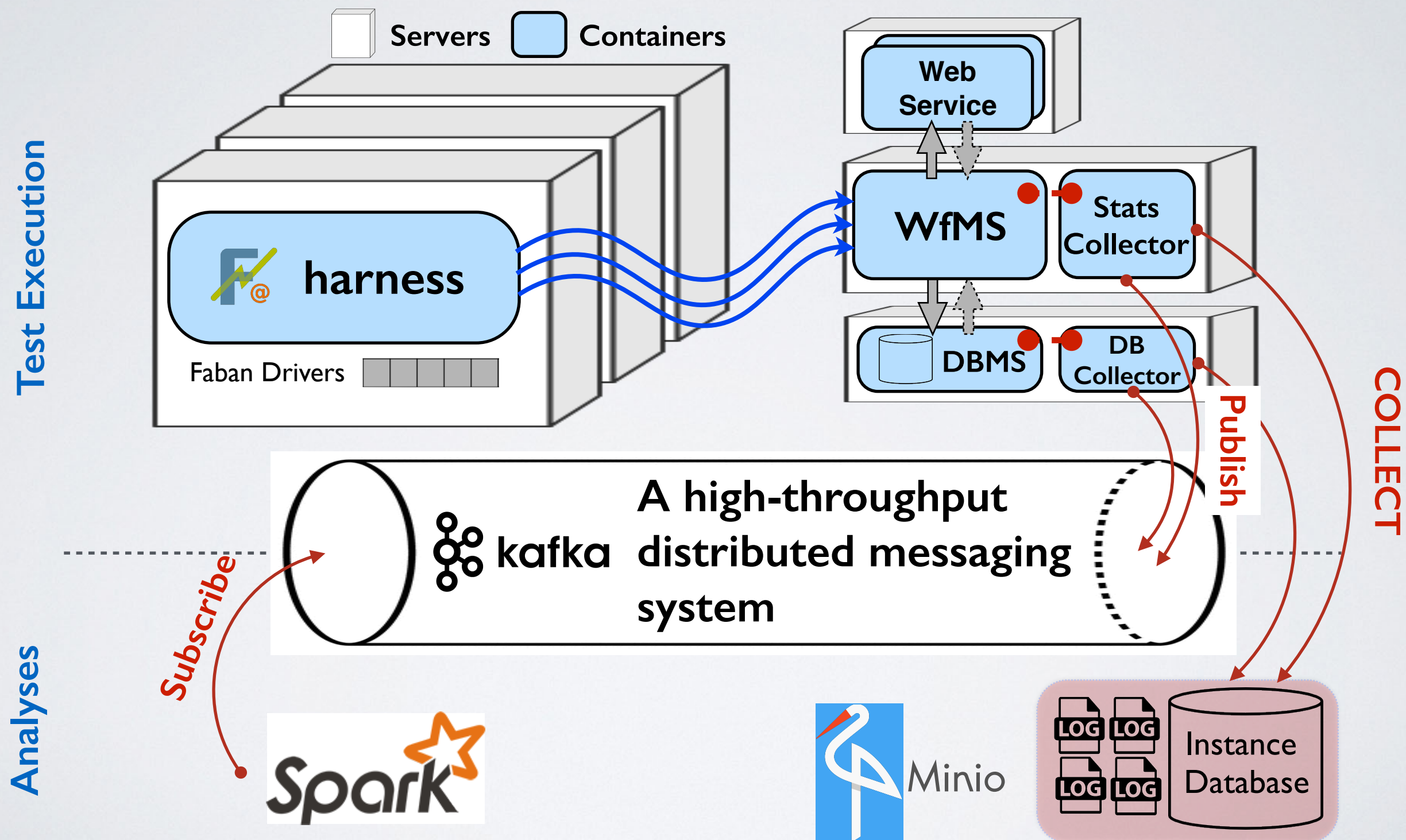
Test Execution



Analyses

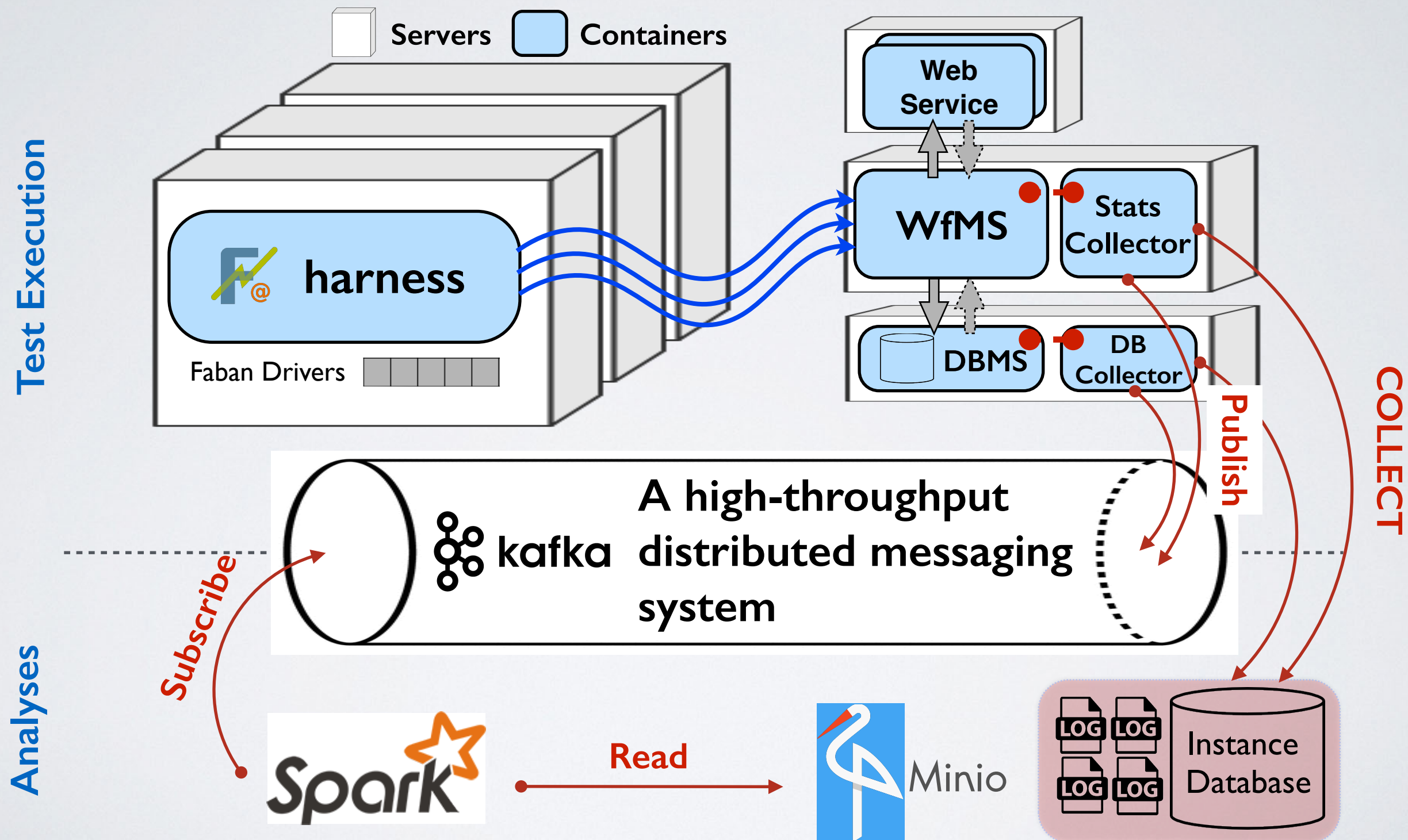
Synchronisation with the Analyses

schedule analyses



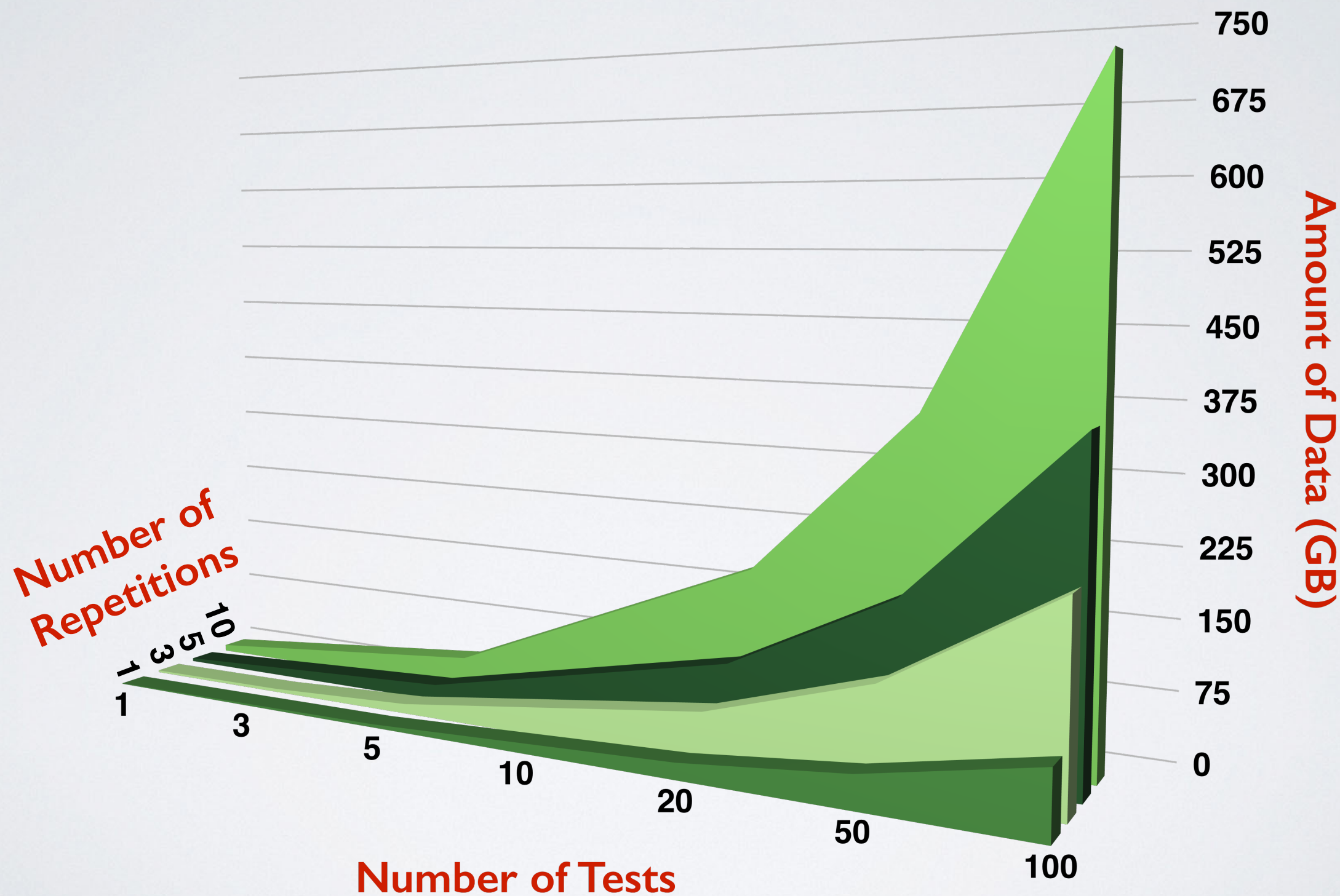
Synchronisation with the Analyses

schedule analyses



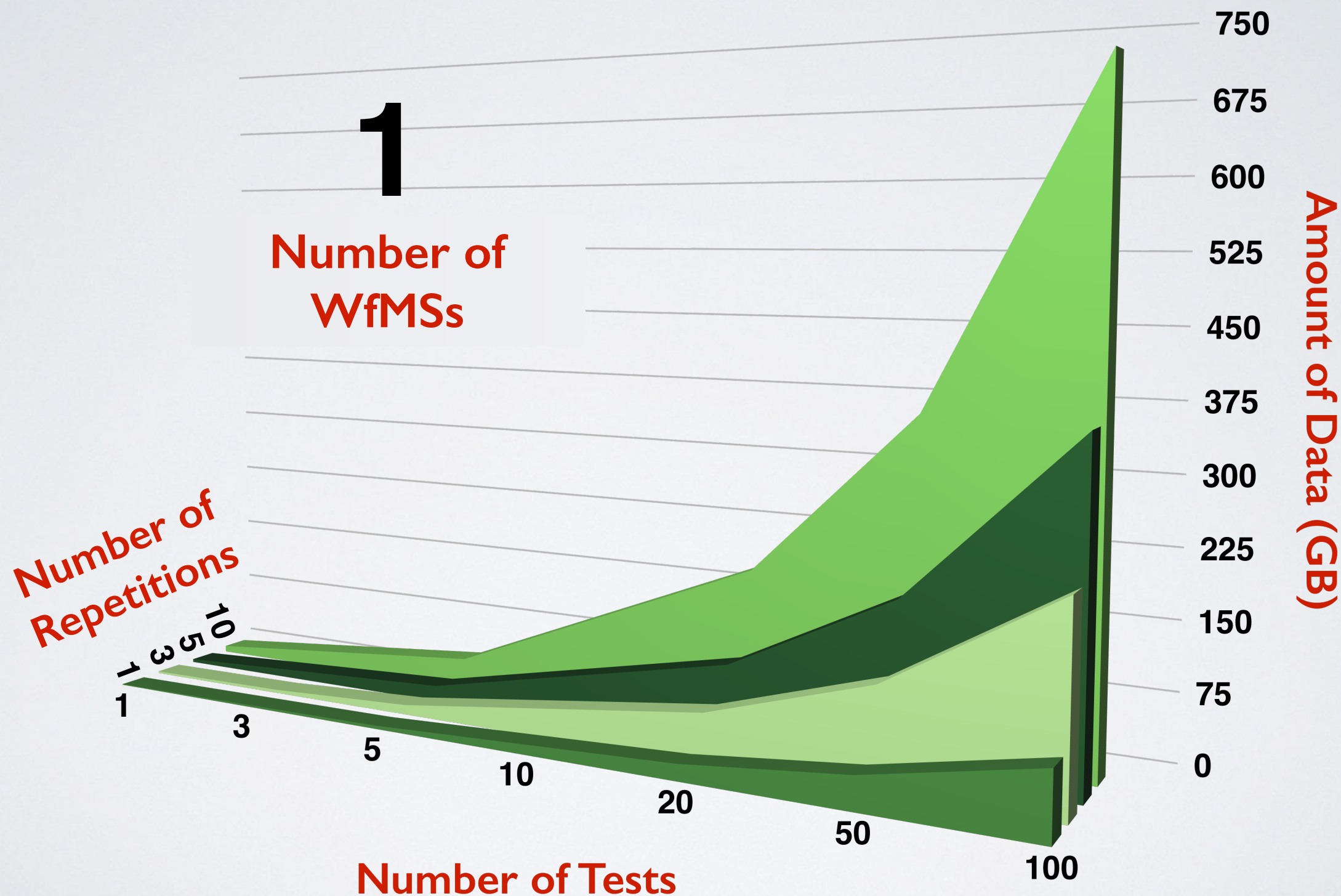
Performance Metrics and KPIs

amount of data



Performance Metrics and KPIs

amount of data



Micro-Benchmarking with Workflow Patterns

mix of patterns: throughput (bp/sec)

MIX

WfMS A

1061.27

WfMS B

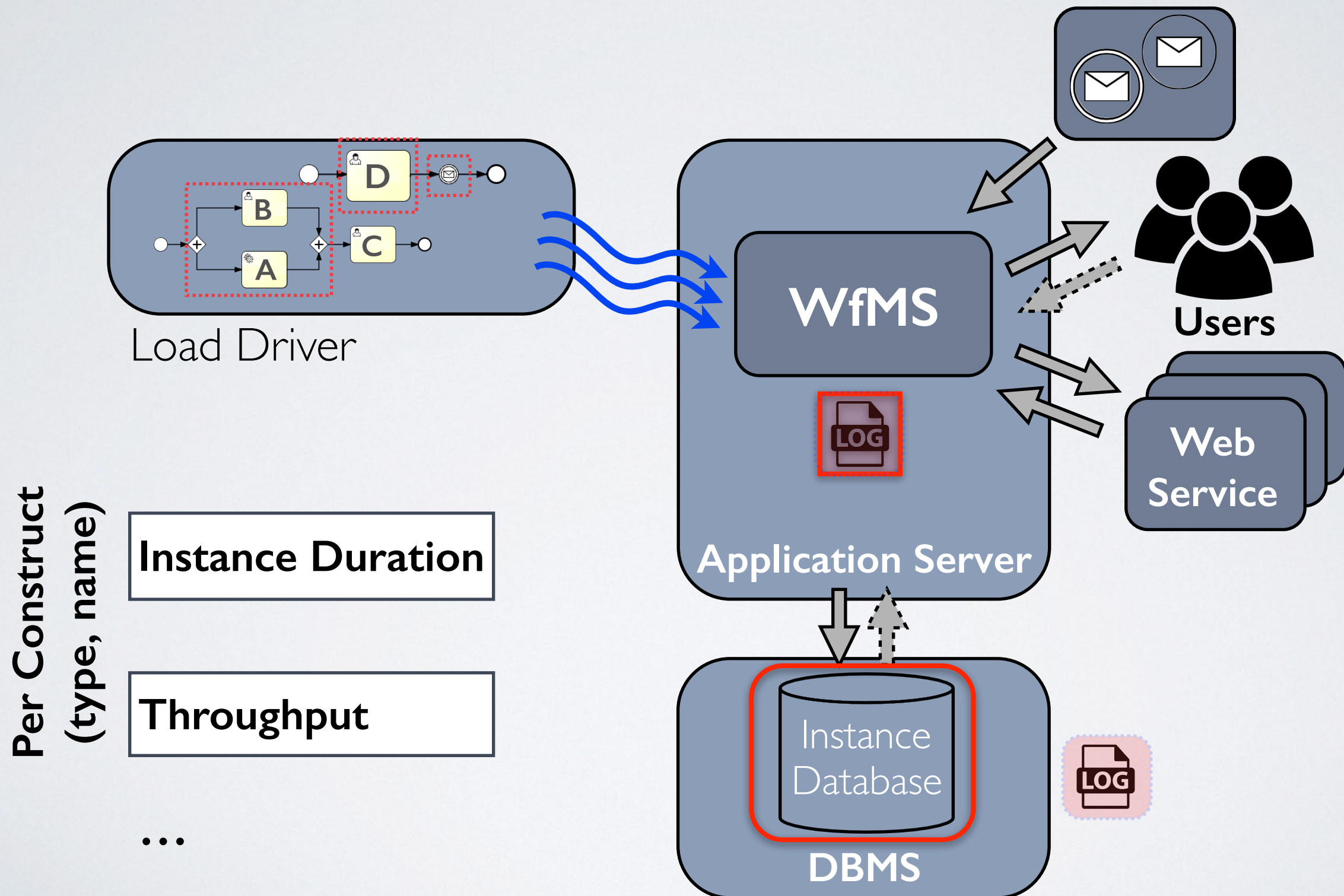
1402.33

WfMS C

1.78

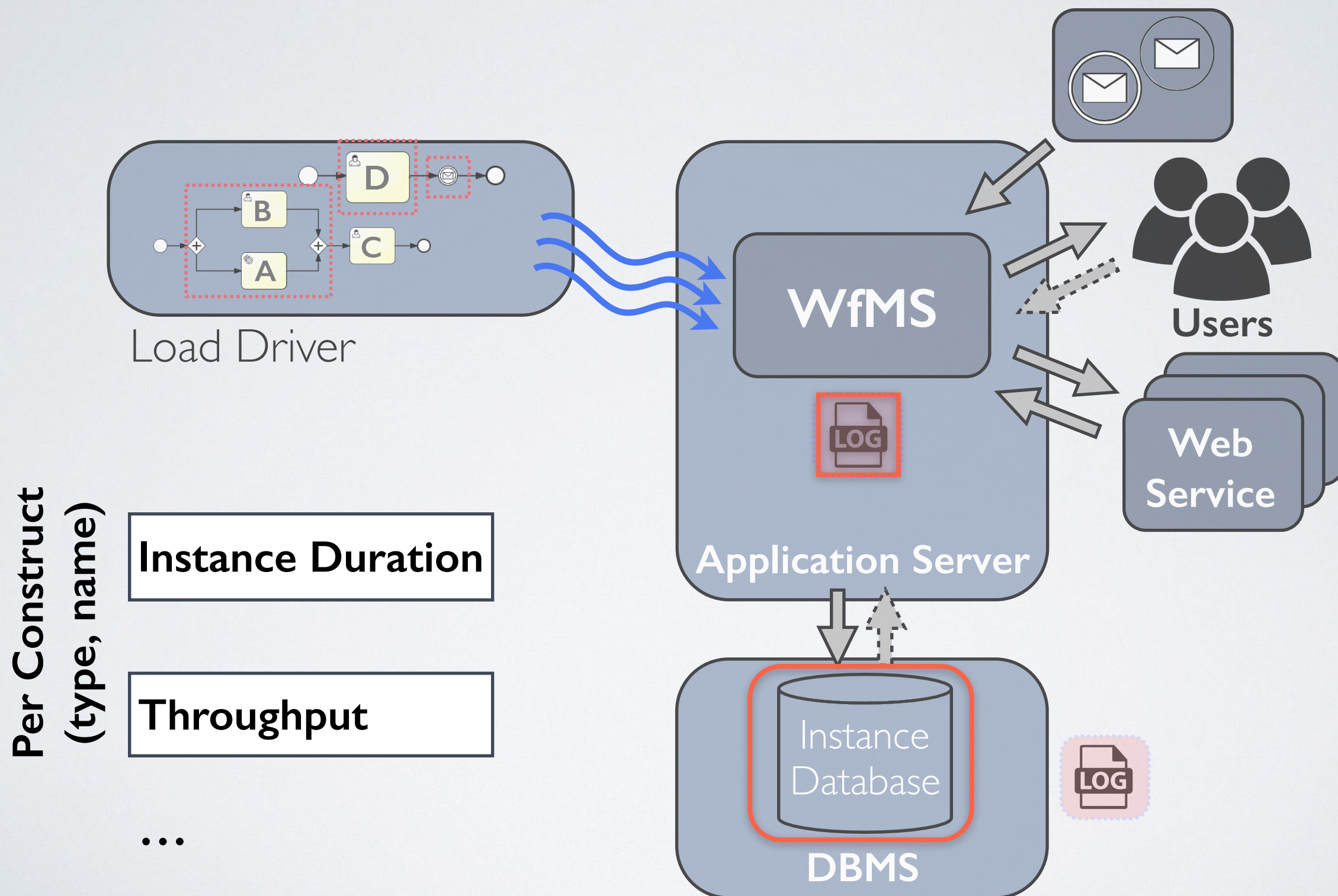
Computed Metrics and Statistics

feature level metrics



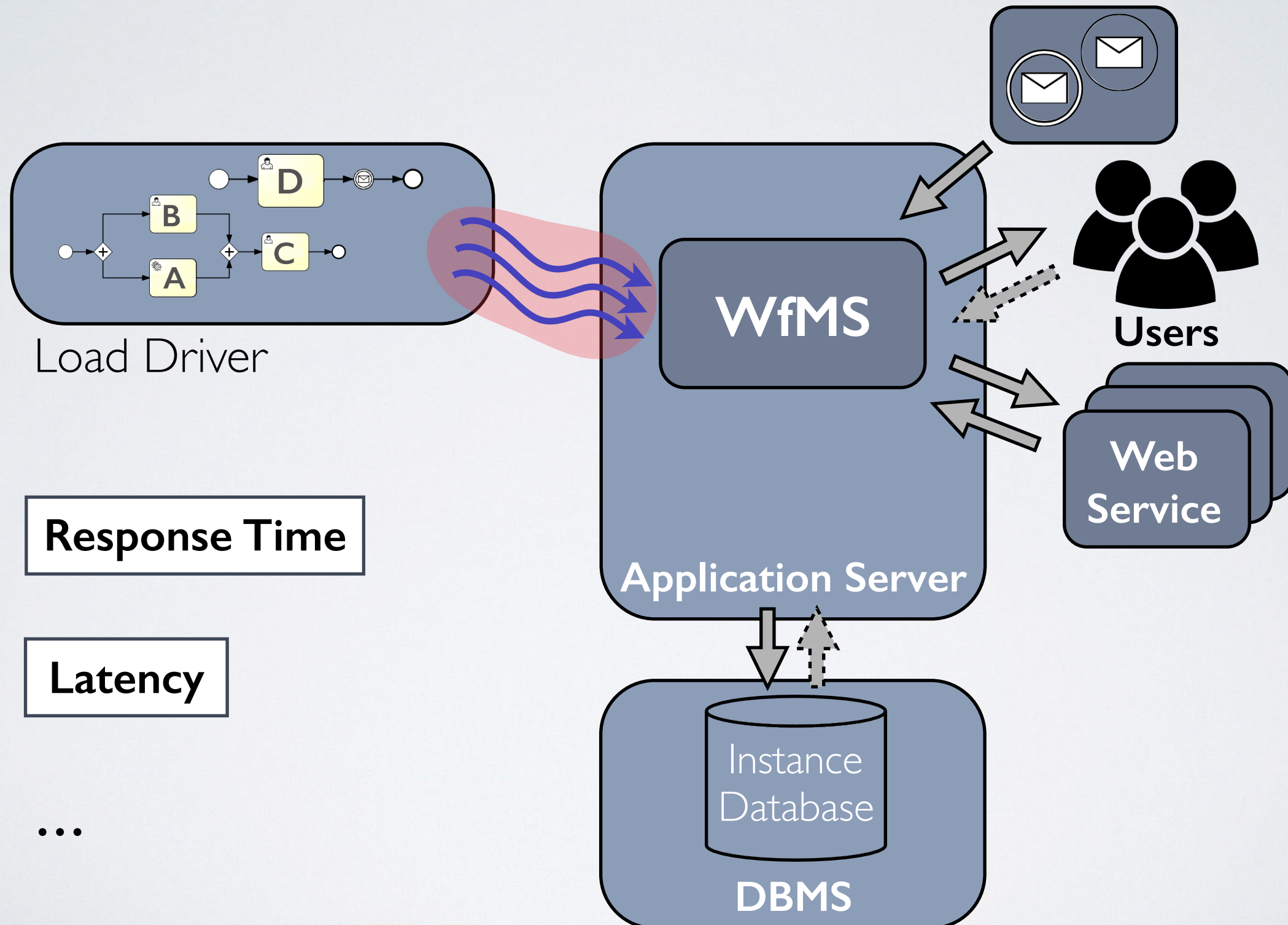
Computed Metrics and Statistics

feature level metrics



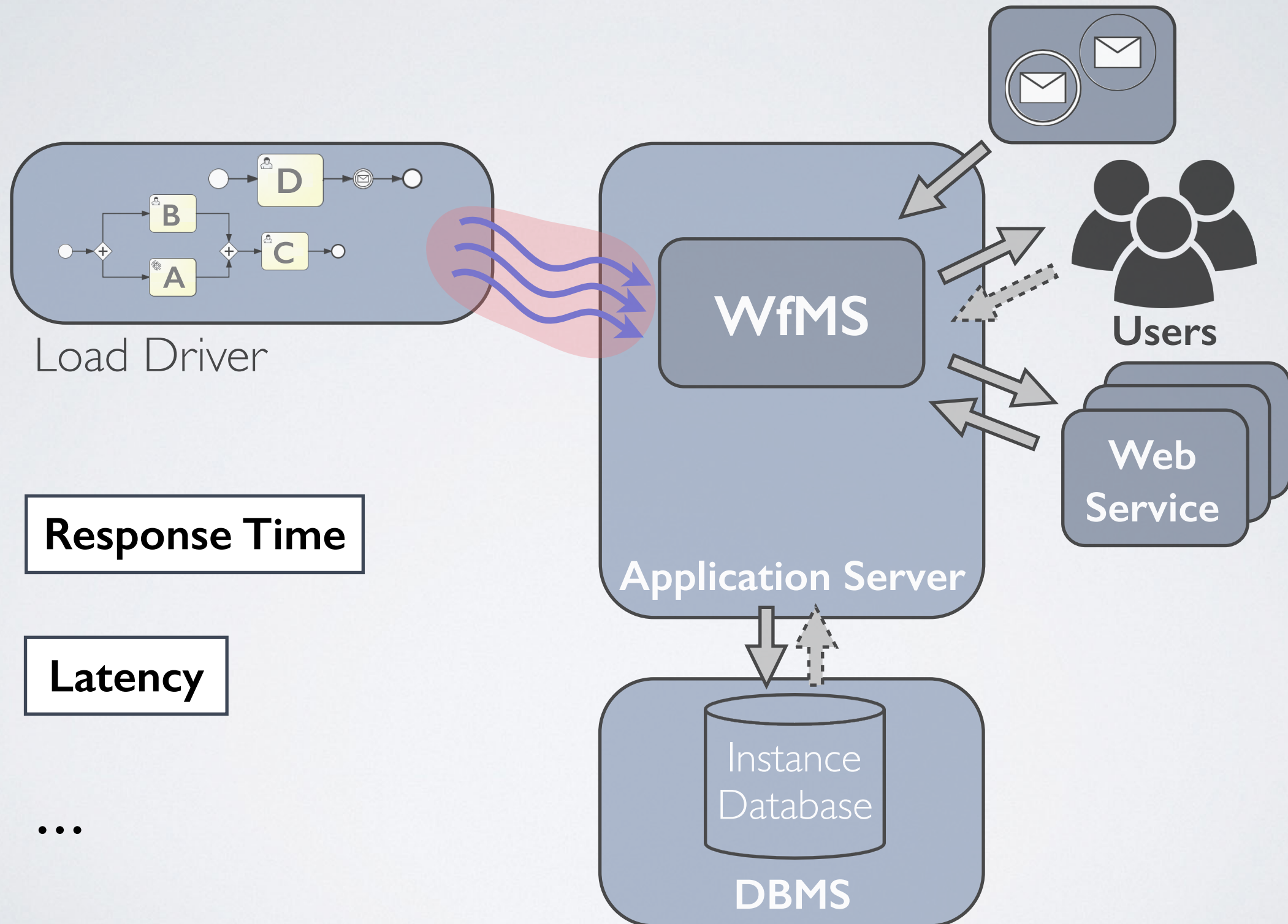
Computed Metrics and Statistics

interactions metrics



Computed Metrics and Statistics

interactions metrics



Computed Metrics and Statistics

descriptive and homogeneity statistics

- Descriptive Statistics (e.g., Mean, Confidence Interval, Standard Deviation, Percentiles, Quartiles, ...)
- Coefficient of Variation across trials
- Levene Test on trials